Neatly cut along the outside edge!

 $\rightarrow$  Thing: Candy 0  $\rightarrow$  Idea: Honesty

Noun: identifies a person, place, thing, or idea.  $\rightarrow$  Person: Mr. Smith → Place: Canada

#### PART OF SPEECH =2

- $\rightarrow$  State: is, has, been, am
- $\rightarrow$  Action: talk, walk, run
- Verb: expresses an action or state of being.

#### PART OF SPEECH -I

#### **PART OF SPEECH = 3**

Dogs → they Mailman → he sunou lo unou Louonu: takes the place of a

#### PARTS OF SPEECH al

How? tour, several, many Which? the, this, that What?? blue, poor, hopy a noun or pronoun. that answers a question from Adjective: a descriptive word

or <u>clauses</u>. form of single words, phrases, Adverbs can appear in the

 $f(pno) \leftarrow pno$ 

Caretul → caretully

how, or to what extent.

Adverbs usually, but not

Adverb: modifies a verb,

the questions: when, where,

adjective, or another adverb.

PART OF SPEECH =5

PARTS OF SPEECH

help to explain when a word

the eight parts of speech in

whether you realize it or not!

0

your everyday language,

1. Verb

2. Noun

Pronoun

Adverb

Adjective

Preposition

Conjunction

Interjection

3.

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

is best used. You already use

The eight parts of speech

always, end in -ly and answer

Quick -> quickly

and therefore → and, or, but, nor, tor, yet, words, phrases, or clauses. Conjunction: words that join

with a preposition.

**PART OF SPEECH =7** 

Note: never end a sentence

is a word that describes the

Preposition: in simplest terms,

**PART OF SPEECH =6** 

ui 'əpisəq 'ıəpun 'uo 🗲

position of an object.

iəseid to use the right word in the right of speech means you are able ∩uderstanding the eight parts

> ini rook Everything you need to know about the parts of speech

#### RHYME REVIEW

A noun's the name of anything

As school, or garden, or hoop, or swing. Adjectives tell the kind of noun,

As great, small, pretty, white, or brown.

Instead of nouns, the pronouns stand,

Her head, his face, your arm, my hand.

Verbs tell of something to be done, To read, count, sing, laugh, jump, or run

How things are done, the adverbs tell,

As slowly, quickly, ill or well.

Conjunctions join words together,

As men and women, wind or weather.

The preposition stands before,

A noun, as in, or through a door.

The interjection shows surprise,

As oh! how pretty - ah! how wise.

The whole are called the parts of speech,

Which reading, writing, speaking, teach.

-Alfred .T I awrence

#### **PART OF SPEECH =8**

strong teeling or emotion. interjection: expresses a

Note: interjections often stand jyono ← ј∕іән ← імом ←

are usually followed by an

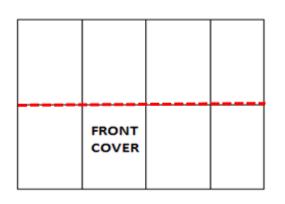
slone in a sentence and they

exclamation mark.

in one liftle book!

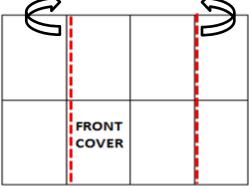


#### **STEP I:** Fold the MINI Book in Half by Making a Hotdog Fold.



#### STEP 2: OPEN IT UP AND MA

OPEN IT UP AND MAKE A SHUTTER FOLD (FOLDING OUTLINED SECTIONS BACK).

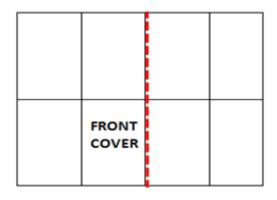


# STEP 5:

OPEN IT UP AND MAKE ANOTHER HOTDOG FOLD. THERE WILL NOW BE A CUT IN THE CENTER OF THE BOOK.

### STEP 3:

OPEN UP AGAIN AND FOLD THE BOOK IN HALF BY MAKING A HAMBURGER FOLD.

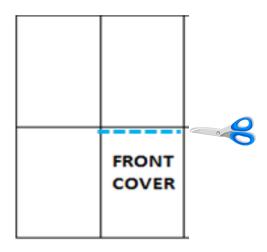


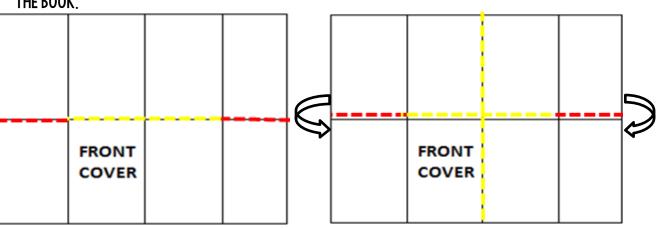
WHILE IN THE HOTDOG FOLD, TAKE BOTH ENDS

AND PINCH THEM TO MAKE A STAR SHAPE.

### STEP 4:

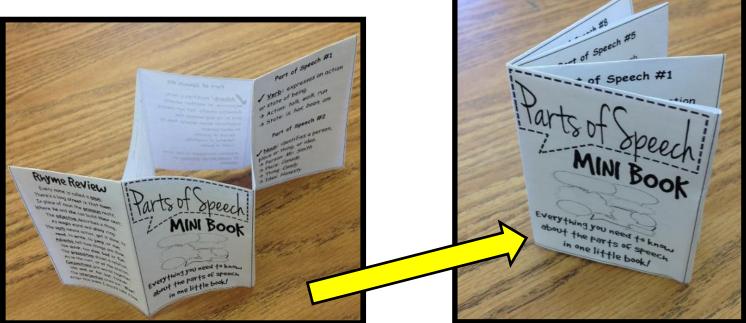
KEEPING THE HAMBURGER FOLD, CUT ALONG THE OUTLINED SECTION.





STEP 6:

#### **STEP 7:** AFTER MAKING THE STAR SHAPE, FOLD YOUR MINI BOOK!



# THANK YOU FOR YOUR INTEREST IN THIS PRODUCT. I HOPE THIS IS A HELPFUL RESOURCE FOR YOUR STUDENTS! I LOOK FORWARD TO HEARING YOUR FEEDBACK. 😳

http://www.teacherspayteachers.com/Store/The-Classroom-Sparrow

http://www.facebook.com/TheClassroomSparrow

p <u>http</u>

http://www.pinterest.com/classroomspar/

http://www.theclassroomsparrow.blogspot.ca/



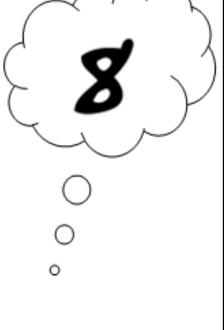
EMAIL ME A PICTURE OF
THIS MINI BOOK 'IN
ACTION' AND RECEIVE ANY
ITEM IN MY STORE (UP TO A
\$4.00 VALUE FOR <mark>free</mark> )

Everything you need to know about the parts of speech in one liffle book!

### PARTS OF SPEECH

The eight parts of speech help to explain **when** a word is <u>best</u> used. You already use the eight parts of speech in your everyday language, whether you realize it or not!

- 1. Verb
- 2. Noun
- 3. Pronoun
- 4. Adjective
- 5. Adverb
- 6. Proposition
- 7. Conjunction
- 8. Interjection



## Part of Speech #1

<u>Verb</u>: expresses an action
or state of being.
→ Action: *talk, walk, run* → State: *is, has, been, am*

#### Part of Speech #2

<u>Noun</u>: identifies a person,
place or thing, or idea.
→ Person: *Mr. Smith* → Place: *Canada* → Thing: *Candy* → Idea: *Honesty*

Part of Speech #3 Pronoun: takes the place of a noun or nouns. Mailman → he  $Dogs \rightarrow they$ Parts of Speech #4 Adjective: a descriptive word that answers a question from a noun or pronoun. What? *blue, poor, happy* Which? the, this, that How? four, several, many

# Part of Speech #5

Adverb: modifies a verb, adjective, or another adverb. Adverbs usually, but not always, end in -ly and answer the questions: when, where, how, or to what extent.

Quick → quickly Careful → carefully Loud → loudly

Adverbs ca*n* appear in the form of <u>single words</u>, <u>phrases</u>, or <u>clauses</u>.

# Part of Speech #6

Preposition: in simplest terms, is a word that describes the position of an object. → on, under, beside, in

Note: never end a sentence with a preposition.

## Part of Speech #7

<u>Conjunction</u>: words that join words, phrases, or clauses. → and, or, but, nor, for, yet, and therefore

#### Part of Speech #8

Interjection: expresses a

strong feeling or emotion.

- → Wow!
- $\rightarrow$  Hey!
- $\rightarrow$  Ouch!

<u>Note</u>: interjections often stand alone in a sentence and they are usually followed by an exclamation mark.

Understanding the eight parts of speech means you are able to use the right word in the right place!

# Rhyme Review

Every name is called a noun, There's a long street in that town; In place of noun the **pronoun** rests, Where **he** and **she** can build **their** nest: The **adjective** describes a thing, As magic wand and shiny ring; The verb means action, get it done, to read, to write, to jump, or run; <u>Adverbs</u> tell how things are done, like quick, too slow, bad or fun; The **preposition** shows a relation, As in the cart, or **at** the station; <u>Conjunctions</u> join words together, like and, or, for, but, forever ; The interjection cries out, 'Wow'! After this poem I should take a bow.