

## P6, exercise 1a answers

- 1 **full name** /fʊl neɪm/ = the first name, any middle names, and last name of a person  
**is short for** /ɪz ʃɔ:t fə/ = being a shorter form of a name
- 2 **initials** /'ɪnɪʃlz/ = the first letters of all of a person's names
- 3 **maiden name** /'meɪdn neɪm/ = a woman's family name before marriage  
**married name** /'mærid neɪm/ = when a person takes the last name of his / her spouse
- 4 **nickname** /'nɪkneɪm/ = an informal, often humorous, name for a person that is connected with their real name, their personality or appearance, or with sth they have done  
**changed her name** /tʃeɪndʒd hə neɪm/ = got a different name
- 5 **pseudonym** /'su:dənɪm/ = a name used by sb, especially a writer, instead of their real name
- 6 **is named after** /ɪz neɪmd 'a:ftə/ = to be given the name of a person or place
- 7 **first name** /'fɜ:st neɪm/ = a name that was given to you when you were born, that comes before your family name  
**middle name** /mɪdl 'neɪm/ = a name that comes between your first name and your family name
- 8 **'s called** /z kɔ:ld/ = having a particular name  
**for short** /fə ʃɔ:t/ = being a shorter form of a name

## P6, exercise 2b answers

- 1 Chris **B** (short for Christopher **M** or Christina / Christine **W**), Bill **M** (short for William), Linda **W**, Diana **W**
- 2 Peter **M**, Steve **M** (short for Stephen / Steven), Emily **W**, Eve **W**
- 3 Alex **B** (short for Alexander **M** or Alexandra **W**), Amy **W**, Andrew **M**, Anna **W**
- 4 George **M**, Paula **W**, Charlotte **W**, Sean **M**
- 5 Adele **W**, Edward **M**, Leo **M** (short for Leonard / Leonardo), Jessica **W**
- 6 Sam **B** (short for Samuel **M** or Samantha **W**), Grace **W**, James **M**, Kate **W** (short for Catherine / Katherine)
- 7 Tony **M** (short for Anthony), Joe **M** (short for Joseph), Nicole **W**, Sophie **W**
- 8 Caroline **W**, Mia **W**, Mike **M** (short for Michael), Simon **M**

## P7, exercise 3b answers

Yeon Seok: Korean male first name

Rakhmaninov: Russian (male) surname

López Ramírez: Spanish-speaking country surname

Aarushi: Indian female first name

Li: Chinese surname

Abdul Ahad: Afghan (Arabic) male first name

Jones: British surname

## **P7, exercise 3c answers**

**1** Korea and China    **2** Afghanistan

**3** Spanish-speaking countries    **4** Russia

**5** the UK    **6** India

## **P7, exercise 4a answers**

1 Sean ✓    2 Deborah    3 Khari ✓    4 Anya ✓

## P7, exercise 4b answers

- |           |  |
|-----------|--|
| Speaker 1 | 1 He was named after Sean Connery.<br>2 At school he was nicknamed ‘Gibbo’ because of his surname, Gibson.<br>3 He wouldn’t like to change it.   |
| Speaker 2 | 1 She was named after a hospital in New Jersey.<br>2 No, but people call her Debbie or Deb for short.<br>3 She doesn’t know.   |
| Speaker 3 | 1 His mum called him after a place – a monastery in Nepal. It was also the name of the lama / head priest there.<br>2 He doesn’t have a nickname.<br>3 He wouldn’t like to change his name because it’s unique and he’s proud of it. |
| Speaker 4 | 1 Because her dad is half Polish and her parents wanted a Polish name.<br>2 She has a nickname, but she doesn’t want to say what it is.<br>3 She wouldn’t like to change it.   |

## P8, exercise 5b answers

The designer Michael Cronan chose *kindle* because its meaning reminded him of the feeling people get when reading. Also, Victor Hugo, the French novelist, wrote ‘to read is to light a fire’.

## P8, exercise 5c answers

them = Kindle eBook readers    it = Kindle eBook reader

him = Michael Cronan    he = Jeff Bezos

it = the word *kindle*    their = people

## P8, exercise 6a answers

- A Burberry /'bɜ:bəri/ fashion items, e.g. raincoats, scarves, etc.
- B Ferrari /fe'ra:ri:/ cars and related merchandising
- C Vodafone /'vəʊdəfəʊn/ mobile phone networks
- D Samsung /'sæmsʌŋ/ electronic products
- E Nivea /nɪ'veɪə/ cosmetics
- F Nike /'naɪki:/ sportswear
- G Starbucks /'sta:bʌks/ coffee and coffee shops
- H Bluetooth /'blu:tʊθ/ wi-fi technology

## P8, exercise 6e answers

- 1 *Microcomputer and software*
- 2 1938
- 3 Blue Ribbon Sports
- 4 Because an advertising agency said they were powerful letters
- 5 *H and B*

## P9, exercise 7c answers

- 1 Quercus; the word is from the Latin name for the oak tree. Quercus raised £6,342 from 86 people.
- 2 IQ bars; IQ means ‘Intelligence Quotient’. IQ bars raised \$73,664 from 1,500 people.
- 3 Pixl; the word is from a pixel which is a small individual coloured square on a computer screen – together these form the whole display. Pixl raised \$225,017 from 4,018 people.

## **P11, exercise 3d answers**

1 white   2 orange   3 black   4 yellow   5 blue   6 purple  
7 red   8 pink   9 brown   10 green

## **P12, exercise 5c answers**

- 1 the saddest    2 the most positive    3 the most popular, the best    4 the furthest (or farthest)    5 the most generous  
6 the most boring

## **P12, exercise 6b answers**

c the study

## P12, exercise 6c answers

	<b>Suitable colours</b>
a bedroom	pink, blue, green, purple
a living room	green, brown
a dining room	red, orange
a kitchen	yellow
a study	purple, blue
a bathroom	blue

Not suitable for bedrooms: red, yellow, white

## P13, exercise 6d answers

- 1 Because, as it's a strong colour, it might be too much or give people headaches.
- 2 Pink can be a 'girly' colour, so adding grey or black will make it attractive to more people.
- 3 Because it can make a room look smaller.
- 4 It apparently discourages insects.
- 5 If it's all one shade of purple, it can make it difficult for people to relax.
- 6 Only green can make people feel lazy and fall asleep.
- 7 Brown on its own can be boring, so blue and green add extra mental stimulation.
- 8 People with white bedrooms work in bed a lot (and don't relax).
- 9 It's a dramatic colour and can work in any room in moderation.

## **P13, exercise 6e answers**

beige = pale brown

cream = pale yellow

khaki = dark green

maroon = dark brownish-red (brownish = quite brown)

navy = dark blue

scarlet = bright red

turquoise = bright blue / green

## **P14, exercise 1a answers**

Andrew helps Jenny when she drops her bags, and carries one of them for her.

Her suitcase hasn't arrived.

## P14, exercise 1b answers

1 T

2 F (He was doing research.)

3 F (He's working in Alaska.)

4 T

5 F (His surname is Page.)

6 T

## P14, exercise 2a answers

- 1 Ten days
- 2 Greyish blue and hard plastic; medium size with wheels; it has a small lock, and a label with her name and phone number on it
- 3 Clothes, toiletries, and all her personal belongings
- 4 Up to 24 hours

## **P15, exercise 3a answers**

Her laptop isn't working properly, possibly because of a virus.

## P15, exercise 3b answers

- 1 No, he isn't because it's been snowing all day and he hasn't left the hotel.
- 2 Tea
- 3 Henry's because she thinks her laptop has a virus
- 4 Rob's cousin
- 5 Tomorrow, so that he can fix her computer
- 6 A pair of his pyjamas

## **P15, exercise 3b answers**

Selina Lavelle is Grant's boss.

## P16, exercise 1a answers

A *city break* is a short holiday spent in a city. People typically spend a few days sightseeing, going to museums or other local attractions, and eating out.

## **P16, exercise 2a answers**

**slippers:** The first s = /s/; the final s = /z/.

**scissors:** The first s = /s/; the double s and final s = /z/.

## P16, exercise 2c answers

**snake** /s/ flip-flops, passport, swimsuit, sunscreen,  
toothpaste

**zebra** /z/ batteries, cards, pyjamas, razor, visa

## **P16, exercise 2d answers**

s is never pronounced /z/ at the beginning of a word.

## P16, exercise 2f answers

after *ch*, *sh*, *se*, *ss*, and *x* (also when a word ends in *ce*,  
as in *pieces*, or *ge*, as in *pages*)

## **P17, exercise 3c answers**

- 10 passports
- 9 flip-flops
- 8 mobiles
- 7 toothbrushes
- 6 toothpaste
- 5 sunglasses
- 4 a good book

The top three are:

- 3 sunscreen
- 2 phone chargers
- 1 comfortable shoes

## P17, exercise 3f answers

- 1 Put them back in the cupboard.
- 2 Clothes, souvenirs, presents for the family
- 3 At the top of your suitcase
- 4 a) Roll T-shirts. b) Fold shirts.
- 5 All together in a separate bag, in your hand luggage
- 6 Socks and underwear
- 7 Your washbag, your laptop or tablet, and anything you might need to put on a separate tray at Security
- 8 You might lose your phone, or it may run out of battery when you need to show the documents.

## P18, exercise 5a answers

- 1 I'm wearing (It's happening now.)
- 2 I look like (*look like* is a non-action verb, not normally used in the continuous)
- 3 ✓ (The present simple can be used to talk about future events that are part of a timetable. The present continuous can be used for a future arrangement.)
- 4 I'm reading (It's happening now.)
- 5 I'm having (*have* is an action verb here, and is in the continuous to show the action is happening now.)

## **P18, exercise 5e answers**

### **Holidays**

Do you prefer summer holidays or winter holidays?

Why?

Which places are you thinking about going to for your next holiday?

Why do you want to go there?

### **Weekends**

What do you usually do at the weekend?

What are you doing this weekend?

### **Today**

What time does this class finish? Where are you going after class today?

What are you doing this evening? Where are you having dinner?

## P19, exercise 6d answers

- 1 **whatever the reason** /wɒt'evə də 'ri:zn/ = for lots of different reasons
- 2 **get your revenge on** /get jɔ: rɪ'vendʒ ɒn/ = do sth to make sb suffer because they have made you suffer
- 3 **goes completely out the window**  
/gəʊz kəm'pli:tli:t̬t̬ aut də 'windəʊ/ = disappears completely
- 4 **have the urge** /hav də ɜ:dʒ/ = have a strong desire to do sth
- 5 **develop a magnetic pull** /dɪ'veləp ə mag'netɪk pul/ = have a powerful attraction

## **P20, exercise 1d answers**

- 1 children's books
- 2 Carlos's / Carlos' present
- 3 Marta's
- 4 your husband's new car
- 5 my sister's sweater
- 6 My two daughters' friends

## **P20, exercise 2d answers**

- 1 Chris and Peter made their own website.
- 2 Our local shops don't deliver at weekends.
- 3 My French teacher lives near our house.
- 4 Is that all your own work?
- 5 They're Sam and Andy's parents.

## **P21, exercise 3c answers**

### **Speaker 1**

You can do your shopping in your pyjamas...

If something isn't right, it can be a problem sending it back or getting it changed.

### **Speaker 2**

Online shops are open 24/7.

Clothes and shoes often don't fit...

### **Speaker 3**

You don't have to carry heavy bags any more.

Things are often bigger or smaller than you wanted because you didn't read the detailed description.

### **Speaker 4**

You can buy things from shops that aren't near you.

It's easy to send presents to people.

You can't feel things or see exactly what they look like.

### **Speaker 5**

You don't have to push your way through crowds of people.

Your shopping is always delivered when you're out.

## **P22, exercise 5a answers**

- A in a chemist's, sells medicines
- B in a butcher's, sells meat
- C in a car showroom, sells cars
- D at a beauty counter (in a department store),  
sells make-up and beauty products

## P22, exercise 5c answers

- 1 **A stationer's** sells stationery (= paper, pens, envelopes, etc.).  
**A newsagent's** sells newspapers, magazines, sweets, cigarettes, etc.
- 2 **A dry cleaner's** cleans things that can't be put in a washing machine, e.g. coats, dresses, duvets, curtains, etc.  
**A launderette** is a place where you can pay to do your washing or sometimes have your washing done.
- 3 **An estate agent's** sells and rents out houses.  
**A travel agent's** sells holidays and plane / train tickets.
- 4 **The shop's closing** means it's time for people to stop shopping, as the shop will no longer be open.  
**The shop's closing down** means it's stopping trading or doing business.

## **P22, exercise 6b answers**

The article is about how bookseller James Daunt managed to stop a chain of high street bookshops called Waterstones closing down in spite of huge competition from the online retailer Amazon.

## **P23, exercise 7b answers**

Whereas a normal market sells a lot of products, a farmers' market sells locally produced food directly to the customers.

## P24, Pronunciation exercise c answers

- 1 **easy** /eɪz/
- 2 **headphones** /eɪdfoʊnəz/
- 3 **scissors** /sɪsəz/
- 4 **chemist's** /kɛmɪstz/
- 5 **stall** /ɔːl/

**P25, CAN YOU understand this text? exercise a  
answers**

Elephant & Castle and Piccadilly Circus

## P27, exercise 2b answers

- 1 11 years
- 2 You don't have children and live in your own house, and are not financially independent.
- 3 They both show that you're a grown-up.

## **P27, exercise 3b answers**

- 1 It's a sound that only people under 25 can hear.
- 2 No, neither of them could hear it.

## **P27, exercise 3c answers**

It's being used in shopping centres to keep teenage gangs away.

Not everybody is in favour of it; some people are against it.

## P27, exercise 3d answers

- 1 They cause trouble, annoy other customers, and frighten them away.
- 2 They say it has worked very well for them, and that it doesn't hurt the teenagers.
- 3 Because they worry that the sound might be harmful, and because it affects all teenagers, not just gangs.
- 4 It just makes teenagers go somewhere else.
- 5 They are using it as a ringtone for their phones at school.

## **P28, exercise 5b answers**

- 1 Alex
- 2 David
- 3 Stephen
- 4 Magda

## P28, exercise 5c answers

- 1 used to like
- 2 ✓
- 3 was holding
- 4 started
- 5 used to have
- 6 went
- 7 ✓
- 8 always hated

## P28, exercise 6d answers

- 1 I worked as a waiter last summer. (Past)
- 2 We often play video games on Saturday evenings. (Present)
- 3 We lived in America for six months. (Past)
- 4 I watched too much TV last night. (Past)
- 5 I usually cook at weekends. (Present)
- 6 I look like my sister. (Present)

## **P28, exercise 6e answers**

Content words like verbs, nouns, and adjectives are usually stressed.

Prepositions, pronouns, and auxiliary verbs are usually unstressed.

## **P30, exercise 1a answers**

It was taken in Rio de Janeiro in Brazil.

## **P30, exercise 1b answers**

Because people are risking their lives to take the ultimate selfie.

## **P32, exercise 6a answers**

No, Kate's photo (speaker 3) was not taken by her.

## P32, exercise 6b answers

### **Speaker 1 (Chris)**

- 1 In Uganda. She took it.
- 2 With two friends
- 3 She was working for a charity there and they decided to go and see the mountain gorillas. After walking for two hours in the mountains, they had just found the gorillas.
- 4 It reminds her of the amazing experience.
- 5 She keeps it on her computer as her desktop background.

### **Speaker 2 (Tom)**

- 1 Australia. He took it.
- 2 He was visiting his girlfriend Roz.
- 3 They were walking along a beach and the sun was setting.
- 4 Because he had great memories of that place, and he likes the silhouettes and light on the sea and sand.
- 5 He has it printed and framed on a wall in their house.

### **Speaker 3 (Kate)**

- 1 In Devon in the UK. Another walker took it.
- 2 With her partner and friends
- 3 They had just walked to the top of a hill. The weather had been really bad, but when they got to the top, the sun came out.
- 4 Because it's colourful and they all look happy
- 5 She has it as her Facebook profile (homepage) photo and it's on her phone and iPad.

## **P34, exercise 1a answers**

He wants to take her to his nephew Luke's house in Oxford.

He can't because two of the tyres are flat / punctured.  
She's going to take the bus.

## **P34, exercise 1b answers**

- 1** has been found   **2** will like Luke   **3** has two flat tyres
- 4** vandals   **5** knows   **6** rent a car **7** make dinner for Henry
- 8** doesn't wait

## P34, exercise 2a answers

- 1 Nine days
- 2 A Vauxhall Corsa (*Vauxhall* is what this brand of cars is called in the UK; in many other countries it is called *Opel*)
- 3 At the airport

## P35, exercise 3a answers

- a) Jenny's laptop is still with Luke, who needs more time to fix it.
- b) Her suitcase has arrived at Henry's house, but the lock is broken.

She hears on the news that Andrew Page, the man she met at the airport, has been attacked and is now in hospital in a critical condition.

## P35, exercise 3b answers

- 1 F (Henry isn't at home.)
- 2 T
- 3 F (She thinks it's really weird.)
- 4 F (Luke thinks Henry has probably gone for a walk.)
- 5 F (He's very punctual.)
- 6 T
- 7 F (Henry still isn't home.)
- 8 F (She phones Rob because she needs to talk to him.)

## **P36, exercise 1b answers**

- 1 food waste
- 2 goes to waste
- 3 supply
- 4 supply chain
- 5 surplus

## **P36, exercise 2a answers**

bike /aɪ/ reapply, recycle, require, sell-by, site, supply

train /eɪ/ away, date, replay, tray, waste

## P36, exercise 2d answers

**train** /eɪ/ break, neighbour, straight, survey, weight

**bike** /aɪ/ buy, climate, eyes, flight, guy, height, wi-fi

## P37, exercise 3c answers

- 1 Because she lived on a farm as a child, and learned how much hard work goes into producing food.
- 2 She was moving from Switzerland and packing up her flat, and she didn't want to throw away good food.
- 3 She was very excited.

## **P37, exercise 3d answers**

In the UK, the average family throws away **£700 worth of food** each year.

**One in three people** feel really terrible when they throw away good food.

They invited **12 people** from the research survey, who said they hated throwing away good food, to join a closed WhatsApp group.

They asked them to post photos of any surplus food they had into the group for **two weeks**, and see if anyone wanted it.

The first item someone posted was **half a bag of onions!**

They launched the OLIO app on **9th July 2015**.

Now the app is being used in **41 countries**.

A man messaged Tessa to say that someone had collected his vegetables **within an hour** after he posted on OLIO.

## P38, exercise 6c answers

- 1 The bottles can be recycled, but the caps can't.
- 2 The white plastic tray can be recycled, but the black tray can't.
- 3 The glittery paper can't be recycled, but the one without glitter can.
- 4 The glass jar can be recycled, but the plastic pouch can't.
- 5 The pump-action bottle can be recycled, but the tube can't.
- 6 '4' means the packaging contains polyethylene, which can only be recycled in some centres.

## **P40, exercise 1a answers**

**school:** classroom, head teacher, pupil

**university:** campus, degree, graduate, professor

**applying for a job:** CV, experience, qualifications, reference

## P40, exercise 1e answers

- 1 **An undergraduate** is somebody studying for a first degree at university. **A postgraduate** is somebody who is studying for a further degree.
- 2 **A Master's degree** is a one-year postgraduate qualification.  
**A PhD** is a three-year (or more) postgraduate qualification.
- 3 **A campus** is the buildings and land of a college or university.  
**A hall of residence** is a building where university students live while they are studying.
- 4 **A professor** is a highly ranked teacher at university.  
**A tutor** is a university teacher who pays special attention to the studies of a group of students.
- 5 **A seminar** is a university class where students discuss or study with their teacher. **A webinar** is a seminar conducted over the internet.
- 6 **A tutorial** is a class with a very small group of students.  
**A lecture** is a class where a large group of students listen to a talk, but do not participate.
- 7 **Qualifications** are exams that you have passed or a course of study that you have successfully completed. **Skills** are things that you can do well (e.g. speak a language).
- 8 **A CV** is a record of your education and work experience that you send when you apply for a job.  
**A covering letter / email** is a letter / email that you send with your CV when you apply for a job, usually explaining why you are applying.

## **P40, exercise 3b answers**

Internships are paid if you're being trained, or producing work, but they are not paid if they are considered work experience.

Internships are a good thing, according to the article.

## **P41, exercise 3d answers**

Rosie was paid £15 a day for lunch and transport in one internship.

Lauren was paid her travel expenses and her lunch in her last internship, but nothing in her previous ones.

## P41, exercise 3e answers

### Rosie

**The kind of work:** fashion design / hat-making

**The good side:** learned a lot about designing and making clothes; enjoyed seeing her hats in the newspaper

**The bad side:** didn't get paid much; hard work; had to work late; had to work in a bar as well

### Lauren

**The kind of work:** publicity / public relations

**The good side:** paid travel expenses and lunch; learned a lot; experience helped when she applied for jobs

**The bad side:** worked very long hours; earned no money; had to work in a pub; had to do the work of her manager; wasn't paid for using her own phone; was promised jobs at the end, but wasn't offered one

## **P41, exercise 4a answers**

The first person, Simon, has a real possibility of getting the job.

## P42, exercise 5b answers

- A (Sir Ranulph Fiennes) It's too long ago to know if I actually learned anything from the experience.
- B (Russell Kane) I doubt that a Saturday job really teaches you anything.
- C (Tony Ross) I learned the basics of working for money, like arriving on time and enjoying it no matter what.
- D (Clive Stafford Smith) I've learned various important things from that job.
- E (Adele Parks) I am good at talking and telling stories, and I think I learned it there...

Tony Ross is the most positive about his part-time job.

## P43, exercise 7a answers

She wants to be a classical singer.

While she was working part-time as an usher at the Wigmore Hall, Milly was asked to go on stage at short notice (in fact, because one of the performers was ill). The concert was a success and her story appeared in the press, which was good for her future career, and has inspired her to carry on.

## P43, exercise 7b answers

- 1 F (She is studying at the Royal College of Music.)
- 2 F (She isn't from a very musical family and she doesn't know where her voice has come from.)
- 3 T
- 4 T
- 5 F (She looks after the audience, checks tickets, etc.)
- 6 F (She had three days to prepare.)
- 7 F (The audience smiled and clapped a lot.)
- 8 F (After the concert everything went back to normal.)
- 9 T
- 10 T

## P44, Pronunciation exercise c answers

- 1 jar /dʒ/
- 2 lecture /tʃ/
- 3 work permit /ɜː/
- 4 vacancy /eɪ/
- 5 apply /aɪ/

## **P45, CAN YOU understand this text? exercise b answers**

- 1 F (He sells food in boxes or jars and people bring their own containers.)
- 2 F (They haven't always been interested in environmental issues before.)
- 3 T
- 4 F (There's a plastic-free shop in London.)
- 5 F (The food industry is no longer saying that recycling will solve the problem.)
- 6 T
- 7 T
- 8 T

## P47, exercise 3b answers

- 2 **'two-screen'** watch a TV programme or series on one device while using another at the same time
- 3 **catch-up** a service that allows you to watch television programmes after the time when they were originally broadcast
- 4 **binge watched** watch several episodes of a TV series one after the other
- 5 **streaming** a method of sending or receiving data over a computer network
- 6 **channels** a television station
- 7 **contestants** a person who takes part in a game, quiz, or competition

## P47, exercise 3d answers

### **Speaker 1**

He watches TV programmes on a television, laptop, or iPad at home. And if he's out, maybe on his phone.

### **Speaker 2**

She often checks emails or does online shopping while watching TV.

### **Speaker 3**

He watches live TV and catch-up, but more catch-up.

### **Speaker 4**

She doesn't binge-watch very often, but she once watched 8 episodes of a series (*Mad Men*).

### **Speaker 5**

He uses a streaming service, like Netflix. He likes being able to watch old films and TV series that he didn't watch when they first came out.

### **Speaker 6**

She watches YouTube if she has a problem and wants to find out how to fix it and for recipes.

### **Speaker 7**

She has sometimes voted for contestants on *Strictly Come Dancing*, and once voted for a contestant who was auditioning for a TV show.

## P47, exercise 4b answers

- 1 the present perfect for a period of time from the past until now
- 2 the past simple for finished past time
- 3 the present perfect for a period of time from the past until now
- 4 the past simple for finished past time
- 5 the present perfect with *just* for recent past time
- 6 the present perfect for past experiences without saying when
- 7 the past simple for finished past time

## **P50, exercise 1a answers**

- 1 Because people are leaving to go and work in the cities and birth rates are falling.

## P50, exercise 1d answers

- 1 It was in ruins, with only 70 inhabitants.
- 2 He was a Swedish-Italian millionaire who visited the village.  
His idea was to buy the houses and restore the buildings as hotel rooms.
- 3 He buys everything for the hotel rooms from local people, including food and room accessories, so he is keeping local crafts and the economy alive.
- 4 Now people are using the houses, and the economy has been revived; the village is alive again.

## **P51, exercise 2a answers**

The photo shows a village in Turkey.

## P51, exercise 2c answers

- 1 It was very beautiful; the coast wasn't far away.
- 2 There was no running water or electricity, and only one shop.  
There wasn't much choice of things to do and buy.
- 3 In Istanbul
- 4 The fresh food, fresh fish, the peace and quiet

## P51, exercise 3a answers

- 1 S (tree /i:/)
- 2 D: bush (bull /ʊ/), mud (up /ʌ/)
- 3 S (car /ɑ:/)
- 4 D: grow (phone /əʊ/), cow (owl /aʊ/)
- 5 S (fish /ɪ/)
- 6 D: rock (clock /ɒ/), stone (phone /əʊ/)
- 7 D: lamb (cat /a/), grass (car /ɑ:/)
- 8 S (tree /i:/)

## **P52, exercise 4b answers**

**Liz**

She wanted somewhere quieter, simpler, more beautiful to live.

**Bob**

He and his wife had stressful jobs; they had often talked about moving to the country.

## **P52, exercise 4c answers**

Bob stayed, and Liz moved back to London.

## P53, exercise 5a answers

- 1 I'm fixing (We use the present continuous for actions that are in progress now. The man is in the middle of fixing the tractor.)
- 2 I've been working (We use the present perfect continuous for continuous or repeated actions that started in the past and have either just finished or are still in progress. Here the man has been working in the fields all day and has just stopped.)

## **P54, exercise 1a answers**

Rob tells Jenny she should go to the police. He also tells her to go and stay at Luke's flat and to go to the police with him.

## **P54, exercise 1b answers**

- 1 Yes, she is because she saw his picture on the news and he told her his name.
- 2 At seven
- 3 It's a little after nine. Rob is worried because Henry is usually really punctual.
- 4 She says it feels strange.
- 5 She doesn't think she'll be able to sleep in Henry's house.

## **P54, exercise 2a answers**

The police officer asks how long Henry's been missing; for his description; the time when Jenny last saw him; what he was wearing; what his plans were for the day; about his normal routine.

They describe Henry as 62, average height and build, grey hair, glasses, brown eyes; last seen wearing a brown jacket, dark green shirt, and jeans.

## **P55, exercise 3a answers**

The good news is that Luke has managed to get into the laptop.

The bad news is that Henry has been kidnapped by people who want the laptop.

## P56, exercise 1c answers

- 1 **A cup** is a small container shaped like a bowl, usually with a handle, used for hot drinks like tea and coffee, whereas **a glass** is a container made of glass, usually used for cold drinks.
- 2 **A plate** is a round, flat dish that you eat food off, whereas **a saucer** is a small, shallow round dish that a cup stands on.
- 3 **A jug** is a container with a handle and a lip, for holding and pouring liquids, whereas **a mug** is a tall cup for drinking from, usually with straight sides and a handle, used without a saucer.
- 4 **A tablecloth** is a piece of material used to cover a table, whereas **a napkin** is a piece of material or paper used at meals to protect your clothes, and clean your lips and fingers.
- 5 **A plate** is a round, flat dish that you eat food off, whereas **a dish** is a flat, shallow container for serving from.
- 6 **A meal** is an occasion when people sit down to eat food, whereas **a course** is any of the separate parts of a meal.
- 7 **Lay the table** is to arrange knives, forks, plates, etc. on a table, ready for a meal, whereas **clear the table** is to take away the dirty plates, etc. after a meal.
- 8 **Take an order** is when the waiter writes down what the customer wants, whereas **order food** is when the customer asks the waiter for food.

## **P56, exercise 2a answers**

It stands for *and*.

It is written like that to reflect the pronunciation of *and* when it is unstressed (/ən/).

## **P56, exercise 3b answers**

He sympathizes with restaurant staff – the article says ‘the waiters are often innocent victims’ of bad management; they are often overworked.

## **P56, exercise 3d answers**

*over-* = more than necessary

*under-* = less than necessary

## **P57, exercise 4a answers**

**Speaker 1:** grilled sardines, fried sardines

**Speaker 2:** lasagne

**Speaker 3:** wheat, onions, a plain omelette

## P57, exercise 4b answers

	1	2	3
Was the speaker a waiter or a customer?	A customer.	A customer.	A waiter.
Where did the incident happen?	At a restaurant in Portugal.	At a famous brasserie in Paris.	At a restaurant in London.
What is the speaker complaining about?	That they were charged for food they hadn't ordered but the waiter gave them by mistake.	That they had to wait for their food for ages and then the waiters were aggressive when they asked about the food.	The very small tip a woman left even though he had gone to a lot of trouble with the complicated food orders.
What happened in the end?	He took the fried sardines off the bill after a long argument.	They got their food, ate it, and left.	He left the tip on the table.

## **P59, exercise 6a answers**

tip = gratuity

bill = check

waiter or waitress = server

note = bill

## **P59, exercise 6b answers**

You don't have to tip if the service is absolutely terrible, if the bill says 'gratuity included', or for fast food / takeaway coffee.

## **P59, exercise 7a answers**

- A hairdresser, cuts people's hair
- B taxi driver, drives people to their destination
- C porter, carries luggage
- D masseur, gives massages
- E bar tender, makes drinks
- F tour guide, takes people on tours
- G delivery person / courier, delivers parcels
- H chambermaid / cleaner, cleans hotel rooms, other people's homes or offices

## **P60, exercise 1b answers**

- A to keep insects away
- B to make your hair shiny
- C to get rid of smells
- D to make towels soft
- E instead of shaving cream

## **P61, exercise 3a answers**

### **Possible ideas**

- red wine – put salt or white wine on it
- screw in glasses – put nail varnish over the end of the screw
- pen mark on your jeans – rub it with hairspray
- the heel breaks – break off the other heel, so both shoes are the same / find a quick-repair heel bar
- freezer power cut – don't open the door; cover it with towels to keep the temperature the same
- phone in toilet – put it in a bowl of rice to soak up the liquid
- zip breaks on suitcase – have your case wrapped in plastic film / buy some luggage straps or string to tie round them
- car nearly out of petrol – drive very slowly, and take your car out of gear when you're going down a hill
- shoelace breaks – use string, or the wire from your earphones, or cut the remaining one in half

## **P62, exercise 4b answers**

He wants to buy some screws and a light bulb.

## **P62, exercise 6b possible answer**

Self-assembly (or flat-pack) furniture isn't as easy to put together as some people think.

## P62, exercise 6c answers

- 1 one in ten Europeans now sleeps in an IKEA bed, and its catalogue is in more homes than any other publication, including the Bible and the complete works of Shakespeare.
- 2 the frustrating one-way system used to navigate the stores; the strange names given to the products; the problem of getting the furniture home and trying to put it together

## **P63, exercise 6d answers**

**Speaker 1:** a wardrobe; yes

**Speaker 2:** kitchen cupboards; yes

**Speaker 3:** a table; not really (it's wobbly)

## P63, exercise 7c answers

- 1 Complicated instructions and missing parts
- 2 Benches and coffee tables
- 3 They displayed it at a furniture show in Chicago.
- 4 He was finding it very difficult to fit a table into his car.
- 5 He took the legs off, put it in the car, and put it together again at home.
- 6 Manufacturers are able to produce it quickly and transport it easily; it's cheaper and more convenient; it's generally very well designed and easy to put together.
- 7 There are some bits he hasn't used.

## P64, Pronunciation exercise c answers

1 **drama** /ə/

2 **valley** /l/

3 **wood** /ʊ/

4 **knife** /n/

5 **bucket** /ʌ/

## **P64, Vocabulary exercise a answers**

- 1 barn (the others are farm animals)
- 2 episode (the others are types of TV programmes)
- 3 rope (the others are tools)
- 4 tray (the others are cutlery)
- 5 saucer (the others are things you drink out of )

## **P66, exercise 1a answers**

**1 cash machine    2 out    3 order**

## **P66, exercise 1b answers**

- 1 Because his bank was closed when he needed some cash.
- 2 Because Barron's wife said that she could only remember four digits.
- 3 £10 in £1 notes
- 4 Print a bank statement, top up your phone, print photos

## **P67, exercise 2a answers**

**Story 1:** The cash machine gave double the amount of cash people had keyed in.

**Story 2:** The cash machine gave their money and notes asking for help.

Both stories have a happy ending because in Story 1 the people were allowed to keep the cash, and in Story 2 the man who was sending the notes was able to get out.

## P67, exercise 2b answers

### Story 1

- 1 They rushed to take money out of the machine.
- 2 200 residents for 2 hours
- 3 Middle aged, and a few children
- 4 Because people started pushing into the queue
- 5 Switched off the ATM, and posted a message on Twitter to stop people from coming
- 6 It wasn't the customers' fault and they didn't have to pay the money back.

### Story 2

- 1 He was changing the lock to the ATM room.
- 2 His phone and his swipe card
- 3 Because he couldn't get out of the room and he couldn't call for help.
- 4 By passing notes through the machine to people who were taking money out
- 5 That it was a trick
- 6 They broke down the door and found the man.

## **P67, exercise 2c possible answers**

The villager probably didn't want other villagers to know that he / she had spoken to the press.

The man who was stuck in the ATM was probably very embarrassed.

## P69, exercise 6b answers

- buying a birthday present for a friend
- giving a donation to charity
- giving a few coins to a homeless person

Because spending money on others makes you happier than spending it on yourself or paying bills.

## **P69, exercise 6c answers**

He decided not to work for a charity because he thought that if he donated a large part of his salary, he would make a bigger difference.

## **70 exercise 1b answers**

- 1 a sporting event (during)    2 a concert (after)
- 3 a play (before)

## **P70, exercise 1d answers**

**Sporting event:** crowd, half-time, stadium, extra time, final whistle, opponent, score, spectators

**Play, musical, or concert:** interval, matinee, performance, stage, stalls / circle, audience, curtain, plot, scene

**Both:** box office, arena, fans, programme, row, tickets

## P70, exercise 2a answers

differently: in **a** it's the adjective /laɪv/ and in **b** it's the verb /lɪv/

- 2 same: **a** *fan* = a person who admires sb / sth or enjoys watching or listening to sb / sth very much; **b** *fan* = a machine with blades that go round to create a current of air
- 3 differently: **a** *row* /rəʊ/ = a number of people standing or sitting next to each other in a line; **b** *row* /raʊ/ = a serious disagreement
- 4 same: **a** *stage* = a raised area, usually in a theatre, etc., where actors, dancers, etc. perform; **b** *stage* = a period or state that sb passes through while developing

## **P70, exercise 2b answers**

Sentences 1 and 3 are type 2. Sentences 2 and 4 are type 1.

## **P71, exercise 2d answers**

Pronunciation is different in 1, 3, and 4.

## P71, exercise 3b answers

- 1 (The men's quarter final) tennis matches at the Wimbledon tennis championships in London
- 2 A play (*The Woman in Black*) in Oxford
- 3 A (Leonard Cohen) concert in (the velodrome) in Valencia

## P71, exercise 3c answers

- 1 It rained, so the matches were cancelled.
- 2 Some schoolchildren spoilt the atmosphere by screaming.
- 3 Leonard Cohen collapsed during the fourth song and was taken to hospital.

## P72, exercise 6c answers

It's a café where people play board games.

The café's name comes from wanting a drink (*thirsty*) and the pieces gamers play with (*meeples*, a word invented by combining *my + people* to describe wooden people used as counters in some games).

## P73, exercise 6e answers

- 1 Games and customers are very different today (customers are young professional people).
- 2 More women are playing games.
- 3 The growth of video games has made playing games a normal thing for adults to do.

## P73, exercise 6f answers

- 1 it is thriving = it's doing well
- 2 young professional couples = couples where both people work and have a profession, e.g. doctors, lawyers, etc.
- 3 rather than going out to the pub = instead of going to the pub
- 4 much wider appeal = more different kinds of people like them
- 5 one of the biggest factors = one of the most important reasons
- 6 not just staring at screens = not just looking at phones, tablets, etc.
- 7 in the real world = not in the virtual world

## **P74, exercise 1a answers**

The two clues are Henry's sentence 'his old man will be in his study again soon', and the sound of a church bell ringing.

## P74, exercise 1b answers

- 1 F (Rob doesn't think they should ask the police for help because the kidnappers are watching them and he doesn't want them to hurt Henry.)
- 2 T
- 3 F (Rob noticed something strange about what his father said.)
- 4 F (The phrase that really surprises Rob is *his old man*.)
- 5 T
- 6 F (He hasn't booked a flight, but he's going to try.)
- 7 F (She's going to continue to stay at Luke's.)

## **P74, exercise 2a answers**

Luke asks Jenny to move her car because the kidnappers might see it and recognize them.

## **P75, exercise 3a answers**

They're going to go back to Henry's house to try to find something in the study that Rob thinks might explain the 'old man' clue.

## P75, exercise 3b answers

- 1 Luke is more optimistic at the beginning.
- 2 No, he hasn't. There are no flights to London because of the snow.
- 3 He thinks they might refer to the name of a book or painting, or something else in Henry's study.
- 4 He thinks they need to go back to Henry's house.
- 5 They're going to use a footpath at the back of the house.
- 6 He used to play there when he was a child.

## P77, exercise 3e answers

- 1 F (He wasn't a barber, but Dino doesn't say what his father's job was. His aunt was a hairdresser.)
- 2 T
- 3 T
- 4 T
- 5 F (He thinks women get more stressed.)
- 6 F (It's easy.)
- 7 T
- 8 T
- 9 F (He says no to treatments.)
- 10 F (You need to use good hair products.)

## **P77, exercise 4a answers**

to have a bad hair day = have a day when everything seems to go wrong (similar to how you feel on a day when your hair doesn't look good)

## **P78, exercise 6a answers**

They went to the spa to try out the treatments and write about them, and find out if men can enjoy them.

## **P78, exercise 6b answers**

Stephen thought that the treatment took too long, and he was bored.

Joanna liked all the different processes and felt great afterwards.

## P78, exercise 6c answers

- 1 negative
- 2 positive
- 3 positive
- 4 positive

## P79, exercise 6d answers

		<b>Stephen</b>	<b>Joanna</b>
<b>The body polish</b>	<b>Score out of 10</b>	0	10
	<b>Reasons</b>	It was hot, sticky, and uncomfortable. He felt stupid.	It smelled amazing and the head massage was divine.
<b>The foot treatment</b>	<b>Score out of 10</b>	9	9
	<b>Reasons</b>	Now his feet look great.	It was a luxury. She loves the colour of her nails.

## **P79, exercise 7a answers**

### **KEEPING FIT**

- GOING TO THE GYM
- GOING RUNNING
- USE THE STAIRS INSTEAD OF THE LIFT
- DOING YOGA OR PILATES

### **BEING HEALTHY**

- HAVING A HEALTHY DIET
- CUTTING OUT SOME FOOD OR DRINK (E.G. ALCOHOL, SUGAR, ETC.)
- HAVING REGULAR MEDICAL CHECK-UPS AT THE DOCTOR'S OR DENTIST'S

### **BOOSTING YOUR BRAINPOWER**

- DOING BRAIN-TRAINING GAMES (CROSSWORDS, SUDOKU, ETC.)
- LEARNING A LANGUAGE
- LEARNING A NEW SKILL

## P80, exercise 1c answers

- 1 was defeated – past simple passive
- 2 was attacked – past simple passive
- 3 had been divided – past perfect passive; was reunified – past simple passive
- 4 was started – past simple passive; is being built – present continuous passive
- 5 has never been located – present perfect passive
- 6 was built – past simple passive
- 7 was assassinated – past simple passive; was being driven – past continuous passive
- 8 had to be evacuated – infinitive with *to*

## **P80, exercise 2b answers**

The photos show the historical re-enactment of a battle.

## P81, exercise 2d answers

*fought* is irregular. The infinitive is *fight* = to take part in a war or battle against an enemy.

defeat = to win against sb in a war, competition, game, etc.

succeed = to achieve sth that you have been trying to do / get

invade = to enter a country, town, etc. using military force in order to take control of it

kill = to make sb / sth die

crown = to put a crown on the head of a new king or queen as a sign of royal power

retreat = to move away from a place or an enemy because you are in danger or because you have been defeated

destroy = to damage sth so badly that it no longer exists, works, etc.

## **P82, exercise 4b answers**

Windsor Castle and the Tower of London are the oldest.

## P82, exercise 4c answers

aisle – see where the red carpet is in the photo on p.83

column – see the same photo as above

crypt – see the photo on p.82 under the title *Welcome to St Paul's Cathedral*

dome – see the photo of St Paul's Cathedral on p.82

gallery – see the first photo on p.83

tomb – see the photo on p.82 under the title *Welcome to St Paul's Cathedral*

## P82, exercise 4e answers

- 1 You mustn't talk in class when the teacher is speaking.
- 2 I got the wrong answer to half the questions.
- 3 I doubt if we'll have time to visit the island.
- 4 Listen to the sentence and copy the rhythm.
- 5 I've wanted to learn a foreign language my whole life.

## **P82, exercise 5a answers**

The wedding of Charles and Diana

## P83, exercise 5d answers

### The Dome

- **the cross:** In 1710, Christopher Wren was lifted up in a basket to watch his son place the cross on top of the Dome.
- **the height of the dome:** From the top of the Dome to the floor is exactly 365 feet, one foot for every day of the year.
- **something that was true until the 1960s:** St Paul's was the tallest building in London until the 1960s because until that time, nobody was allowed to build anything taller near St Paul's.

### The South Transept

- **Horatio Nelson:** There's a monument to Horatio Nelson, who died at the Battle of Trafalgar in 1805; he's the one on top of Nelson's Column in Trafalgar Square.

### The South Quire Aisle

- **the statue of John Donne:** Donne was a Dean of the Cathedral and a famous poet – he died in 1631. The statue is one of the few monuments which survived the Great Fire of London, and it has burn marks on it.

### The Whispering Gallery

- **the number of steps you have to climb:** There are 257 steps.
- **the reason the gallery gets its name:** If you talk very quietly on one side, your voice can be heard very clearly on the other side.

### The Crypt

- **the famous people in the tombs:** Lord Nelson, the Duke of Wellington, Sir Christopher Wren
- **the Latin words on Wren's tomb:** The words on Wren's tomb say, 'Reader, if you seek his monument, look around you.' Because the whole of St Paul's is Wren's monument.

## **P83, exercise 7a answers**

Sam Wanamaker was an American actor who loved Shakespeare.

He was shocked to discover that the world-famous Globe Theatre had no memorial.

## P83, exercise 7b answers

- 1 T
- 2 F (It burned down in 1613.)
- 3 F (The second theatre was destroyed by the British government.)
- 4 T
- 5 F (He wanted to rebuild it in London.)
- 6 F (Everybody was telling him it was impossible.)
- 7 F (He died four years before the Globe opened.)
- 8 T

## P83, exercise 7c answers

- 1 a roof covered in dried straw, reeds, etc.
- 2 a flat piece of stone, metal, etc., usually with a name and dates on, attached to a wall in memory of a person or an event
- 3 the place in a theatre just in front of the stage, with no seats
- 4 the light that a candle produces

## **P84, Pronunciation exercise c answers**

- 1 crowd /aʊ/    2 whistle /w/    3 yoga /əʊ/    4 cathedral /θ/**  
**5 tomb /u:/**

## **P85, Can You Understand this text? exercise b answers**

- 1 the Pump Room
- 2 Aquae Sulis
- 3 the Terrace
- 4 the Great Bath
- 5 July / August
- 6 Bath Abbey
- 7 Bill Bryson
- 8 the King's Spring

## **P86, exercise 2b answers**

a ball   a pencil   a swan   handcuffs   a boat   a seahorse  
an elephant's trunk   a boomerang   an egg timer  
a balloon on a string

## **P87, exercise 3a answers**

Because Rick, her husband, woke her up very early to help find his keys.

Because her sister had promised to bring a cake for their mother's birthday and had then forgotten to do it.

## **P88, exercise 4b answers**

- 1 Highly Superior Autobiographical Memory**
- 2 She was 8.**
- 3 It drives her crazy.**

## P88, exercise 4c answers

- 1 24th January 1986 was a Friday. She was working in an ice cream shop. She went out that night with friends.  
29th August 1980 was a Friday. She went to Palm Springs with friends.  
10th January 1981 was a Saturday. It was the third time she drove a car.
- 2 The traffic in Manhattan and looking out of the window of her parent's apartment. She was 18 months old.
- 3 1st July 1974 is the day her family moved to Los Angeles and she began to remember everything.

## P88, exercise 4d answers

- 1 He asked her questions from a history book.
- 2 Elvis Presley and Bing Crosby died.
- 3 He checked with her diary and with her mother.
- 4 Strong emotional experiences
- 5 Things that she finds important
- 6 Facts and figures, numbers
- 7 Around 60
- 8 There's so much information in her head all the time; it's difficult to forget bad things.
- 9 *The Woman Who Can't Forget*
- 10 Because there might be things in it that he doesn't want to know.

## P89, exercise 5b answers

<b>Noun</b>	<b>Adjective</b>	<b>Adverb</b>
1 <u>memory</u>	<u>memorable</u>	<u>memorably</u>
2 <u>confidence</u>	<u>confident</u>	<u>confidently</u>
3 <u>emotion</u>	<u>emotional</u>	<u>emotionally</u>
4 <u>importance</u>	<u>important</u>	<u>importantly</u>
5 <u>accuracy</u>	<u>accurate</u>	<u>accurately</u>
6 <u>person</u>	<u>personal</u>	<u>personally</u>

## **P89, exercise 5d answers**

1 atomic    2 entry    3 unlikely    4 security    5 connection  
6 autobiographical    7 easily    8 ability    9 unpleasant

## P90, exercise 1b answers

- 1 George worked for the British colonial government in Burma, and Mabel was engaged to him (his fiancée).
- 2 Because there were difficulties: Mabel's father died, the war came, and then George was sent to an area which was unsuitable for a white woman.
- 3 He suddenly became afraid (of marrying Mabel) because he hadn't seen her for seven years and couldn't remember what she was like.
- 4 He didn't want to marry Mabel, but didn't want to tell her, either.
- 5 He decided to run away, and he got a boat to Singapore.

## **P90, exercise 1d answers**

(Singapore →) Bangkok → Saigon → Hong Kong → Manila  
→ Shanghai → Yokohama → Shanghai

## **P91, exercise 1f answers**

(Shanghai along the Yangtze River →) Chungking → Cheng-tu

## P91, exercise 1g answers

*sigh* = take and then let out a deep breath; *relief* = happiness that nothing unpleasant is happening

In this context, it means ‘he felt very happy to be there, where Mabel couldn’t follow’.

## P91, exercise 3a answers

- 2 known, weather, bad, wouldn't, come
- 3 soon, got, airport, remembered, hadn't, locked, windows
- 4 said, hadn't, seen, ages
- 5 bought, dress, hadn't, expensive

## P92, exercise 4b answers

Chloe proposed to Alex. She made a necklace with letters saying

*Will you marry me?*

Tom proposed to Emma. He got down on one knee.

No, only Alex and Chloe are still together.

## P92, exercise 4c answers

- 1 Alex didn't want to **get married or have children**.
- 2 Chloe began to talk about **moving in together**.
- 3 On 29th February, Chloe invited Alex to **her house**.
- 4 Chloe gave Alex **a box with some small beads with letters on them**.
- 5 The letters spelled ***Will you marry me?***
- 6 Alex started putting the letters on the bracelet **in the wrong order**.
- 7 Chloe got upset and explained that on 29th February, women **can propose to men**.
- 8 Alex didn't see her for **three days afterwards**.

## P92, exercise 4d answers

- 1 Tom was **ten years** older than Emma.
- 2 After **two years** their relationship became difficult and she decided to end it.
- 3 Tom wanted them to meet at **the cathedral**.
- 4 When she got there, he was holding **a bottle of champagne and a bunch of flowers**.
- 5 He proposed and gave her **a necklace**.
- 6 **A crowd of (Japanese) tourists** rushed over and started taking photos.
- 7 Emma was looking **white and shocked** when the tourists took their photos (because she didn't want to marry him).
- 8 She was **walking** with him to **the station** when he explained why he had proposed – he thought it would solve their problems.

## P94, exercise 1a answers

*Old man* refers to Proteus, a Greek god who is called ‘the old man of the sea’.

They think Henry is being held at a biochemical company called Proteus in Oxford.

## **P94, exercise 2a answers**

They end up in C

## P95, exercise 3b answers

- 1 T
- 2 F (They have been arrested.)
- 3 T
- 4 T
- 5 F (They celebrate with champagne at Henry's house, and Rob, who is still in Alaska, joins them via Skype.)
- 6 T
- 7 F (She can't wait to get back to New York.)

## P96, exercise 1b answers

- 1 T
- 2 F (*Colour* is spelled without a *u* and *centre* is spelled -ter.)
- 3 F (According to a recent survey, the figure is about 40%.)
- 4 F (According to a recent survey, 77% of American men do no housework on any given day.)
- 5 F (The world's first skyscraper was in Chicago.)
- 6 T
- 7 F (There has never been an official language of the United States.)
- 8 T
- 9 F (The USA has always had the world's biggest economy.)
- 10 T

## P96, exercise 2b answers

When *are*, *does*, and *have* are unstressed, the vowel sound is /ə/:

*are* = /ə/ *does* = /dəz/ *have* = /əv/

## **P97, exercise 3a answers**

Speakers 2 (Cristina) and 6 (Sarah) are negative.

## **P97, exercise 4a answers**

Americanization is the process of making something American in character.

## P98, exercise 5f answers

1 The speaker is American.

Excuse me, can you tell me the way to the underground?

2 The speaker is American.

I'm so excited – we're going to Paris in the autumn.

3 The speaker is British.

There were so many people in town today. I had to stand in line for ages at the post office.

4 The speaker is British.

I only live on the second floor, but I always take the elevator.

5 The speaker is American.

That brown shirt doesn't go with those blue trousers.

## **P98, exercise 6a answers**

Ruth Margolis (writer of the first blog) is British because she's talking about what annoys her about Americans.

Maria Roth (writer of the second blog) is American as she is talking about what annoys her about the Brits.

## **P100, exercise 1a possible answers**

The people in the photo are students. They look like older secondary or university students, so they are probably in their late teens or early twenties.

They are in a hall probably in a school or university building. They are taking an exam.

They are possibly nervous or they might be feeling confident if they know how to answer the questions.

There are probably some teachers in the room to check that nobody is cheating.

## **P100, exercise 1b answers**

### **Verbs**

cheat

do

fail

pass

retake

revise

take

### **Types of exam**

oral or speaking

practical

written

### **Types of questions**

essay

multiple-choice

true or false

## P100, exercise 2a answers

- 1 revises (-es = /ɪz/, the other two are /z/)
- 2 cheated (-ed = /ɪd/, the other two are /d/)
- 3 exam (a = /æ/, the other two are /a:/)
- 4 work (or = /ɜ:/, the other two are /ɔ:/)
- 5 professor (o = /ə/, the other two are /ɒ/)
- 6 essay (e = /e/, the other two are /i:/)
- 7 school (oo = /u:/, the other two are /ʊ/)
- 8 idea (i = /aɪ/, the other two are /ɪ/)
- 9 result (e = /ɪ/, the other two are /e/)

## **P100, exercise 2c answers**

- 1 good (oo = /ʊ/), school (oo = /u:/)
- 2 answered (a = /a:/), exam (a = /æ/)
- 3 report (or = /ɔ:/), worked (or = /ɜ:/)
- 4 practise (i = /ɪ/), written (i = /ɪ/)
- 5 cheated (-ed = /ɪd/), failed (-ed = /d/)
- 6 professor (o = /ə/), college (o = /ɒ/)
- 7 test (e = /e/), result (e = /ɪ/)

## **P101, exercise 3c answers**

Speakers 1 (Mark), 2 (Sophie), and 4 (Paul) failed an exam or test.

Speaker 2 (Sophie) used to find exams stressful.

## **P103, exercise 7a answers**

The speaking exam is the most stressful because students are face-to-face with the examiner.

The best way to prepare is to practise talking.

## P104, Pronunciation exercise c answers

1 **autobiography** /f/

2 **luxurious** /ʊə/

3 **toilet** /ɔɪ/

4 **rather** /a:/

5 **weird** /ɪə/

## **P104, Vocabulary exercise a answers**

- 1 memorable
- 2 confidently
- 3 emotional
- 4 accuracy
- 5 personal

## P107, exercise 3B answers

- 1 A There's a hotel in the background.  
B There's a tower in the background.
- 2 A There's a man playing the guitar in the middle of the picture.  
B The man is taking a photo.
- 3 A There's a man riding a bike.  
B The man is walking with the bike.
- 4 A The woman is drinking coffee.  
B She's eating something.
- 5 A The woman's bag is on the table.  
B Her bag is under the table.
- 6 A The waiter is walking away from the table.  
B The waiter is walking towards the table.
- 7 A There are some birds / pigeons on the fountain.  
B There aren't any birds on the fountain.
- 8 A The dog is standing on the steps, looking up at the fountain.  
B The dog is walking down the steps, away from the fountain.
- 9 A The man in the bottom right-hand corner is taking a photo.  
B The man in the bottom right-hand corner is playing the guitar.

## P112, exercise 3B answers

- 1 A There's a hotel in the background.  
B There's a tower in the background.
- 2 A There's a man playing the guitar in the middle of the picture.  
B The man is taking a photo.
- 3 A There's a man riding a bike.  
B The man is walking with the bike.
- 4 A The woman is drinking coffee.  
B She's eating something.
- 5 A The woman's bag is on the table.  
B Her bag is under the table.
- 6 A The waiter is walking away from the table.  
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B The dog is walking down the steps, away from the fountain.
- 9 A The man in the bottom right-hand corner is taking a photo.  
B The man in the bottom right-hand corner is playing the guitar.

## **P116, exercise 2a answers**

Caroline, Mark, Michael, Sheila, and Sam are on holiday now.

Haylee and Andrew are going to have a holiday soon.

Danielle has just finished a holiday.

## P116, exercise 2b suggested answers

Caroline feels great: *the most amazing experience, fantastic people*

Mark feels relaxed: He uses *hard day* ironically; emoji of a winking smiley face, which can mean *I'm joking*

Michael feels annoyed because of the noisy children on the plane: *Oh no!, the longest flight of my life*

Haylee feels excited: *Can't wait!*

Sheila feels happy and tired / relieved: *so beautiful, 13 hours, ready for a shower*

Andrew feels stressed: *stressful, Not sure I want to go, stressed-face emoji*

Danielle feels depressed: *Plants dead, no milk, Please send me back to the beach*

Sam feels sad: *last...morning, work tomorrow, emoji of sad face*

## P116, exercise 2c answers

**Haylee:** There are 48 hours until I'll be in Rio sipping a piña colada – or is it a caipirinha? I can't wait!

**Sheila:** I've just got to Cuzco! It's so beautiful here! After 13 hours on a bus, I am ready for a shower!

**Andrew:** I'm packing my bags. Holidays are really stressful! I'm not sure that I want to go!

**Danielle:** I got back an hour ago. The plants are dead and there's no milk in the fridge. Please send me back to the beach.

**Sam:** I'm making the most of the / my last glorious morning in the sun. I'm going home this evening and back to work tomorrow.

## **P118, exercise 4a answers**

Shopping Spy Ltd is a website that helps shoppers find good shops and sales in London.

She is studying for a degree in Communications and Marketing.

## P118, exercise 4c answers

currantly currently

Comunications Communications

gradaute graduate

profesion profession

expierence experience

collegues colleagues

asisted assisted

brouhgt brought

## **P119, exercise 5a answers**

The weather

He says it's a problem because they can't get to the supermarket.

## **P119, exercise 5c answers**

- 1 Glad you're well.
- 2 Hope you haven't been studying too hard.
- 3 Miss you lots

## **P120, exercise 6a answers**

They agree that the service and the food were good.

Rafael thinks the atmosphere was lively and the prices were reasonable, but Zoe thinks the music was too loud, the tables were cramped, and the prices were too expensive.

## **P121, exercise 7a answers**

- a A (a minaret)
- b B (a mosaic)

## P121, exercise 7c answers

1 ✓

2 ✓

3 ✗ where

4 ✗ which

5 ✓

6 ✗ which

7 ✓

8 ✗ which

## **P121, exercise 7d answers**

1 (which) could be left out.

## **P122, exercise 8a answers**

The woman who was supposed to play the violin at the wedding ceremony never arrived.

## P122, exercise 8c answers

~~wasnt~~ – wasn't (punctuation)

~~we only have~~ – we only had (grammar)

~~gests~~ – guests (spelling)

~~were hired~~ – had hired (grammar)

~~lost~~ – got lost (vocabulary)

~~stressed~~ – stressful (vocabulary)

~~good~~ – well (grammar)

~~proffessional~~ – professional (spelling)

~~corse~~ – course (spelling)

~~here~~ – hear (spelling)

## **P123, exercise 9a answers**

The writer disagrees with the statement.

## **P132, exercise 1A, b answers**

- 1 They sent it to me.
- 2 I gave them to her.
- 3 She found them for me.
- 4 My grandmother wrote them to me.
- 5 Will you lend it to him?
- 6 My son made it for me.
- 7 My parents offered it to us.
- 8 We didn't buy it for her.
- 9 I read it to them.
- 10 A friend sold them to me.

## P133, exercise 1B, a answers

- 1 x the worst film
- 2 x as sporty as
- 3 ✓
- 4 ✓ , ✓
- 5 x a cheap one
- 6 x a better driver
- 7 x the most comfortable ones
- 8 x very successful
- 9 x is easier than
- 10 ✓

## P134, exercise 2A, b answers

- 1 **Do you prefer** camping or staying in hotels?
- 2 **We're thinking** of going on a safari next year.
- 3 **Do we need** to pack insect repellent?
- 4 **She's flying** to Frankfurt for a business meeting next week.
- 5 Yes, I'm **looking for** a charger for my phone.
- 6 A This hotel **doesn't have** a restaurant.  
B It **doesn't matter**, we can eat in town.
- 7 A Hi. Can you hear me? What **are** you **doing**?  
B I'm **reading** by the pool and Tanya **is having** a spa treatment.
- 8 A What time **does** our flight **leave**?  
B It **leaves** at 9.50 and it **arrives** at 12.10.

## P135, exercise 2B, b answers

1  women's clothes shops

2

3  their own flat

4  a colleague of hers

5  There's been a hairdresser's

6  Two of my friends' mothers

7

8

9  Keith and Brian's mother

10

## P136, exercise 3A, a answers

- 1 ✓
- 2 ✗ did they get
- 3 ✗ I was working
- 4 ✓
- 5 ✗ I travelled
- 6 ✗ didn't use to get on
- 7 ✗ never studied
- 8 ✓
- 9 ✗ I was watching
- 10 ✓

## P138, exercise 4A, a answers

- 1 ✓
- ✓
- 2 ✗ Shall I put
- ✓
- 3 ✗ I'm going to get
- ✗ Shall I help
- 4 ✓
- ✗ I'll text her
- 5 ✓

## **P140, exercise 5A, a answers**

- 1 for
- 2 I've already had
- 3 I've never been
- 4 since we were at university
- 5 already
- 6 they've been married
- 7 have you been
- 8 all his life
- 9 we went
- 10 just

## **P141, exercise 5B, b answers**

- 1 I've been living
- 2 she's been travelling
- 3 I haven't been doing
- 4 I'm staying
- 5 he's driving
- 6 I've been waiting
- 7 it's been raining
- 8 I'm trying
- 9 I've been seeing
- 10 It hasn't been working

## P143, exercise 6B, a answers

- 1    x   He can sew
- 2    x   you can phone / you'll be able to phone
- 3    ✓
- 4    x   You can't be
- 5    ✓
- 6    x   she might be able to help
- 7    ✓
- 8    x   Will I be able to use
- 9    x   I was able to get
- 10   ✓

## **P144, exercise 7A, a answers**

- 1 ✓ 2 sent it back 3 ✓ 4 live off their parents
- 5 took it back 6 ✓ 7 paid her back 8 ✓
- 9 grew up in Wales 10 out of these trousers

## P146, exercise 8A, a answers

- 1 Have you had your eyes tested recently?
- 2 We don't need to have the roof repaired.
- 3 I would never have my teeth whitened.
- 4 My sister told me not to have my hair cut short.
- 5 It's too expensive to have the carpets replaced.
- 6 He's going to have his photo taken.
- 7 My children had their faces painted at the festival.
- 8 We ought to have the air conditioning fixed.
- 9 I had my car cleaned at the shopping centre.
- 10 I have to have my passport renewed before I go on holiday.

## **P146, exercise 8A, b answers**

- 1 She needs to have her car serviced.
- 2 He's having his front door replaced.
- 3 I'm having the lock changed.
- 4 They should have their windows cleaned.
- 5 She ought to have her shopping delivered.
- 6 He doesn't want to have his photo taken.
- 7 She's having her portrait painted.
- 8 He wants to have his suit dry-cleaned.

## P148, exercise 9A, a answers

- 1 She said (that) **she couldn't find her purse.**
- 2 He said (that) **he wasn't coming to class on Friday.**
- 3 They said (that) **they probably wouldn't go on holiday that summer.**
- 4 Jane said (that) **she had / 'd finished her exams.**
- 5 They told us (that) **the film would be on the next day.**
- 6 Robert told me (that) **he hadn't been there before.**
- 7 She said (that) **she had to leave at 6.30.**
- 8 They told me (that) **they'd never forgotten their visit.**
- 9 He said (that) **he had / 'd seen a man hiding in the bushes.**
- 10 She told me (that) **she didn't really want to see me.**

## P148, exercise 9A, b answers

- 1 She asked him **how many children he had**.
- 2 They asked the woman **to take a photo of them**.
- 3 They asked us **if / whether we would / 'd be able to come**.
- 4 He told me **to fill in the application form**.
- 5 He asked her **if / whether she had / 'd arrived on time**.
- 6 She told us **to bring plenty of food**.
- 7 She asked me **to help her with the cooking**.
- 8 He asked them **how long they had / 'd been waiting**.
- 9 He asked her **to confirm her date of birth**.
- 10 They told us **not to worry about anything**.

## P152, exercise 1a answers

<i>-able / -ible</i>	loveable, reliable, responsible
<i>-ate</i>	compassionate, considerate
<i>-ive</i>	assertive, attractive, creative, impulsive, possessive
<i>-ous</i>	envious, glamorous, rebellious
<i>-ful</i>	helpful, powerful, thoughtful

## P152, exercise 2a answers

<i>-able</i>	comfortable, desirable, profitable, suitable
<i>-y</i>	dirty, healthy, messy, noisy, risky
<i>-ive</i>	expensive, impressive
<i>-ous</i>	luxurious, spacious
<i>-ful</i>	colourful, peaceful, restful, stressful

## **P152, exercise 3a answers**

helpful, helpless

powerful, powerless

thoughtful, thoughtless

useful, useless

colourful, colourless

restful, restless

## **P156, exercise 2 ACTIVATION answers**

biscuits – packet

cereal – cardboard box / plastic bag

chicken legs – polystyrene tray

ice cream – tub

milk – bottle / carton

olives – jar

pasta sauce – jar, pouch

sardines – tin

soft drinks – bottle, can / carton

yogurt – pot

## **P163, exercise 2 ACTIVATION possible answers**

**If you want to lose weight:** use an exercise bike / rowing machine / cross-trainer, do aerobics, do spinning, etc.

**If you want to tone your muscles:** do / lift weights, do sit-ups, do press-ups, etc.

**If you want to do cardio exercises:** go on a running machine, do aerobics, do spinning, etc.

**If you have a bad back:** do stretches, do Pilates or yoga

**If you want to improve your flexibility:** do stretches, do Pilates or yoga

## **P171, exercise a answers**

In sentence 3 both forms are possible.

## P209, exercise 10A answers

What is your favourite name? What do you like about it?

What colour do you almost never wear, or use in your house?

Why do you think you dislike it?

Where are you going on your next holiday? Why have you chosen that place?

What have you bought online recently? Why did you buy it?

What were you like ten years ago? How have you changed since then?

What is your favourite photo of yourself? What do you like about it?

What are some things that people could do to help reduce waste? How do you think they would help?

What would your ideal job be? Why?

Do you prefer watching films at home or at the cinema?  
Why?

Have you ever thought of living in the countryside? Why (not)?

Do you like eating out? What is the best restaurant you have ever been to?

What things in your house have you mended? Do you think you are good at DIY? Why (not)?

What would you do if you had one million pounds? Would you leave your job or stop your studies? Why (not)?

Did you go out or stay in last New Year's Eve? What did you do?

When did you last have your hair cut? Do you like it? Why (not)?

How many different historical sites in your local area have

you been to? Which is your favourite? Why?  
Do you usually forget to take things with you when you leave home (keys, phone)? What do you do to help you remember?

What is the best wedding you have ever been to? What was special about it?

What do you think is the best thing about the USA? And the worst?

Have you ever taken any official English exams? Was it a good experience? Why (not)?

## **P218, exercise b answers**

Buildings: barn, farmhouse

Animals: hens, sheep, cow, donkey

Equipment: tractor

Nature: leaves, stream, bush, field, hedge, path, rocks, hill

## P222, exercise 8A possible answers

**A facial** is a beauty treatment for the face.

**A massage** is a treatment for the body involving rubbing and pressing muscles and joints.

**Yoga** is an activity which involves doing physical and breathing exercises, and simple meditation.

**Pilates** is a type of exercise which develops the abdomen muscles in order to control your body movement.

**Lift weights** is to exercise by lifting heavy objects.

**Do cardio exercises** is to do exercises which raise your heart rate.

**Stretch your muscles** is doing exercises which deliberately flex or stretch specific muscles in your body, releasing pain and tension.

**Tone your muscles** is doing exercises which aim to change the shape and definition of your muscles.

**A manicure** is a beauty treatment for your hands and nails.

**A pedicure** is a beauty treatment for your feet and toenails.

**A fringe** is short hair that hangs down over your forehead.

**A parting** is the line of head showing when sections of hair are brushed or combed in opposite directions.

**Have your hair dyed** is to have the colour of your hair changed.

**Have highlights** is to have parts of your hair made lighter than the rest.

**Have a shave** is to cut the hair off the face.

**Have a buzz cut** is to have a very short haircut where the hair is shaved close to the head.

**A cross-trainer** is an exercise machine with parts that you stand on and parts that you hold. You can then move your arms and legs backwards and forwards.

**A rowing machine** is an exercise machine with a moving handle and a sliding seat. You pull the handle towards you, as if you are rowing a boat.

**A running machine** is an exercise machine with a flat moving surface that you walk or run on.

**An exercise bike** is a bicycle that stays in one place and is used for exercise.

**Do sit-ups** is to do a physical exercise where you sit up from lying down without using your arms or lifting your feet.

**Do press-ups** is to do a physical exercise where you lie down facing the floor and lift your body up on your hands whilst keeping your back straight.

**Do aerobics** is to do very active physical exercises while listening to music.

**Do spinning** is to do aerobic exercises on an exercise bike while listening to music.

**A ponytail** is a hairstyle where hair is tied at the back of the head and hangs down.

**Plaits** are a hairstyle where each plait is formed by twisting three separate lengths of hair over each other.

**Have your hair curled** is to have your hair styled in curls, usually using curling tongs.

**Have your hair straightened** is to have your hair styled straight, usually using a hairdryer and/or straightening irons.

**Have a treatment** is to have hair and beauty products used on your hair, skin, etc. to improve quality and look.

**Have a trim** is to have your hair cut so that it looks tidy.

**Have a blow dry** is to have your wet hair dried by the warm air from a hairdryer.

**Have your hair put up** is to have your hair styled and pinned up off your neck, shoulders, and back.