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2000 Core English Words 1

PEGGY ANDERSON
THOMAS HONG
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**EXERCISE 1**

**A. Choose the correct word for the given definition.**

1. Someone who helps sick people
   a. doctor  b. finger  c. healthy  d. body

2. The bottom part of your mouth
   a. chin  b. blood  c. body  d. ease

3. To be in pain
   a. ache  b. chin  c. doctor  d. hurt

4. A pain in your head
   a. week  b. headache  c. body  d. finger

5. The red liquid in your body
   a. dentist  b. health  c. bread  d. chin

**B. Circle the correct word to complete each sentence.**

1. To hurt / harm / ease your pain, go to bed early.
2. My chin / blood / dentist told me to brush my teeth more often.
3. Nina wears a gold ring on her doctor / finger / headache.
4. He has a large blood / doctor / body, but thin legs.
5. We walk every day to stay healthy / weak / sick.

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**Synonyms & Antonyms**
Expand the vocabulary with synonyms and antonyms.

**Audio**
Scan the QR Code in every unit to get the pronunciation and reading passage audio.

**Vocabulary Exercises**
Practice using the words in different types of exercises.

**Class Booster**
Download our digital platform to enjoy additional activities and fun games.
**Reading Practice Comprehension Questions**

After reading, check and strengthen not only vocabulary recall but also comprehension skills through post-reading consolidation activities.

**Reading Practice**

**Ease Your Pain at Home**

Are you suffering from a toothache? You don't always need to go to a doctor for a cure or total eradication. Here are some ways to ease your pain at home.

**HEADACHES**

In many countries, in Asia, some people use a hangover with a towel and some water. Put the towel on ice then rub it on your head. Or you can put the hot towel on the back of your neck.

**STOMACHACHES**

Does your stomach hurt? Try a special tea. Chamomile is a flower from Europe and Asia, Germans drink chamomile tea for stomachaches.

**TOOTHACHE**

Some people use garlic for a toothache. You can chew the garlic or mix it with salt and put it on your tooth. No more pain. (If it still hurts, go to the dentist.)

**BURNS**

Crush the stove was too hot! How you have a burn on your finger. The may sound funny, but some people use mustard for that. First, put your hand in cold water. Then, put mustard on your skin. No more pain!

**Writing Practice**

A. Answer the questions.

1. What is the reading mainly about?
   a. How to eat well
   b. How to stop pain
   c. Where to find a doctor
   d. Why people have headaches

2. If you have a stomachache, what do you need?
   a. A towel
   b. Some mustard
   c. A doctor
   d. Some tea

3. Fill in the blank with the word from the passage.
   a. For a headache, put a hot towel on the back of your
   b. Garlic eases pain in your

---

**Reading Passages**

Review the words in different contexts and situations, and in various passage formats.

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**#In Real Life**

Wrap up the unit by answering questions related to personal experience using acquired vocabulary.

**Appendix**

Learn extra words and complete the puzzles.
blood [blʌd]  
*n. Blood is the red liquid in your body. The doctor checks the blood.*

body ['bodi]  
*n. The body is the whole physical person. Exercise is good for the body.*

chin [tʃɪn]  
*n. The chin is the bottom part of your face below your mouth. There is some food on your chin.*

dentist ['dentɪst]  
*n. A dentist is a doctor who takes care of teeth. People should see a dentist twice a year.*

doctor ['dɑːktər]  
*n. A doctor is someone who helps sick people. The doctor smiles at the baby.*

ease [iːz] eased - eased  
*V. To ease something is to make it hurt less or bother you less. If a part of your body hurts, ice can ease the pain.*

finger ['fɪŋɡər]  
*n. A finger is one of the five long thin parts on your hand. She is holding up one finger.*

headache ['hedeɪk]  
*n. A headache is a pain one feels in their head. Homework gives him a headache.*

healthy ['helθi]  
*Adj. Someone who is healthy is strong and well. I run and eat well to stay healthy.*

hurt [hɜːrt] hurt - hurt  
*V. To be hurt is to be in pain. His back hurts because he worked hard all day.*
A. Choose the correct word for the given definition.

1. someone who helps sick people
   a. doctor  b. finger  c. healthy  d. body

2. the bottom part of your face below your mouth
   a. chin  b. blood  c. body  d. ease

3. to be in pain
   a. ease  b. chin  c. doctor  d. hurt

4. a pain in your head
   a. weak  b. headache  c. body  d. finger

5. the red liquid in your body
   a. dentist  b. health  c. blood  d. chin

B. Circle the correct word to complete each sentence.

1. To **hurt / harm / ease** your pain, go to bed early.

2. My **chin / blood / dentist** told me to brush my teeth more often.

3. Nina wears a gold ring on her **doctor / finger / headache**.

4. He has a large **blood / doctor / body**, but thin legs.

5. We walk every day to stay **healthy / weak / sick**.
lips [lips]  
*n.* The *lips* are the two soft parts around one’s mouth. My *lips* are dry because of the cold weather.

medicine ['medasən]  
*n.* *Medicine* is a substance that you take to treat an illness. Take this *medicine* three times a day.  
*SYN.* cure, drug

neck [nek]  
*n.* The *neck* is the body part between one’s head and shoulders. She is touching her *neck*.

pain [pein]  
*n.* *Pain* is the feeling caused by something that hurts. He has a *pain* in his arm.  
*SYN.* ache

sick [skik]  
*adj.* If someone is *sick*, they do not feel well or healthy. A lot of people get *sick* during the winter.  
*SYN.* ill  
*ANT.* strong, well

skin [skin]  
*n.* *Skin* is the outer part of a person’s whole body. They take care of their *skin*.

stomach ['stəmək]  
*n.* The *stomach* is located in the middle, front part of the body. Her hands are on her *stomach*.

stomachache ['stəmək-æk]  
*n.* A *stomachache* is a pain one feels in their stomach. She has a *stomachache* because she ate too much.

tooth [tuːθ]  
*n.* A *tooth* is one of the small hard things inside the mouth. My little sister lost a *tooth* today.

toothache [tuːθ-æk]  
*n.* A *toothache* is a pain one feels in their tooth or teeth. It’s hard to eat when you have a bad *toothache*.
A. Choose the correct definition for the given word.

1. tooth
   a. not feeling well
   b. the outer part of your body
   c. the middle part of your body
   d. a small thing in your mouth

2. stomachache
   a. a soft part of your mouth
   b. a pain in a stomach
   c. something for a sick person
   d. the body part below your head

3. sick
   a. to make something hurt less
   b. the two soft parts of your mouth
   c. the outer part of your body
   d. not feeling well

4. medicine
   a. a substance that you take to treat an illness
   b. when your tooth hurts
   c. the middle part of your body
   d. when your stomach hurts

5. pain
   a. the outer part of your body
   b. the body part below your head
   c. a feeling that hurts
   d. the bottom part of your face

B. Fill in the blank with the correct word from the word bank.

lips  neck  skin  stomach  toothache

1. My _______________ is full. I can’t eat any more!

2. A scarf keeps your _______________ warm.

3. Sandra has a _______________, but she won’t go to the dentist.

4. Peter burned his _______________ while eating the hot soup.

5. The strong sun is bad for your _______________.

Ease Your Pain at Home

Are you in pain? You don’t always need to go to a doctor or take medicine. Here are some ways to feel better at home.

★ HEADACHES
In many countries in Asia, some people ease headaches with a towel and some water. Put the towel in hot water and hold it to your head. Or you can put the hot towel on the back of your neck.

★ STOMACHACHES
Does your stomach hurt? Try a special tea. Chamomile is a flower from Europe and Asia. Germans drink chamomile tea for stomachaches.

A. Answer the questions.

1. What is the reading mainly about?
   a. How to eat well
   b. How to stop pain
   c. Where to find a doctor
   d. Why people have headaches

2. If you have a stomachache, what do you need?
   a. A towel
   b. Some mustard
   c. A dentist
   d. Some tea

3. Fill in the blank with the word from the passage.
   a. For a headache, put a hot towel on the back of your _____________.
   b. Garlic eases pain in your _____________.

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★ TOOTHACHE
Some people use garlic for a toothache. You can chew the garlic or you can mix it with salt and put it on your tooth. No more pain. (If it still hurts, go to the dentist!)

★ BURNS
Ouch, the stove was too hot! Now you have a burn on your finger. This may sound funny, but some people use mustard for that. First, put your hand in cold water. Then, put mustard on your skin. No more pain!

B. Write T for true and F for false.

1. You should always go to the doctor if you are in pain. _____
2. Some people use hot towels for headaches. _____
3. Mustard eases pain on your skin. _____

C. Match the definition with the word in bold from the passage.

1. to make better
2. the middle, front part of your body
3. the outer part of a person’s whole body

# In Real Life How do you ease a headache?
accident [ˈæksɪdənt]  
*n. An accident is a bad event that was not planned. She had a car accident and badly hurt her ankle.*

ambulance [ˈæmbjələns]  
*n. An ambulance is a truck used to take people to the hospital. The ambulance is speeding down the road.*

back [bæk]  
*n. The back is the part of the body behind you from your neck to your waist. She has a pain in her back.*

bone [boun]  
*n. A bone is one of the hard parts on the inside of your body. There are many bones in your foot.*

brain [breɪn]  
*n. A brain is the organ inside your head that lets you think, feel, and move. Some doctors study the brain.*

cheek [ʃiːk]  
*n. A cheek is the part of your face just below your eye. She is touching her cheeks.*

fat [fæt]  
*adj. A fat person or animal weighs too much. My cat is very fat.*

fit [fɪt]  
*adj. A fit person is strong and healthy. He rides a bike to stay fit.*

health [helθ]  
*n. Health is the condition of your body. Vegetables are good for your health.*

heart [haːrt]  
*n. A heart is the organ in your chest that moves blood. The doctor is listening to her heart.*
A. Choose the correct definition for the given word.

1. heart
   a. a hard part inside your body
   b. the soft part of your face
   c. the organ in your chest that moves blood
   d. the organ inside your head

2. ambulance
   a. a special truck for sick people
   b. a person who weighs too much
   c. the body part between the neck and legs
   d. when something is damaged or someone is hurt

3. fit
   a. weighing too much
   b. strong and healthy
   c. an organ in your chest
   d. the soft part of your face

4. brain
   a. the organ inside your head
   b. the condition of your body
   c. the outer part of a body
   d. a special truck for sick people

5. bone
   a. the condition of your body
   b. strong and healthy
   c. the red liquid in the body
   d. a hard part inside your body

B. Fill in the blank with the correct word from the word bank.

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<th>back</th>
<th>cheek</th>
<th>fat</th>
<th>health</th>
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1. Why is there an ambulance outside? Was there a(n) ______________?  
2. We don’t eat french fries because we don’t want to get ______________.  
3. Too much stress is bad for your ______________.  
4. Don’t lift the box that way. You’ll hurt your ______________.  
5. Aunt Christina gave me a kiss on my right ______________.
hospital ['haːspəl]  
*n. A hospital is a place where sick people get help. They work in a hospital.

ill [ɪl]  
*adj. If someone is ill, they are sick or not feeling well. She's in bed because she's ill.

knee [nek]  
*n. Your knee is the middle part of your leg, where it bends. His knee hurt after running.

nail [neɪl]  
*n. A nail is one of the hard surfaces at the ends of your fingers and toes. She painted one nail gold.

nurse [nɜːrs]  
*n. A nurse is someone whose job is to care for sick and injured people. The nurses are busy today.

safety ['sefti]  
*n. Safety is being safe from harm or danger. It is important to pay attention to safety when biking.

shoulder ['ʃəʊldər]  
*n. Your shoulder is where your arm joins your body, next to your neck. His shoulder hurts from playing tennis.

slim [slɪm]  
*adj. Someone who is slim is thin. He wasn't slim before, but he is now.

toe [toʊ]  
*n. A toe is one of the five separate parts at the end of your foot. The baby has little toes.

well [wel]  
*adj. Someone who is well is healthy, not sick. He was sick yesterday, but he's feeling well today.
A. Choose the correct word for the given definition.

1. one of the five separate parts at the end of your foot
   a. shoulder   b. toe   c. knee   d. hospital

2. healthy, not sick
   a. slim   b. safety   c. nail   d. well

3. a place where sick or injured people go for help
   a. hospital   b. toe   c. shoulder   d. knee

4. being safe from harm or danger
   a. nail   b. ill   c. slim   d. safety

5. where your arm joins your body
   a. knee   b. toe   c. shoulder   d. nurse

B. Check the one that fits the sentence.

1. Alan is now slim because he ______.
   a. works out every day   b. doesn’t feel well

2. Maria’s nails are ______.
   a. very long   b. too fat

3. Tim can’t walk. His ______.
   a. shoulders move   b. knees hurt

4. I wasn’t in class on Monday because I ______.
   a. felt ill   b. was fit

5. A: What does your older sister do?
   B: She’s ______.
   a. in the hospital   b. a nurse
A. Answer the questions.

1. What is the reading mainly about?
   a. Finding the best medical student
   b. Finding a cure for Mr. Wright’s illness
   c. Finding out why Mr. Wright is in the hospital
   d. Finding the best nurse in the hospital

2. Why is Mr. Wright in the hospital?
   a. He bumped his toe.
   b. He has a bad heart.
   c. He is ill from a disease.
   d. He hurt his back and shoulders.

3. Fill in the blank with the word from the passage.
   a. His ____________________ is in good health.

   b. Should we be in suits for our ____________________?
What about his **brain**? Have you checked for brain tumors?

He doesn't look **well**. Maybe he's **ill**.

Shouldn't we be in suits for our **safety**?

If you all could just...

Someone call a **nurse**! We need to get everyone out of here!

ENOUGH!!! I just bumped my **toe**!

---

**B. Write T for true and F for false.**

1. The doctors were in an accident.  
2. Mr. Wright doesn't have back or shoulder pain.  
3. Mr. Wright calls a nurse.

---

**C. Match the definition with the word in bold from the passage.**

1. a place where sick or injured people go  
2. healthy or not ill  
3. not feeling well, or being sick

---

# In Real Life  
Have you ever had an accident? What happened?
**activity** [ækˈtɪvəti]  
*n.* An *activity* is something you do because you enjoy it. Walking in the mountains is their favorite *activity*.

**coach** [kouʃ]  
*n.* A *coach* is someone who trains a person or team in a sport. My dad is the *coach* of our soccer team.

**final** ['fɜːnəl]  
*adj.* If something is *final*, it comes at the end or is the last. The *final* score was 0-0.

**meter** [ˈmiːtər]  
*n.* A *meter* is a unit of length equal to 100 centimeters. He is almost two *meters* tall.

**move** [mu:v] moved - moved  
*v.* To *move* is to change from one place or position to another. When you exercise, you *move* your body to become fit.

**net** [net]  
*n.* A *net* is the thing that you must hit the ball over in games such as tennis. The ball didn’t go over the *net*.

**park** [paːrk]  
*n.* A *park* is a large open area with grass and trees, where people can walk, play games, and have fun. They often play sports at the *park*.

**pool** [puːl]  
*n.* A *pool* is an area of water that is made for people to swim in. He’s having fun in the *pool*.

**prize** [praɪz]  
*n.* A *prize* is something that is given to a person who wins a race, game, or competition. He got a *prize* for winning the game.

**race** [reɪs]  
*n.* A *race* is a competition to see who is the fastest. They are going to start the *race*. 
A. Choose the correct word for the given definition.

1. a large open area with grass and trees  
   a. prize  
   b. coach  
   c. meter  
   d. park

2. something you do because you enjoy it  
   a. activity  
   b. race  
   c. net  
   d. final

3. the thing you hit the ball over in tennis  
   a. pool  
   b. net  
   c. coach  
   d. activity

4. coming at the end or last  
   a. net  
   b. race  
   c. final  
   d. park

5. a unit of length  
   a. move  
   b. meter  
   c. prize  
   d. final

B. Circle the correct word.

1. The _______ says our team needs to practice more.  
   a. prize  
   b. coach  
   c. activity  
   d. net

2. Tamara was the best student in her art class. Her _______ was a new set of paints.  
   a. meter  
   b. pool  
   c. park  
   d. prize

3. I was in a bicycle _______, and I finished first!  
   a. race  
   b. move  
   c. coach  
   d. activity

4. You shouldn’t swim in the _______ alone. It isn’t safe.  
   a. net  
   b. prize  
   c. pool  
   d. coach

5. Ben’s knee really hurts. He can’t even _______ his leg.  
   a. win  
   b. train  
   c. stop  
   d. move
skate [skeɪt]  
*n. A skate is a boot with a steel blade that you wear to move on ice. She’s putting on her skates.*

sled [sled]  
*n. A sled is a small vehicle for moving on snow. Their mom is pulling them on a sled.*

snowball [ˈsnəʊbɔːl]  
*n. A snowball is a ball of snow that someone makes. She is going to throw a snowball.*

snowboard [ˈsnəʊbɔːrd]  
*n. A snowboard is a flat board for riding on snow. He can go fast on his snowboard.*

snowman [ˈsnəʊmæn]  
*n. A snowman is a figure made of snow that looks like a person. They are building a snowman together.*

swing [swɪŋ]  
*n. A swing is a chair hanging on two ropes. The little girl is enjoying the swing.*

team [tiːm]  
*n. A team is a group of people who play a sport or game together against another group. We’re on a baseball team.*

**touch** [tʌtʃ]  
*touched - touched  
*v. To touch something is to put your hand on it. Please don’t touch the window.*

win [win]  
*won - won  
*v. To win a race or game is to finish first or get the most points. She is going to win the race.*

**winner** [ˈwinər]  
*n. A winner is a person who wins a game or race. The winner gets a gold medal.*
A. Choose the correct definition for the given word.

1. snowboard
   a. a group of people who play a sport together
   b. to put your hand on something
   c. a ball of snow that a person makes
   d. a flat board for moving on snow

2. winner
   a. to move on skates
   b. the person who wins a game or race
   c. something made of snow that looks like a person
   d. a chair hanging on two ropes

3. sled
   a. a small vehicle for moving on snow
   b. a ball of snow that someone makes
   c. a flat board that a person stands on
   d. a person who wins a game or race

4. skate
   a. to put your hand on something
   b. a chair hanging on two ropes
   c. a boot with a steel blade
   d. a small vehicle for moving on snow

5. win
   a. to finish first or get the most points
   b. a group of people who play a sport together
   c. something that looks like a person and is made of snow
   d. to put your hand on something

B. Fill in the blank with the correct word from the word bank.

snowballs  snowman  swings  team  touch

1. The kids are playing on the ____________ in the park.
2. Who threw those ____________ at the teacher?
3. We won’t win the race because the other ____________ is very good.
4. In soccer, you can’t ____________ the ball with your hands.
5. It snowed last night! Let’s go outside and make a ____________.
You are invited to this year’s Winter Festival. Come and enjoy free activities for the whole family!

**WHEN:** January 5-7  **WHERE:** Grand Park

★ **12:30–1:30** Snowman Contest
Make a snowman in teams of two to five. The best snowmen win. The first prize winner gets $50, the second prize winner gets $25, and the third prize winner gets free hot chocolate.

★ **2:00–3:00** Sledding for All Ages
Come to Rosewood Hill on the north side of the park. It’s only 30 meters high, but it’s long. Great for sledding! Don’t worry if you don’t have a sled—you can borrow one from us! The hour ends with a race, and the winner gets a new sled!

**Answer the questions.**

1. What is the reading mainly about?
   a. Good places to snowboard  
   b. Fun activities at the Winter Festival  
   c. Learning winter sports  
   d. The winners of a race

2. What will a coach help people learn?
   a. Building snowmen  
   b. Sledding  
   c. Snowboarding  
   d. Ice skating

3. Fill in the blank with the word from the passage.
   a. Rosewood Hill is 30 ____________________.
   b. There is ice in the ____________________ for skating.
**3:00-4:00 Snowboarding Lesson**
Bring your **snowboard** to Rosewood Hill and get a free lesson. Mikey Aaron, a pro snowboarder, will be your **coach** for one hour.

**All Day Ice Skating**
From January to March, our swimming **pool** is open for ice skating. We hope to see you there!

---

**B.** Write T for true and F for false.

1. The snowman contest will have one winner.  
   T

2. The winner of the sled race gets money.  
   T

3. You have to pay to go ice skating.  
   F

---

**C.** Match the definition with the word in bold from the passage.

1. to finish first or get the most points  
   **winner**

2. something given to the winner of a game  
   **prize**

3. a competition to see who finishes first  
   **race**

---

# In Real Life
What winter sports or activities do you like?
chess [tʃes]  
*n.* Chess is a game that two people play by moving pieces around a board. He's learning to play chess.

climbing [ˈklaɪmɪŋ]  
*n.* Climbing is an activity or sport where a person goes up a large rock or mountain. Climbing is her favorite sport.

field [fiːld]  
*n.* A field is an area of ground where some sports are played. They're practicing on the soccer field.

fishing [ˈfɪʃɪŋ]  
*n.* Fishing is the sport of catching fish. The man and his son love fishing together.

game [ɡeɪm]  
*n.* A game is an activity or sport that people play according to rules. A group of friends is trying a new game.

goal [ɡoʊl]  
*n.* A goal is a point scored in sports, such as soccer. He kicks the ball and scores a goal.

golf [ɡɔlf]  
*n.* Golf is a sport where you use a small club to hit a ball into a hole. He plays golf every weekend.

hit [hɪt] hit - hit  
*v.* To hit something is to strike it quickly and with force, with your hand, a bat, or a racket. He can hit the ball hard.

play [pleɪ] played - played  
*v.* To play is to take part in a sport or game. They play a lot of video games.

player [ˈpleɪər]  
*n.* A player is someone who takes part in a sport or game. She's the best player on the team.
A. Choose the correct definition for the given word.

1. hit
   a. to take part in a sport or game
   b. to strike something quickly and with force
   c. the activity of going up a large rock or mountain
   d. a point scored in sports such as soccer

2. player
   a. a sport in which people hit a small white ball
   b. an activity or sport that people play
   c. an area of ground where some sports are played
   d. a person who takes part in a sport or game

3. chess
   a. the sport of catching fish
   b. the activity of going up a large rock or mountain
   c. a game that two people play on a board
   d. to take part in a sport or game

4. goal
   a. a point scored in a sport, such as soccer
   b. an area of ground where some sports are played
   c. a sport in which people hit a small white ball
   d. someone who takes part in a sport or game

5. game
   a. the activity or sport of going up a large rock or mountain
   b. the sport of catching fish
   c. an activity or sport that people play according to rules
   d. to strike something quickly and with force

B. Circle the correct word to complete each sentence.

1. Which game do you want to play / hit / touch first?

2. Stephen likes field / goal / golf because it’s a relaxing outdoor sport.

3. I’ve never tried game / climbing / chess because it doesn’t seem safe.

4. I’ll park the car, and then I’ll meet you on the soccer field / game / player.

5. Swing / Goal / Fishing is fun even if you don’t catch anything.
**puzzle** ['pʌズl]  
*n.* A **puzzle** is a game or toy with pieces that you have to fit together. This is the last piece of the **puzzle**.

**racket** ['rækat]  
*n.* A **racket** is a type of bat with strings, used to hit a ball. She loves her new **racket**.

**runner** ['rʌner]  
*n.* A **runner** is someone who runs for sports or for fun. Every **runner** in the race has a number.

**running** ['rʌning]  
*n.* **Running** is a sport of moving on your feet at a speed faster than walking. **Running** keeps them healthy and fit.

**sailing** ['seɪlɪŋ]  
*n.* **Sailing** is the sport or activity of traveling in a boat with sails. **Sailing** is a good way to enjoy the ocean.

**skateboard** ['skætbaːrd]  
*n.* A **skateboard** is a short board with wheels on it. It's fun to watch him on his **skateboard**.

**soccer** ['səkər]  
*n.* **Soccer** is a sport played by two teams who try to kick a ball to score goals. Kids all over the world play **soccer**.

**surfing** ['sɜːrfɪŋ]  
*n.* **Surfing** is the sport of riding on waves in the ocean on a special board. **Surfing** is his favorite summer sport.

**tennis** ['tenɪs]  
*n.* **Tennis** is a sport in which people hit a small ball back and forth over a net. He's teaching his daughter to play **tennis**.

**volleyball** ['vɔlɪbɔːl]  
*n.* **Volleyball** is a sport in which two teams hit a ball over a high net. People play **volleyball** on the beach.
A. Choose the correct word for the given definition.

1. the sport of moving on your feet faster than walking
   a. running  b. surfing  c. skateboard  d. tennis

2. a sport in which people hit a small ball over a net
   a. running  b. tennis  c. racket  d. runner

3. the sport of riding a special board on waves in the ocean
   a. surfing  b. sailing  c. puzzle  d. running

4. a game or toy with pieces that fit together
   a. sailing  b. puzzle  c. runner  d. racket

5. a type of bat with strings that you use to hit a ball
   a. skateboard  b. volleyball  c. golf  d. racket

B. Match the phrase to complete each sentence.

1. You have to run a lot
   • a. because we don’t have a net.

2. Sailing can be scary
   • b. you will hurt yourself.

3. If you fall off your skateboard,
   • c. when you play soccer.

4. We can’t play volleyball
   • d. to start the race.

5. All the runners are ready
   • e. in bad weather.
The Olympic Games

★ 774 BCE The Olympic Games start in Greece. They happen every four years. But these Olympics only have running, boxing, and a few other sports. Only men can join.

★ 393 CE The last of the old Olympic Games happen.

★ 1896 The Olympic Games start again. The idea comes from a French man named Pierre de Coubertin. He wanted to bring people from all countries together. The 1896 Olympics have swimming, tennis, running, and many other sports.

A. Answer the questions.

1. What is the reading mainly about?
   a. The Olympics in Tokyo  
   c. The first women in the Olympics
   b. The best Olympic sports  
   d. The history of the Olympics

2. Which sport was in the Olympics first?
   a. Tennis
   c. Volleyball
   b. Soccer  
   d. Climbing

3. Fill in the blank with the word from the passage.
   a. In 1896, the Olympic ____________________ started again.
   b. The first team sport in the Olympics was ____________________.
★ 1900 The first Olympic Games with both men and women happen in Paris. Women only play a few sports, such as golf, tennis, and sailing. Soccer becomes the first team sport.
★ 1924 The first Winter Olympics happen. Two of the big sports are skating and ice hockey. Skating is the only winter sport for women.
★ 1964 Volleyball becomes part of the Olympics. It's the first Olympic Games in Asia (Tokyo, Japan).
★ 2020 Surfing, climbing, and skateboarding become Olympic sports. There are now women players in most Olympic sports.
★ 20?? Some people want fishing and chess to be in the Olympics. Maybe someday!

B. Write T for true and F for false.

1. The first Olympic Games were in 774 BCE. _______
2. Women played golf in 1900. _______
3. Surfing and skateboarding are in the 2020 Olympics. _______

C. Match the definition with the word in bold from the passage.

1. a game in which players hit a ball into a hole ___________________
2. the sport of traveling in a boat with sails ___________________
3. a game in which two players move pieces on a board ___________________

# In Real Life Which sports do you want to see in a future Olympic Games?
backyard [bækˈjaːrd]
n. A **backyard** is the area behind a house, usually with grass. They’re playing in the **backyard**.

basement [ˈbeɪsmənt]
n. A **basement** is a room or area in a building that is under the ground. There is nothing in the **basement**.

bathtub [ˈbætəb]
n. A **bathtub** is a large container that you sit or lie in to wash your body. The **bathtub** is very clean.

blanket [ˈblæŋkɪt]
n. A **blanket** is a thick warm cover that you sleep under. The dog likes sleeping under the **blanket**.

ceiling [ˈsiːlɪŋ]
n. A **ceiling** is the part of a room that you see when you look above you. He’s painting the **ceiling**.

couch [kautʃ]
n. A **couch** is a piece of furniture on which two or more people can sit. The whole family can fit on the **couch**.

cupboard [ˈkʌbərd]
n. A **cupboard** is a piece of furniture with doors, used for storing things. She’s looking for something in the **cupboard**.

cushion [ˈkjuʃən]
n. A **cushion** is a soft cloth bag filled with soft material and is used for sitting or leaning on. This couch has three **cushions**.

downstairs [ˌdaʊnˈsterz]
adv. To go **downstairs** is to go to a lower level of a building. The kitchen is **downstairs**.

drawer [ˈdraːr]
n. A **drawer** is a box that slides into and out of a piece of furniture. The spoons are in this **drawer**.
A. Choose the correct word for the given definition.

1. a soft cloth bag filled with soft material for leaning on
   a. ceiling           b. drawer           c. couch           d. cushion

2. a large container that you lie or sit in to wash your body
   a. bathtub           b. backyard         c. basement        d. blanket

3. the part of a room that you see when you look above you
   a. cushion           b. ceiling          c. cupboard        d. downstairs

4. to go a lower level of a building
   a. bathtub           b. downstairs       c. blanket         d. couch

5. a piece of furniture that you pull out and push in
   a. basement          b. ceiling          c. drawer          d. backyard

B. Circle the correct word.

1. We don’t have an extra bed for you, but you can sleep on the ________.
   a. ceiling           b. couch            c. cupboard        d. field

2. I don’t like going to the ________. It’s cold and dark down there.
   a. drawer            b. hospital         c. doctor          d. basement

3. Will you please get two glasses from the ________?
   a. cupboard          b. couch            c. ceiling          d. net

4. Our neighbors have a pool in their ________.
   a. cushion           b. downstairs       c. backyard         d. drawer

5. This is my favorite ________ because it’s warm and soft.
   a. skate              b. blanket          c. swing            d. bathtub
**garage** [ˈɡeərə]  
*n. A garage is a building for keeping a car in. He’s closing the garage door.*

**hall** [hɔ:l]  
*n. A hall is a narrow passage in a building that leads from room to room. My room is at the end of the hall.*

**living room** [ˈlɪvɪŋ ru:m]  
*n. A living room is a room in a house where people sit to relax. They’re relaxing in the living room.*

**napkin** [ˈnæpkn]  
*n. A napkin is a piece of cloth or paper for wiping a person’s hands and mouth. Put the knife and fork on the napkin.*

**roof** [ru:f]  
*n. A roof is a surface that covers the top of a building. He needs to fix the roof.*

**sink** [sɪŋk]  
*n. A sink is a bowl that is attached to the wall in a kitchen or bathroom, and used for washing dishes or hands, etc. She washes her hands at the sink.*

**tile** [tæl]  
*n. A tile is one of the flat pieces that are used to cover roofs, floors, or walls. The bathroom has wall tiles.*

**toilet** [ˈtəʊɪlt]  
*n. A toilet is a bowl in the bathroom where people leave human waste. The toilet is right next to the shower.*

**toothbrush** [ˈtuːθbrʌʃ]  
*n. A toothbrush is a small brush that you use for cleaning your teeth. They keep their toothbrushes in a glass.*

**upstairs** [ˈʌpˈsterz]  
*adv. To go upstairs is to go to an upper level in a building. She’s running upstairs.*
A. Choose the correct definition for the given word.

1. toothbrush
   a. a bowl used for washing dishes, etc.
   b. a room where people sit to relax
   c. a small brush for cleaning your teeth
   d. a building for keeping a car in

2. hall
   a. a flat, square piece for covering floors and walls
   b. the area in a building that leads from room to room
   c. a short board with wheels on it
   d. the surface that covers the top of a building

3. upstairs
   a. a flat, square piece for covering floors and walls
   b. to go to an upper level in a building
   c. a piece of cloth or paper for cleaning your hands
   d. a room where people sit to relax

4. garage
   a. a building for keeping a car in
   b. a long, narrow area in buildings
   c. a small brush for cleaning your teeth
   d. the top of a building

5. tile
   a. a room where people sit to relax
   b. a piece of cloth or paper for cleaning your hands and lips
   c. a large bowl in a bathroom that you sit on to get rid of bodily waste
   d. a flat, square piece for covering floors and walls

B. Check the one that fits the sentence.

1. I wanted to use the bathroom, but ______.
   [ ] a. I didn’t have a racket  [ ] b. the toilet wasn’t working

2. Please don’t leave dirty dishes ______.
   [ ] a. in the sink  [ ] b. on the roof

3. My favorite show is on TV soon, so ______.
   [ ] a. I’ll meet you in the hall  [ ] b. let’s go to the living room

4. When you have finished eating, remember to wipe your hands ______.
   [ ] a. in the bathtub  [ ] b. on the napkin

5. Be careful on the roof, or ______.
   [ ] a. you could fall  [ ] b. you’ll break the sink
**Where’s My Phone?**

Sadie: Have you seen my phone, dad?
Dad: Sorry, I haven’t.
Sadie: I’ve looked everywhere, and I’m late for school.
Dad: You’re always losing your phone! You should keep it in your bag.
Sadie: I try to do that, but sometimes I forget.
Dad: Did you look under the blanket and the cushions on the couch?
That’s where it was the last time.
Sadie: I did, and it’s not there or anywhere in the living room. I checked all the furniture.
Dad: What about the bathroom upstairs? I remember you left your phone next to the bathtub once. And another time, I found it in the sink.

**A. Answer the questions.**

1. What is Sadie’s main problem?
   a. Her dad took her phone away.
   b. She cannot find her phone.
   c. Her phone is broken.
   d. She is always late for school.

2. Where did Sadie NOT look?
   a. In the kitchen cupboards
   b. In the bathroom upstairs
   c. In the garage
   d. In the basement

3. Fill in the blank with the word from the passage.
   a. Sadie checked under the _____________ and the _____________ on the couch.
   b. She even looked in the garage and __________________.
Sadie: I looked there, too.

Dad: Hmm. Didn’t you put it in a kitchen drawer once? It might be there.

Sadie: I already checked all the drawers and cupboards. I even looked in the garage and the backyard.

Dad: Have you been downstairs this morning? It might be in the basement.

Sadie: No, I haven’t been downstairs all morning.

Dad: Well, I’ll call your phone right now, and maybe we’ll be able to hear it.

Sadie: Thanks.

Dad: Um, Sadie, I think your bag’s ringing.

---

B. Write T for true and F for false.

1. Sadie looked under the couch cushions.  
   ______

2. She did not look in the kitchen drawers.  
   ______

3. She did not go downstairs this morning.  
   ______

C. Match the definition with the word in bold from the passage.

1. a thick warm cover that you sleep under  
   __________________

2. a bowl attached to the wall in a kitchen or bathroom  
   __________________

3. a piece of furniture with doors, used for storing things  
   __________________

---

# In Real Life  
What do you sometimes lose at home? Where do you look?
bedding ['bedɪŋ]
n. Bedding is the sheets and blankets that you put on a bed. The bedding is all white.

bedroom ['bedruːm]
n. A bedroom is a room for sleeping in. She keeps her bedroom very clean.

build [bɪld] built - built
v. To build is to make something by putting materials and parts together. He knows how to build a house.

carpet ['kaːprit]
n. A carpet is a covering for floors made of a thick material. The carpet needs cleaning.

cleaner ['kliːner]
n. A cleaner is a product, often a liquid, used for cleaning. He's using glass cleaner on the window.

curtain ['kəːtn]
n. A curtain is a piece of cloth that hangs down over a window to cover it. She opens the curtains in the morning.

dresser ['dresər]
n. A dresser is a large piece of furniture with drawers for storing clothes. This dresser has four drawers.

floor [flɔːr]
n. A floor is a flat surface that you stand on inside a building. This room has a pretty tile floor.

furniture ['fɜːməntər]
n. The furniture refers to the large objects in a room, such as chairs, tables, and beds. They're shopping for new furniture.

live [lɪv] lived - lived
v. To live somewhere is to have a home in that place. They live in a new apartment now.
A. Choose the correct word for the given definition.

1. the flat surface that you stand on
   a. floor          b. hall          c. cleaner          d. cushion

2. large objects in a room, such as chairs, tables, and beds
   a. furniture      b. napkin       c. blanket          d. bedroom

3. the sheets and blankets that you put on a bed
   a. curtain        b. tile         c. furniture        d. bedding

4. a product, often a liquid, used for cleaning
   a. cleaner        b. dresser      c. chess            d. basement

5. to make something by putting materials and parts together
   a. live           b. touch        c. build           d. move

B. Match the phrase to complete each sentence.

1. It’s dark in the bedroom •                  a. in my dresser.
2. When you clean the bathroom, don’t forget • b. on the carpet.
3. I keep all my T-shirts •                   c. because the curtains are closed.
4. They live in a big house •                 d. to wash the floor.
5. We let the dog sit •                       e. with five bedrooms.
**mat** [mæt]  
*n.* A mat is a piece of thick, rough material that covers part of a floor. There’s a mat in front of the door.

**mattress** ['mætris]  
*n.* A mattress is the soft part of a bed that you lie on. She’s buying a new mattress.

**pillow** ['pɪlou]  
*n.* A pillow is a soft, filled cloth bag that you put your head on to sleep. There are lots of pillows on the bed.

**seat** [si:t]  
*n.* A seat is a place where you can sit. All the seats are empty.

**shelf** [ʃelf]  
*n.* A shelf is a flat, narrow board used to put things on, often attached to a wall. I keep my books on that shelf.

**stair** [ster]  
*n.* A stair is a step in a set of stairs from one level to another. The baby can’t climb the stairs.

**tool** [tu:1]  
*n.* A tool is something that you hold and use to do a particular job. He hangs his tools up when he’s done with them.

**wall** [wɔ:l]  
*n.* A wall is one of the upright sides of a room or building. The walls are painted blue.

**wallpaper** ['wɔ:l,peɪpər]  
*n.* Wallpaper is paper that you stick onto the walls of a room. He’s putting up new wallpaper.

**wood** [wʊd]  
*n.* Wood is the hard material that trees are made of. The house has beautiful wood floors.
A. Choose the correct definition for the given word.

1. wall
   a. one of the upright sides of a room or building
   b. the sheets and blankets that you put on a bed
   c. a small area behind a house, usually with grass
   d. a place where you can sit

2. pillow
   a. a piece of hanging cloth to cover a window
   b. a building for keeping a car in
   c. a cloth bag filled with soft material that you put your head on to sleep
   d. a piece of furniture with doors, used for storing things

3. mat
   a. a large bowl in a bathroom that you sit on
   b. the hard material that trees are made of
   c. a piece of thick, rough material that covers part of the floor
   d. a thick, warm cover that you sleep under

4. tool
   a. a comfortable piece of furniture for two or more people
   b. the surface that covers the top of a building
   c. a piece of cloth or paper for cleaning your hands and mouth
   d. something that you hold in your hand and use to do a particular job

5. shelf
   a. the hard material that trees are made of
   b. a room or area of a building under the ground
   c. a flat, narrow board used to put things on
   d. the flat surface that you stand on in a building

B. Fill in the blank with the correct word from the word bank.

  mattress  seat  stairs  wallpaper  wood

1. I need a more comfortable ________________ for my bed.
2. Grandpa can make nice furniture out of ________________.
3. The baby's bedroom walls are covered with cute pink ________________.
4. Going up and down ________________ is good exercise.
5. I'll be late for the movie. Could you please save me a ________________?
One-Bedroom Apartment for Rent

Are you a student looking for a place to live this summer? I have the place for you! I'm studying in Spain from June to August, and I need someone to rent my apartment. The building is in a pretty part of town near the university. It was built only three years ago, so everything is new!

FOR RENT

A. Answer the questions.

1. What is the main topic of the reading?
   a. A student looking for a roommate  
   b. An apartment for rent  
   c. A new university building  
   d. A furniture sale

2. What does the apartment NOT include?
   a. Shelves  
   b. A couch  
   c. Bedding  
   d. A backyard

3. Fill in the blank with the word from the passage.
   a. The living room has a beautiful ____________________.
   b. You won’t hear the neighbors because the ____________________.
★ The living room has a beautiful wood floor. The furniture includes a couch, chair, TV, shelves, and a coffee table.
★ The large bedroom with brand-new carpet and a mattress. (Please bring your own pillows and bedding.) Furniture includes a dresser, desk, shelf, and desk chair.
★ The bathroom has a bathtub.
★ BONUS: The walls are thick, so you never hear the neighbors. It’s a great place to study. Dogs and cats are welcome! The back stairs lead down to a shared backyard.

I’m only asking for $400 a month. Please call (555-450-3898) or email (rubyq@psu.edu) by May 15.

B. Write T for true and F for false.

1. The mattress is new.  
2. The bedroom has a wood floor.  
3. There are shelves in the living room and the bedroom.  

C. Match the definition with the word in bold from the passage.

1. a soft, filled cloth bag that you put your head on  
2. the sheets and blankets that you put on a bed  
3. a large piece of furniture with drawers for storing clothes  

# In Real Life  Describe your home and your room. What do you like or dislike about it?
**address** [əˈdres]  
*n.* An *address* is the exact location where a building is, including the street name, building number, and town or city.  
Our *address* is 14 Wall Street, New York City.

**building** [ˈbɪldɪŋ]  
*n.* A *building* is a structure with walls and a roof, such as a house or school.  
The city’s tall *buildings* look pretty at night.

**café** [kæˈfɛ]  
*n.* A *café* is a small restaurant where you can buy drinks and simple meals.  
You can sit outside at this *café*.

**cathedral** [ˈkæθərəl]  
*n.* A *cathedral* is the main church of a particular area.  
We saw a famous *cathedral* in Italy.

**center** [ˈsɛntər]  
*n.* The *center* of something is its middle point or part.  
This map shows the *center* of the city.

**church** [tʃɜːtʃ]  
*n.* A *church* is a building where Christians go to worship.  
The small town has one little *church*.

**elevator** [ɪˈlevətər]  
*n.* An *elevator* is a machine that carries people up and down in tall buildings.  
He wants to take the *elevator*, not the stairs.

**entrance** [ˈentrəns]  
*n.* An *entrance* is a door or other opening that you use to enter a building or place.  
Let’s meet in front of the supermarket *entrance*.

**exit** [ˈɛgzɪt]  
*n.* An *exit* is a door or space that you use to leave a building or place.  
Follow the green signs to find the *exit*.

**gallery** [ˈgæləri]  
*n.* A *gallery* is a room or building where people can see paintings and other art.  
Our class visited a *gallery*.
A. Choose the correct definition for the given word.

1. cathedral
   a. a product, often a liquid, used for cleaning
   b. a machine that carries people up or down
   c. the main church of a particular area
   d. the soft part of a bed that you lie on

2. building
   a. a large piece of furniture with drawers
   b. a structure with walls and a roof
   c. a small restaurant for drinks and simple meals
   d. the middle part or point of something

3. gallery
   a. the door or opening that you use to enter
   b. the hard material that trees are made of
   c. a room or building where people can see art
   d. something that you hold and use to do a job

4. exit
   a. the door or gate you use to leave a place
   b. a room for sleeping in
   c. the details of where a building is
   d. a place where you can sit

5. center
   a. one of the upright sides of a room or building
   b. the middle point or part of something
   c. the flat surface that you stand on in a building
   d. a building where Christians go to worship

B. Circle the correct word to complete each sentence.

1. Give me your exit / address / entrance so I can write to you.

2. That café / center / cathedral has good sandwiches and coffee.

3. Mel and I go to the same curtain / church / address, so I see her once a week.

4. How do you get inside this building? I can’t find the entrance / gallery / address.

5. We live on the sixth floor, so we always use the center / carpet / elevator.
gate [get]  
*n. A gate is the part of a fence or outside wall that opens and closes like a door. The gate is open, so we can go in."

guesthouse [gesthaus]  
*n. A guesthouse is a small house where guests pay to stay, like a small hotel. A backpacker arrives at the guesthouse."

hotel [hou’tel]  
*n. A hotel is a large building where people pay to stay and eat meals. We had a room at a nice hotel."

library [ˈlaibrəri]  
*n. A library is a room or building with a collection of books that you can read or borrow. He’s getting some books from the library."

museum [ˈmjuːziəm]  
*n. A museum is a place showing art, science, or history. You can see dinosaur bones at the museum."

outside [ˈautˌsɔːrd]  
*adv. If something or someone is outside, they are not in a building. They study outside when the weather is good."

restaurant [ˈrestərənt]  
*n. A restaurant is a place where you can buy and eat a meal. The restaurant isn’t busy today."

stadium [ˈstɛdiəm]  
*n. A stadium is a building for public events, especially sports. This stadium is for soccer."

theater [ˈθetər]  
*n. A theater is a building or place with a stage where people can watch plays and shows. The theater has comfortable seats."

villa [ˈvɪla]  
*n. A villa is a large house where people stay when visiting a warm country. They own a beautiful villa with a pool."
EXERCISE 2

A. Choose the correct word for the given definition.

1. a place showing art, science, or history
   a. museum       b. cathedral       c. entrance       d. stadium

2. a house especially one where people stay when visiting a warm country
   a. restaurant   b. café            c. seat           d. villa

3. a place where you can buy and eat a meal
   a. theater      b. address         c. restaurant     d. church

4. the part of a fence or outside wall that opens and closes like a door
   a. exit         b. gate            c. library        d. stair

5. a small house where guests pay to stay, like a small hotel
   a. guesthouse   b. mat             c. elevator       d. center

B. Match the phrase to complete each sentence.

1. My favorite baseball team plays
   • a. at the new theater.

2. The class will see a play
   • b. go outside.

3. It’s too noisy to study here. Let’s go
   • c. to the library.

4. The family stayed for two nights
   • d. at this stadium.

5. It’s raining really hard. We can’t
   • e. at a hotel.
Go NYC: Group Bus Tours

Phone: (212) 678-4532
Address: 40 Monroe St.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9:00 a.m.</td>
<td>Hotel</td>
<td>We pick you up by the entrance of your hotel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9:30-10:30 a.m.</td>
<td>St. Patrick's Cathedral</td>
<td>This beautiful church opened in 1879. It is a big part of New York City's history.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10:30-11:30 a.m.</td>
<td>Empire State Building</td>
<td>We'll visit the gift shop. Then we'll take the elevator to the 102nd floor. Look out on New York City from 1,050 feet above the busy streets below.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A. Answer the questions.

1. What is the reading mainly about?
   a. Why people like New York
   b. When you should go to New York
   c. What you'll see on a bus tour
   d. When different tours start

2. Where will there be a meal?
   a. On Wall Street
   b. In Central Park
   c. On Museum Mile
   d. At the Empire State Building

3. Fill in the blank with the word from the passage.
   a. If you're going on the tour, wait by the entrance of your
      ______________________________.
   b. Madison Square Garden is both ______________________________.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11:30-1:30 p.m.</td>
<td>Lunch and Walk in Central Park</td>
<td>This is a beautiful green space in the <strong>center</strong> of New York! If the weather is good, we'll have lunch <strong>outside</strong> at a <strong>café</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:30-4:30 p.m.</td>
<td>Museum Mile</td>
<td>This part of 5th Avenue has many famous <strong>museums</strong>, including the Metropolitan Museum of Art. Take your time and look around.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4:30-6:00 p.m.</td>
<td>Madison Square Garden</td>
<td>It's both a <strong>stadium</strong> and a <strong>theater</strong>! The NBA's New York Knicks play here. You can also see concerts by world-famous singers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6:00-7:30 p.m.</td>
<td>Dinner in Little Italy</td>
<td>Here you'll find the best Italian <strong>restaurants</strong> in the US! You'll love the pizza at Toby's.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**B.** Write T for true and F for false.

1. St. Patrick's Cathedral is an old church. _______
2. They'll use the stairs at the Empire State Building. _______
3. They'll have dinner at a café. _______

**C.** Match the definition with the word in bold from the passage.

1. a door or other opening that you use to enter a building  
   __________________
2. the middle part of something  
   __________________
3. not in a building  
   __________________

**In Real Life**  
What are the most important or interesting places in your city?
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Description/Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>bacon</em></td>
<td><em>n.</em> Bacon is meat from a pig, cut into long, thin slices. The <em>bacon</em> looks ready.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>butter</em></td>
<td><em>n.</em> Butter is a yellow food made from milk or cream. Put some <em>butter</em> on your bread.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>chop</em></td>
<td><em>v.</em> To <em>chop</em> something is to cut it into smaller pieces. He <em>chops</em> the tomatoes and broccoli.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>coffee</em></td>
<td><em>n.</em> Coffee is a hot dark-brown drink with a slightly bitter taste. They're drinking <em>coffee</em> together.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>cup</em></td>
<td><em>n.</em> A <em>cup</em> is a round container used for drinking. I drink with my blue <em>cup</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>eat</em></td>
<td><em>v.</em> To <em>eat</em> is to put food in your mouth and then swallow it. They <em>eat</em> lunch at school.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>fork</em></td>
<td><em>n.</em> A <em>fork</em> is a tool with three or four points and a handle, used for picking up food. She eats with a knife and <em>fork</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>have</em></td>
<td><em>v.</em> To <em>have</em> something is to eat or drink it. They <em>have</em> pizza once a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>honey</em></td>
<td><em>n.</em> Honey is a sweet, sticky food that is made by bees. I bought a jar of <em>honey</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>jam</em></td>
<td><em>n.</em> Jam is a sweet food made from fruit. Strawberry <em>jam</em> tastes good.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
A. Choose the correct word for the given definition.

1. to eat or drink something
   a. build       b. have       c. chop       d. live

2. a yellow food made from milk or cream
   a. butter      b. jam        c. bacon      d. coffee

3. a sweet, sticky food that is made by bees
   a. fork        b. sink       c. butter     d. honey

4. a round container used for drinking
   a. coffee      b. roof       c. cup        d. chop

5. a sweet food made from fruit
   a. cup         b. tool       c. have       d. jam

B. Fill in the blank with the correct word from the word bank.

   bacon   chop   coffee   eat   fork

1. Don’t eat with your hands. Use your _____________.

2. I’m trying not to _______________ anything between meals.

3. Ellie’s cooking _______________ on the stove.

4. Do you like milk and sugar in your _______________?

5. Next, _______________ one large tomato and add it to the bowl.
marshmallow  [ˈmɑːrfləʊ]  
*n. A marshmallow is a soft white food made from sugar. The marshmallows are covered in chocolate.*

mushroom  [ˈmʌʃrəm]  
*n. A mushroom is a vegetable with a stem and a round top. There are many different kinds of mushrooms.*

pepper  [ˈpepə]  
*n. Pepper is a black, gray, or red powder that gives food a spicy flavor. Please pass the black pepper.*

salt  [sɔːlt]  
*n. Salt is a natural white mineral used to add flavor to food. He is adding salt to the pan.*

sausage  [ˈsɔːski]  
*n. Sausage is a mix of meat and spices pressed into a long tube. We’re having sausages for breakfast.*

soup  [suːp]  
**SYN. stew**  
*n. Soup is a hot liquid food made from vegetables, meat, or fish. The vegetable soup looks good.*

stove  [stʌv]  
*n. A stove is a piece of equipment that you cook on. The pan is on the stove.*

tea  [tɪː]  
*n. Tea is a drink that you make by pouring water over dried leaves. The tea is hot.*

vanilla  [ˈvæniələ]  
*n. Vanilla is a substance made from the seeds of a tropical plant, used to give flavor to sweet foods. I would like to have a vanilla ice cream.*

vegetable  [ˈvedʒtəbəl]  
*n. A vegetable is a plant that you eat, for example, potatoes or onions. Fresh vegetables are good for you.*
A. Choose the correct definition for the given word.

1. stove
   a. a piece of equipment that you cook on
   b. a round container used for drinking
   c. a white substance used to add flavor to food
   d. a mix of meat and spices pressed into a long tube

2. vanilla
   a. a vegetable with a stem and a round top
   b. a plant that you eat
   c. a soft white food made from sugar
   d. a substance made from the seeds of a tropical plant

3. salt
   a. a yellow food made from milk or cream
   b. a natural white mineral used to add flavor to food
   c. a sweet, sticky food that is made by bees
   d. a black, gray, or red powder that gives food a spicy flavor

4. marshmallow
   a. a plant that you eat
   b. a soft white food made from sugar
   c. a vegetable with a stem
   d. a sweet food made from fruit

5. sausage
   a. a substance made from the seeds of a tropical plant
   b. a yellow food made from milk or cream
   c. a mix of meat and spices pressed into a long tube
   d. a sweet, sticky food that is made by bees

B. Circle the correct word.

1. In the summer, I like to drink iced ________.
   a. bacon       b. tea       c. jam       d. butter

2. Some ________ are safe to eat, but others aren’t.
   a. forks       b. stoves    c. mushrooms d. cups

3. We grow our own ________ in the backyard.
   a. vegetables b. coffees   c. sausages d. honey

4. Would you like some salt and ________ for your eggs?
   a. tea       b. cup       c. pepper d. marshmallow

5. Some people have chicken ________ when they’re sick.
   a. soup      b. butter    c. bacon   d. coffee
Breakfast Around the World

Some people say that breakfast is the most important meal of the day. People eat different things for breakfast in different parts of the world.

★ **COLOMBIA** Colombians like to have arepa for breakfast. This is a cake made from corn, with eggs, meat, or jam on top. Another popular dish is a soup made from milk and eggs.

★ **ENGLAND** The English don’t just have a cup of tea in the morning. They like to have a hot breakfast. They call it a “fry-up” because it’s fried on the stove. It includes bacon, eggs, tomatoes, chopped mushrooms, and sausages.

★ **KOREA** A Korean breakfast is not very different from lunch or dinner. At every meal, Koreans usually eat rice, soup, and several different vegetables.

---

A. Answer the questions.

1. What is the reading mainly about?
   a. Healthy things to eat  
   b. Things people drink  
   c. Fresh vegetables  
   d. Breakfast foods in different countries

2. Which is true, according to the passage?
   a. Colombians don’t have eggs for breakfast.  
   b. The English eat only vegetables in the morning.  
   c. Soup is often a part of a Korean breakfast.  
   d. Brazilians don’t put anything on their bread.

3. Fill in the blank with the word from the passage.
   a. On top of their *arepa*, Colombians put eggs, meat, or _______________.  
   b. An English breakfast is called a “fry-up” because they fry it _______________.

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BRAZIL Brazilians wake up with strong coffee and milk. To go with it, they often have bread with butter and cheese. Sometimes they have soup made with black beans and meat.

What do people have for breakfast in your country?

B. Write T for true and F for false.

1. Colombians make soup with milk and eggs._____
2. Koreans have bread and cheese for breakfast._____
3. Brazilians like to have tea with milk in the morning._____

C. Match the definition with the word in bold from the passage.

1. a vegetable with a stem and a round top ________
2. a mix of meat and spices pressed into a long tube ________
3. a yellow food made from milk or cream ________
avocado  [əˈveɪkədəʊ]  
*n. An avocado is a fruit with a thick green or purple skin and a large seed in the middle. You can eat avocado on bread.*

barbecue  [ˈbɑːrbiːkjuː]  
*n. A barbecue is a meal or party during which food is cooked over a fire. They’re having a family barbecue.*

bagel  [ˈbeɡəl]  
*n. A bagel is a small ring-shaped type of bread. I’d like to have a half of a bagel, please.*

cheese  [ʃiːz]  
*n. Cheese is a solid food made from milk, which can be soft or hard. We have many kinds of cheese.*

cook  [kʊk] cooked - cooked  
*v. To cook is to prepare food for eating by using heat. He is learning to cook.*

cookie  [ˈkuki]  
*n. A cookie is a small, flat, and sweet cake. The cookies are almost ready.*

full  [fʊld]  
*adj. If someone is full, they have had enough to eat and do not want any more. The woman already ate, so she’s full.*

grapefruit  [ˈɡreɪپfruːt]  
*n. A grapefruit is a round, yellow fruit with a thick skin, like a large orange. The grapefruit is red on the inside.*

hamburger  [ˈhæmbɜːrgər]  
*n. A hamburger is a round, flat shape of meat that is eaten between round pieces of bread. I asked for a hamburger with fries.*

ketchup  [ˈkɛtʃəp]  
*n. Ketchup is a thick, cold red sauce made from tomatoes. Ketchup tastes good on a hamburger.*
A. Choose the correct definition for the given word.

1. bagel
   a. a round, yellow fruit with a thick skin
   b. a white substance used to add flavor to food
   c. a soft, white food made from sugar
   d. a small, ring-shaped type of bread

2. avocado
   a. a fruit with a thick green or purple skin
   b. a mix of meat and spices pressed into a long tube
   c. a thick, cold red sauce made from tomatoes
   d. a hot, liquid food made from vegetables, meat, or fish

3. grapefruit
   a. a vegetable with a stem and a round top
   b. a round, yellow fruit with a thick skin
   c. a white substance used to add flavor to food
   d. a solid food made from milk, which can be soft or hard

4. cookie
   a. a small, ring-shaped type of bread
   b. a thick, cold red sauce made from tomatoes
   c. a plant that you eat
   d. a small, flat, and sweet cake

5. full
   a. to cut something into smaller pieces
   b. a meal or party during which food is cooked over a fire
   c. not wanting any more food
   d. a piece of equipment that you cook on

B. Describe the picture.

1. The man is at a b___________.
2. He likes to c__________ for me.
3. He is making a h___________.
4. There is already c___________ on top of the meat.
5. Right now, he is adding k___________.

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lemon  ['lemən]
n. A lemon is a fruit with a hard, yellow skin and sour juice. We have fresh lemon juice.

melon  ['melnən]
n. A melon is a large, round fruit with sweet, juicy flesh. I'd like a slice of melon, please.

milkshake  ['milkʃeɪk]
n. A milkshake is a sweet drink made of milk and chocolate or fruit. They're enjoying their milkshakes.

orange  ['ɔ:rendʒ]
n. An orange is a round, sweet fruit with a thick skin and is divided into parts inside. I cut an orange in half.

pasta  ['pæste]
n. Pasta is an Italian food made from flour, eggs, and water, and cut into different shapes. Today's lunch is pasta with tomato sauce.

salad  ['sæləd]
n. Salad is a mix of raw vegetables, especially lettuce and tomato. That salad looks delicious.

shrimp  ['ʃrɪmp]
n. A shrimp is a small sea animal with a shell and legs, that you can eat. You can cook shrimp in a pan.

snack  [snæk]
n. A snack is a small amount of food that is eaten between main meals. An apple is a healthy snack.

supper  ['sæpər]
n. Supper is a meal that you eat in the evening. The family is eating supper together.

thirsty  ['θɜːsti]
adj. If someone is thirsty, they want or need a drink. Hot weather makes people thirsty.
A. Choose the correct word for the given definition.

1. a small sea animal that you can eat
   a. sausage   b. hamburger  c. shrimp   d. salt

2. wanting or needing a drink
   a. avocado   b. thirsty  c. salt   d. full

3. a round, sweet fruit with a thick skin and is divided into parts inside
   a. lemon   b. pasta  c. orange   d. mushroom

4. a mix of raw vegetables, especially lettuce and tomato
   a. snack   b. jam  c. supper   d. salad

5. a large, round fruit with sweet, juicy flesh
   a. melon   b. cookie  c. soup   d. ketchup

B. Check the one that fits the sentence.

1. Some people put lemon ______.
   ☐ a. in their mattress   ☐ b. in their tea

2. Would you like chocolate or fruit ______?
   ☐ a. in your melon   ☐ b. in your milkshake

3. If you’re hungry, you should ______.
   ☐ a. have a snack   ☐ b. miss supper

4. You have to heat water on the stove to ______.
   ☐ a. make a salad   ☐ b. cook pasta

5. Don’t eat those cookies! We’re going to ______ soon.
   ☐ a. have supper   ☐ b. make juice
Dear Diary,

I want to be healthier, so I’m writing down everything I eat. I’m only going to eat healthy meals and snacks!

**Day 1** For breakfast, I had tea with lemon and half a melon. For lunch, I just ate a salad and a cheese sandwich. Supper was good. Mom cooked spaghetti—my favorite! That’s OK because a little pasta isn’t bad. I wanted to have more, but I didn’t.

**Day 2** Today I had the same breakfast as yesterday. At lunch, they served hamburgers, which aren’t healthy. So I just had an orange and some milk. I didn’t feel full, but I’m glad I didn’t eat a hamburger. For supper, we had chicken. I was hungry before bed, so I had a cookie. One cookie isn’t bad, right?

---

**A. Answer the questions.**

1. What is the reading mainly about?
   a. A boy who is learning to cook
   b. A boy who wants to eat better food
   c. A boy who does not enjoy food
   d. A boy who eats too much pasta

2. What did Alex NOT eat on Day 2?
   a. A hamburger
   b. A cookie
   c. An orange
   d. Chicken

3. Fill in the blank with the word from the passage.
   a. Alex’s lunch on Day 1 was a salad and ____________.

   b. On Day 3, Alex had a ____________ for dinner.
Day 3 Today didn’t go very well. I was so hungry in the morning that I ate three bagels. At lunch, I had pizza and a milkshake. Then my family had a barbecue for dinner. I ate so much! Healthy eating is harder than I thought.

B. Write T for true and F for false.

1. Alex cooked pasta on Day 1.       
   
2. Alex had half a melon for breakfast on Day 2. 
   
3. On Day 3, Alex had a milkshake for breakfast. 
   
C. Match the definition with the word in bold from the passage.

1. a mix of raw vegetables, especially lettuce and tomato ____________________

2. not wanting any more food ____________________

3. a small ring-shaped type of bread ____________________

# In Real Life What did you have for breakfast, lunch, and dinner yesterday? Was it healthy?
among [əˈmæŋ]  
*prep.* If something is *among* other things, it is with or in the middle of a group.  
She is standing *among* the clothes.

both [bəʊθ]  
*det.* *Both* is used to talk about two people or things together.  
*Both* my brother and my sister work at the store.

buyer [ˈbɑːrər]  
*n.* A *buyer* is someone who buys something.  
The *buyer* is happy with his new car.

cart [kɑːrt]  
*n.* A *cart* is a large basket on wheels that you use in a supermarket.  
Her *cart* is empty.

customer [ˈkʌstəmər]  
*n.* A *customer* is someone who buys goods or services from a store or company.  
He’s smiling at a *customer* in his café.

else [els]  
*adv.* *Else* is used to say that something is in addition to something.  
She’s trying to remember what *else* she needs.

expensive [ɪkˈspensɪv]  
*adj.* If something is *expensive*, it costs a lot of money.  
She thinks it’s too *expensive*.

find [fænd] found - found  
*v.* To *find* something is to discover, see, or get it.  
She’s at the store to *find* some new clothes.

gold [gould]  
*adj.* If something is *gold*, it is made of gold or is the color gold.  
*Gold* coins are worth a lot of money.

look [lʊk] looked - looked  
*v.* To *look* at something is to turn your eyes toward it so you can see it in greater detail or with more intention.  
They’re *looking* at the toys.
A. Choose the correct word for the given definition.

1. someone who buys something
   a. else    b. cleaner    c. both    d. buyer

2. with or in the middle of a group
   a. among    b. gold    c. customer    d. both

3. to turn your eyes toward something so you can see it
   a. find    b. else    c. look    d. cart

4. someone who buys goods or services from a store or company
   a. coach    b. customer    c. gold    d. look

5. a large basket on wheels that you use in a supermarket
   a. buyer    b. expensive    c. cart    d. drawer

B. Circle the correct word to complete each sentence.

1. These shoes look gold / expensive / full, but they only cost $15.

2. I bought else / among / both my phone and my computer at that store.

3. Excuse me, where is the bathroom? I can’t live / find / have it.

4. Here’s your coffee. Would you like anything else / both / full?

5. My dad wears a well / gold / thirsty watch.
**neat** [nɪːt]  
*adj.* If something is neat, it is tidy and clean.  
The store’s shelves are very neat.

**parking lot** [ˈpaːrking lɔːt]  
*n.* A parking lot is an open area for cars to park in.  
There are a lot of cars in the parking lot.

**pick** [pɪk] picked - picked  
*v.* To pick something is to choose it.  
He picks a gray T-shirt.

**price** [prɑːs]  
*n.* The price of something is how much you have to pay for it.  
She’s checking the price.

**sell** [sɛl] sold - sold  
*v.* To sell something is to offer it for people to buy.  
She sells makeup.

**shop** [ʃɔːp]  
*n.* A shop is a place where you can buy goods or services.  
He works at a bike shop.

**shopper** [ˈʃɔːpə]  
*n.* A shopper is someone who buys things in stores.  
The store is filled with shoppers.

**supermarket** [ˈsuːpərˌmɑːrkɪt]  
*n.* A supermarket is a large store that sells food, drinks, and other things people need in their homes.  
This supermarket is huge.

**try** [traɪ] tried - tried  
*v.* To try is to attempt to do something.  
She is trying to decide what to buy.

**wonderful** [ˈwʌndərfʊl]  
*adj.* If something is wonderful, it is very good.  
He thinks this store is wonderful.
A. Choose the correct definition for the given word.

1. try
   a. to discover, see, or get something
   b. to choose something
   c. to attempt to do something
   d. to turn your eyes toward something so that you can see it

2. shopper
   a. a large basket on wheels that you use in a supermarket
   b. someone who buys things in stores
   c. a large store that sells food, drinks, and other things
   d. an open area for cars to park in

3. wonderful
   a. very good
   b. tidy and clean
   c. costing a lot of money
   d. with or in the middle of a group

4. neat
   a. made of gold
   b. wanting or needing a drink
   c. very good
   d. tidy and clean

5. price
   a. someone who buys things in stores
   b. how much you have to pay for something
   c. a place where you can buy goods
   d. a large basket on wheels that you use in a supermarket

B. Match the phrase to complete each sentence.

1. I really like both of these dressers, so
   a. in the parking lot.
   b. $30.
   c. at the supermarket.
   d. you pick one.
   e. you go to?

2. Which shop will

3. We need coffee and bread, so let’s stop

4. Kelly can’t find her car

5. Nick is selling his old couch for
afford [əˈfɔːrd] afforded - afforded
v. To afford something is to be able to buy or do something because you have enough money or time.
She can’t afford to shop anymore.

around [əˈraʊnd]
prep. To go around an area is to move to many places or parts of it.
They’re walking around the mall.

bookstore ['bʊkstoʊ]
n. A bookstore is a store that sells books.
She’s shopping at a bookstore.

card [kaːrd]
n. A card is a small piece of plastic from a bank that you use to pay for things or get money.
He’s paying with a card.

chain [tʃeɪn]
n. A chain is a number of stores or hotels owned by the same company or person.
Most fast-food restaurants are chains.

choose [tʃuːz] chose - chosen
v. To choose is to pick something from a group of things.
He’s trying to choose a shirt.

closed [ˈkləʊzd]
adj. If a store or other building is closed, it is not open and people cannot enter it.
The café is closed today.

discount [ˈdɪskəʊnt]
n. A discount is a special lower price for something.
This store is offering big discounts.

dress [dres]
n. A dress is a piece of clothing usually for women or girls that covers the top of the body and hangs down over the legs.
She’s wearing a new pink dress.

fashionable [ˈfæʃənəbl]
adj. If something is fashionable, it is popular at a certain time.
You can see fashionable clothes at a fashion show.
A. Choose the correct definition for the given word.

1. chain
   a. an open area for cars to park in
   b. someone who buys items from a store
   c. what something costs
   d. stores owned by the same company

2. card
   a. a small piece of plastic from a bank to pay with
   b. a store that sells books
   c. someone who buys things in stores
   d. a large basket on wheels that you use in a supermarket

3. fashionable
   a. costing a lot of money
   b. popular at a certain time
   c. with or in the middle of a group
   d. tidy and clean

4. around
   a. popular at a certain time
   b. something additional
   c. moving to many places or parts of an area
   d. two people or things together

5. bookstore
   a. a building with books that you can borrow
   b. a special lower price
   c. a store that sells books
   d. a yellow food made from milk or cream

B. Circle the correct word.

1. These jeans are usually expensive, but I was able to get a ________.
   a. price
   b. discount
   c. customer
   d. chain

2. All the soups look good. I don’t know which one to ________.
   a. afford
   b. chop
   c. choose
   d. look

3. All the boys wore suits to the party, and all the girls wore ________.
   a. dresses
   b. carts
   c. snacks
   d. customers

4. We got an old used car because we couldn’t ________ a new one.
   a. cook
   b. ease
   c. play
   d. afford

5. Lena needed a book, but the library was ________.
   a. closed
   b. full
   c. fashionable
   d. expensive
get [get] got - gotten(got)

v. To get something is to take, receive, or buy it.
They went to the supermarket to get some food.

instead [ɪn’stɛd]

adv. Instead means in place of someone or something else.
He didn’t want a red hat, so he got a blue one instead.

jewelry ['dʒuəlri]
n. Jewelry is a small thing that you wear for decoration, such as a ring or a necklace.
This store has some nice jewelry.

label ['læbl]
n. A label is a piece of paper or fabric that is attached to something and gives information about it.
You should always read the label on your food.

mall [mɔːl]
n. A mall is a large, covered shopping area.
This mall has three floors.

piece [piːs]
n. A piece is a part of something or one of a particular type of thing.
Try a piece of candy.

receipt [rɪˈsiːt]
n. A receipt is a piece of paper that shows you have paid for something.
Your receipt shows how much money you spent.

return [rɪˈtɜːrn] returned - returned

v. To return something is to give, send, or put it back where it came from.
She has to return the blouse because it doesn’t fit.

style [staɪl]
n. A style is a way of designing things, such as hair, clothes, and furniture.
The sisters dress in the same style.

take [tɛk] took - taken

v. To take something or someone is to bring it or them with you when you go somewhere.
When we go shopping, we take our own shopping bag.
A. Choose the correct word for the given definition.

1. small things that you wear for decoration, such as rings or necklaces
   a. card       b. label       c. jewelry       d. chain

2. to bring something or someone with you when you go somewhere
   a. dress      b. take        c. discount     d. style

3. to give, send, or put something back where it came from
   a. afford     b. try         c. choose       d. return

4. a way of designing things, such as hair, clothes, and furniture
   a. customer   b. shopper     c. style        d. jewelry

5. a large, covered shopping area
   a. mall       b. instead     c. receipt      d. parking lot

B. Fill in the blank with the correct word from the word bank.

   get       instead       label       piece       receipt

1. To return something to a store, you usually need the _____________.

2. If the Chinese restaurant is closed, we’ll have Italian food
   _____________.

3. I can’t fit one more ____________ of clothing into my suitcase.

4. I love your new glasses! Where did you ____________ them?

5. The ____________ on this dress says to wash it in cold water.
Nora's Shopping Trip

Nora: Mom, I'm home!
Mom: Wow, you were at the mall all morning. What did you get?
Nora: I got a dress and a few pieces of jewelry, and they're wonderful. Here, I'll show you.
Mom: Oh, you're right. The jewelry is beautiful, and dresses like this are so fashionable now. Where did you find them?
Nora: There's a new store called Emilia's. Everything there is my style. It was so hard to choose. Thanks for letting me use your card.
Mom: You're welcome. So, how much was it?
Nora: Uh, well, here's the receipt.

A. Answer the questions.

1. What is the reading mainly about?
   a. A mom who took her daughter shopping
   b. A girl who spent a lot of money
   c. A mom who opened a store
   d. A girl who wants a job

2. Why are they going back to the mall?
   a. To return some jewelry
   b. To buy more dresses
   c. To find Mom's card
   d. To get Nora a job

3. Fill in the blank with the word from the passage.
   a. Nora bought a dress and a few ____________.
   b. Nora paid for everything using ____________.
Mom: Let me see... what?! Oh, no! I’m sorry, but this is much too expensive. You have to return it all.

Nora: But Mom, Emilia’s was having a sale. I got everything at a discount, so I can’t return it.

Mom: I see. Is this store hiring people right now?

Nora: Yes, there’s a sign there that says “Help Wanted.” They need more salespeople. Why?

Mom: Let’s go. I’m taking you to Emilia’s, and you’re going to work there until you can afford to pay me back!

B. Write T for true and F for false.

1. Nora’s mom doesn’t like the style of Nora’s new jewelry. ____

2. Emilia’s is giving discounts today. ____

3. Nora cannot return what she bought. ____

C. Match the definition with the word in bold from the passage.

1. popular at a certain time ___________

2. a piece of paper that shows you have paid for something ___________

3. to have enough money to pay for something ___________

# In Real Life What was the last thing you bought? Describe it.
belt [bɛlt]
n. A belt is a long, thin piece of leather, cloth, or plastic that you wear around your waist.
I usually wear a brown belt.

cardigan [ˈkɑːrdɪɡən]
n. A cardigan is a sweater that buttons at the front.
Her cardigan keeps her warm.

clothes [ˈkləʊðz]
n. Clothes are things such as shirts and pants that you wear on your body.
This store sells clothes for kids.

denim [ˈdenɪm]
n. Denim is a thick, strong cotton cloth, often blue, which is used to make clothes.
The dress I am making is made out of denim.

glasses [ˈɡlæsəz]
n. Glasses are a piece of equipment with two glass parts that you wear over your eyes to see better.
He can’t see well without his glasses.

jacket [ˈdʒækɪt]
n. A jacket is a lightweight coat used to stay warm.
She bought a red jacket.

jeans [dʒiːnz]
n. Jeans are pants made of denim.
Which of these jeans do you like?

pajamas [pɑːˈdʒeɪməz]
n. Pajamas are a shirt and pants that you wear in bed.
The kids are in their pajamas.

pants [pænts]
n. Pants are a piece of clothing that covers the legs and has a separate part for each leg.
His pants are darker than his jacket.

pocket [ˈpoʊkət]
n. A pocket is a small opening in clothing, in which to put things.
Her phone is in her pocket.
A. Choose the correct word for the given definition.

1. a piece of equipment that you wear in front of your eyes
   a. pocket       b. pajamas       c. glasses       d. jewelry

2. a sweater that buttons at the front
   a. dress        b. cardigan      c. mall          d. belt

3. a shirt and pants that you wear in bed
   a. clothes      b. glasses       c. pajamas       d. labels

4. a lightweight coat used to stay warm
   a. jacket       b. piece         c. denim        d. cardigan

5. pants made of denim
   a. styles       b. chains        c. pajamas      d. jeans

B. Describe the picture.

1. Her shirt is made of d________________.
2. Her p________________ are white.
3. She has a pink b________________.
4. Her hand is in her p________________.
5. These c________________ are good for spring weather.
ring [rɪŋ]
n. A ring is a round piece of jewelry that you wear on your finger. She wears a lot of rings.

sleeve [sli:v]
n. A sleeve is the part of a jacket or shirt that covers your arm. Most of my shirts have long sleeves.

suit [sju:t]
n. A suit is a jacket and pants or a jacket and skirt that are made of the same material. He looks nice in his suit.

sweater ['swetər]
n. A sweater is a warm piece of clothing that covers the top of your body. She has a new pink sweater.

sweatshirt ['swetʃərt]
n. A sweatshirt is a simple piece of soft clothing with long sleeves that you wear on top. Sweatshirts are often gray.

tie [taɪ]
n. A tie is a long, thin piece of material that is worn under a shirt collar and tied at the front. His tie is bright red.

tights [taɪts]
n. Tights are a piece of clothing made of thin material that covers the legs. This store sells tights.

T-shirt ['tʃɪət]
n. A T-shirt is a simple piece of clothing with short sleeves and no collar. These T-shirts come in many colors.

uniform ['juːnɪfoːrm]
n. A uniform is a particular set of clothing that is required to be worn by a group of people. They have to wear a school uniform.

wear [wer] wore - worn
v. To wear something is to have it on your body. She likes to wear T-shirts.
A. Choose the correct definition for the given word.

1. sweatshirt  
   a. a round piece of jewelry that you wear on your finger  
   b. a simple piece of soft clothing with long sleeves  
   c. a sweater that buttons at the front  
   d. the part of a jacket or shirt that covers your arm  

2. sleeve  
   a. to have clothes or jewelry on your body  
   b. a warm piece of clothing that covers the top of your body  
   c. the part of a jacket or shirt that covers your arm  
   d. a round piece of jewelry  

3. T-shirt  
   a. a round piece of jewelry that you wear on your finger  
   b. a short coat, sometimes part of a suit  
   c. a place where you can buy goods or services  
   d. a simple piece of clothing with short sleeves and no collar  

4. suit  
   a. a jacket and pants that are made from the same material  
   b. a material worn under a shirt collar and tied at the front  
   c. a simple piece of soft clothing with long sleeves  
   d. a lightweight coat used to stay warm  

5. tights  
   a. a sweater that buttons at the front  
   b. the part of a jacket or shirt that covers your arm  
   c. a piece of clothing that covers the legs  
   d. pants made of denim  

B. Circle the correct word to complete each sentence.

1. The nurse’s ring/uniform/belt is blue with short sleeves.  
2. If you feel cold, you should put on a jewelry/tie/sweater.  
3. Kira doesn’t have much jewelry—just a few rings/sweatshirts/labels.  
4. It’s hot today, so wear/return/cook something with short sleeves.  
5. My dad wears a tie/tights/pocket to work every day.
Making a Donation

Mom? Have you seen my school uniform? I thought you washed it.

Your jacket and pants are hanging in the laundry room. I’ll iron your shirt and tie tonight.

Thanks, Mom. Oh, did you also wash my cardigan? I have to bring it to school for the winter session.

Oh! No, I didn’t. I washed your sweater though. Can you wear that tomorrow?

Yeah. That should be fine.

By the way, dear... Did you pick out the clothes you want to donate?

A. Answer the questions.

1. What is the reading mainly about?
   a. Choosing a uniform  
   b. Donating a uniform  
   c. Buying new clothes  
   d. Giving clothes away

2. What is Bradley NOT going to donate?
   a. A suit  
   b. T-shirts  
   c. Tights  
   d. Jeans

3. Fill in the blank with the word from the passage.
   a. Your __________________ are hanging in the laundry room.
   b. Did you pick out the __________________?
Yeah. There are some old **T-shirts** and some **jeans** lying on my bed. You can donate those. Oh! You can also donate my old **suit**. It doesn’t fit me anymore.

**Mom**

Good. What about you, **Miranda**?

**Miranda**

**Mom**

Umm… I have some old **tights** and a **sweatshirt** I can donate.

**Bradley**

The ones with the holes in them? **Miranda**...

**Miranda**

What? Someone can still wear them…

**Bradley**

Ha! Nobody wants to wear your busted old tights.

**Mom**

Fine! When I get home, I’ll pick out some things. I have some **belts** I can donate. I also have some **pajamas** and a **denim** jacket I don’t wear.

**Mom**

Good. See you both later.

---

**B.** Write **T** for true and **F** for false.

1. Bradley will wear a cardigan to school tomorrow.  
   ____

2. Bradley’s old T-shirts don’t fit him anymore.  
   ____

3. Miranda will donate a denim jacket.  
   ____

---

**C.** Match the definition with the word in bold from the passage.

1. a long, thin piece of cloth worn under a shirt collar  
   __________________

2. clothing you wear in bed  
   __________________

3. strong, thick cloth used to make clothes  
   __________________

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**# In Real Life**  Why should you donate clothes to others?
backpack  [ˈbækpæk]  
*n. A backpack is a bag that you carry on your back. She takes her backpack to school.*

blouse  [blaʊs]  
*n. A blouse is a piece of clothing like a shirt, that women wear. Her blouse has short sleeves.*

boot  [bʊt]  
*n. A boot is a type of shoe that covers your whole foot and the lower part of your leg. Please leave your boots by the door.*

clothing  [ˈkloʊðɪŋ]  
*SYN. clothes  n. Clothing is another word for clothes. He works at a clothing store.*

coat  [koʊt]  
*n. A coat is a piece of clothing with long sleeves that is worn over your clothes to keep you warm in cold weather. Her coat is very warm.*

cotton  [ˈkɒtən]  
*n. Cotton is cloth or thread made of the white hair of the cotton plant. These sweaters are made of cotton.*

earring  [ˈɪrɪŋ]  
*n. An earring is a piece of jewelry that you wear in your ear. Her earrings are sparkling.*

glove  [ɡlʌv]  
*n. A glove is a piece of clothing that you wear on your hand to protect it or keep it warm. He wears gloves on cold days.*

knit  [nɪt] knitted - knitted  
*v. To knit something is to make it out of yarn using two knitting needles. He’s trying to knit a scarf.*

necklace  [ˈnek-ləs]  
*n. A necklace is a piece of jewelry that you wear around your neck. I wear this necklace every day.*
**Exercise 1**

**A. Choose the correct definition for the given word.**

1. **glove**
   a. a bag that you carry on your back
   b. a piece of clothing you wear on your hand to protect or keep it warm
   c. a piece of clothing with long sleeves that is worn over your clothes
   d. cloth or thread made of the white hair of the cotton plant

2. **blouse**
   a. a piece of clothing, like a shirt, that women wear
   b. a sweater that buttons at the front
   c. a meal that you eat in the evening
   d. things such as shirts and pants that you wear on your body

3. **coat**
   a. cloth or thread made of the white hair of the cotton plant
   b. a small thing that you wear for decoration
   c. an open area for cars to park in
   d. a piece of clothing with long sleeves that is worn over your clothes

4. **boot**
   a. a sweater that buttons at the front
   b. a bag that you carry on your back
   c. a type of shoe that covers your whole foot
   d. pants made of denim

5. **earring**
   a. a round piece of jewelry that you wear on your finger
   b. a piece of jewelry that you wear in your ear
   c. a piece of jewelry that you wear around your neck
   d. a piece of clothing like a shirt, that women wear

**B. Fill in the blank with the correct word from the word bank.**

- backpack
- clothing
- cotton
- knit
- necklace

1. Adele is wearing a gold _____________ and earrings.
2. Denim clothes are made of _____________.
3. I’m going to _______________ a sweater for you for your birthday.
4. It will be very cold tomorrow. Be sure to wear warm _____________.
5. My _______________ is heavy because it’s so full of books.
**purse** [pɜːrs]  
*n. A purse is a bag in which a woman carries her money and personal things. She carries a big black purse.*

**raincoat** [ˈreɪnkət]  
*n. A raincoat is a coat that you wear to protect yourself from rain. They need their raincoats today.*

**sandal** ['sændəl]  
*n. A sandal is a light shoe that is worn in warm weather. He wears sandals in the summer.*  
**SYN.** flip-flop

**scarf** [skɑːrf]  
*n. A scarf is a piece of cloth that you wear around your neck or face to keep warm. She’s wearing her favorite scarf.*  
**SYN.** muffer

**shorts** [ʃɔːrts]  
*n. Shorts are short pants that stop above the knees. They play soccer in shorts.*

**skirt** [skɜːrt]  
*n. A skirt is a piece of clothing that hangs down from the waist like a dress. Let’s look at those skirts.*

**sunglasses** ['sʌŋɡləz]  
*n. Sunglasses are dark glasses that you wear to protect your eyes from the sun. He wears his sunglasses on sunny days.*

**swimsuit** ['swɪmsu:t]  
*n. A swimsuit is a piece of clothing that you wear to go swimming. I got a new green and white swimsuit.*  
**SYN.** bathing suit

**umbrella** ['ʌmbruələ]  
*n. An umbrella is a thing that you hold over your head when it is raining. They’re sharing an umbrella.*

**underwear** ['ʌndərweə]  
*n. Underwear is the clothing that you wear under your clothes. This shop sells underwear for men and boys.*


A. Choose the correct word for the given definition.

1. a piece of cloth that you wear around your neck or face
   a. umbrella   
   b. scarf         
   c. uniform  
   d. T-shirt

2. a piece of clothing that covers your legs usually worn by women
   a. suit       
   b. skirt    
   c. jewelry   
   d. jacket

3. the clothing that you wear under your clothes
   a. underwear  
   b. coat     
   c. pocket  
   d. uniform

4. dark glasses that you wear to protect your eyes from the sun
   a. swimsuit   
   b. necklace  
   c. sunglasses  
   d. sweater

5. a bag in which a woman carries her money and personal things
   a. cotton  
   b. piece   
   c. backpack   
   d. purse

B. Match the phrase to complete each sentence.

1. There’s a pool at the hotel, • a. but jeans are OK.
2. I can’t lend you a raincoat, • b. but here’s an umbrella.
3. These sandals look nice, • c. and then you won’t lose them.
4. We can’t wear shorts to school, • d. so bring your swimsuit.
5. Keep your gloves in your purse, • e. and they keep your feet cool.
A. **Answer the questions.**

1. What is the reading mainly about?
   a. Reading a good book
   b. Buying new clothes
   c. Making a room neat
   d. Dressing for the weather

2. What is the first thing the girls do?
   a. Organize the clothes by season
   b. Put all the clothes on the floor
   c. Put away boots and purses
   d. Get rid of old clothes

3. Fill in the blank with the word from the passage.
   a. Carla’s grandmother knitted her ____________________ and a ____________________.
   b. Because it’s spring, Carla needs her ____________________ put away in boxes.
What about these *sandals*?

Hmmm...

Now you know where everything is!

Thanks!

I learned this from Marie Kondo’s book.

Then get rid of them. After this is done, we’ll organize by season. It’s spring, so we’ll put away your warm *coats* in boxes. But we’ll keep your *raincoat* and *swimsuits*, and...

It’s in here somewhere...

---

**B.** Write **T** for true and **F** for false.

1. Carla’s clothing makes her room messy. ______

2. Carla can find what she needs in her room. ______

3. They didn’t clean up Carla’s room. ______

**C.** Match the definition with the word in bold from the passage.

1. short pants that stop above the knees ___________________

2. shoes that cover your whole foot and part of your leg ___________________

3. clothing that you wear under your clothes, next to your skin ___________________

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# In Real Life

How do you organize your clothes?
album  ['ælbəm]
n. An album is several pieces of music collected into a single item. I bought this album on a CD.

band  [bænd]
n. A band is a group of musicians or singers who perform together. The band practices after school.

channel  ['tʃænl]
n. A channel is a television station. Will you please change the channel?

concert  ['kɔntərkt]
n. A concert is a performance of music by one or more musicians or singers. We're really enjoying the concert.

dancer  ['dænsər]
n. A dancer is someone who dances, either as a job or for fun. They're very good dancers.

drum  [dʁʌm]
n. A drum is a musical instrument played by hitting it with the hand or a stick. She can play the drums.

instrument  ['ɪnstrəment]
n. An instrument is an object such as a piano or a drum that is played to make musical sounds. What instrument are you learning?

jazz  [dʒæz]
n. Jazz is a kind of music where musicians make up what they play. We heard a jazz band play.

musical  ['mjuːzɪkəl]
n. A musical is a play or movie that includes singing and dancing. I liked the songs in that musical.

opera  ['ɑːpərə]
n. An opera is a musical play in which most of the words are sung. She is a famous opera singer.
A. Choose the correct word for the given definition.

1. a musical play in which most of the words are sung
   a. album   b. suit   c. opera   d. instrument

2. someone who dances, either as a job or for fun
   a. channel   b. band   c. dancer   d. boot

3. a play or movie that includes singing and dancing
   a. drum   b. jazz   c. concert   d. musical

4. a performance of music by one or more musicians or singers
   a. instrument   b. concert   c. channel   d. blouse

5. a group of musicians or singers who perform together
   a. band   b. dancer   c. opera   d. album

B. Check the one that fits the sentence.

1. Please put on Channel 5 so ______.
   □ a. we can fall asleep   □ b. we can watch the news

2. Troy wants to be in the school musical, but ______.
   □ a. he can’t sing   □ b. he writes songs

3. My best friend listens to opera, but ______.
   □ a. I like jazz   □ b. I don’t dance

4. My favorite band ______.
   □ a. is $19.50   □ b. has made a new album

5. Lori doesn’t play any instruments, but ______.
   □ a. she plays drums well   □ b. she wants to learn the drums
painting  [ˈpeɪntɪŋ]
n. A painting is a painted picture that you put on a wall for people to see. This is a painting of some mountains and a river.

pop  [pɒp]
n. Pop is modern music that is popular, especially with young people. I like pop, but my parents don’t.

rap  [ræp]
n. Rap is a type of popular music in which the words of a song are spoken. We went to a rap concert last night.

record  [rɪˈkɔːrd] recorded - recorded
v. To record is to store music and sound on a computer or tape. She is here to record a song.

recording  [rɪˈkɔːrdɪŋ]
n. A recording is something that has been stored on a computer or tape. He’s watching a recording on his phone.

singer  [ˈsɪŋər]
n. A singer is someone who sings as a job or for fun. She wants to be a singer.

singing  [ˈsɪŋɪŋ]
n. Singing is the activity of producing musical sounds with your voice. Singing with your friends is fun.

stage  [ˈsteɪdʒ]
n. A stage is the raised area in a theater on which actors or singers stand. The actor is on stage.

video  [ˈvɪdiəʊ]
n. A video is a short movie that is made to go with a piece of popular music. They’re making a video for their new song.

violin  [ˈvaɪəlɪn]
n. A violin is a musical instrument with four strings that you play with a bow. He’s playing the violin.
A. Choose the correct definition for the given word.

1. video
   a. a recording of moving pictures and sound
   b. a performance of music by one or more musicians or singers
   c. a painted picture that you put on a wall for people to see
   d. a group of musicians or singers who perform together

2. singing
   a. someone who sings as a job or for fun
   b. the activity of traveling in a boat with sails
   c. a collection of several pieces of music, available as a single item
   d. the activity of producing musical sounds with your voice

3. pop
   a. a musical instrument
   b. a room for sleeping in
   c. the raised area in a theater
   d. modern, popular music

4. recording
   a. a short movie that is made to go with a piece of popular music
   b. an object such a piano or a drum that is played to make musical sounds
   c. music, sound, or images that have been stored on a computer or tape
   d. a painted picture that you put on a wall for people to see

5. rap
   a. a play or movie that includes singing and dancing
   b. a type of music in which the words of a song are not sung, but spoken
   c. someone who dances, either as a job or for fun
   d. a performance of music by one or more musicians or singers

B. Circle the correct word.

1. Hugo loves music, so he started taking _______ lessons.
   a. concert
   b. singer
   c. painting
   d. violin

2. I can’t watch the big game tonight. Will you please _______ it for me?
   a. wear
   b. try
   c. record
   d. sell

3. The _______ is empty now, but soon the play will start.
   a. stage
   b. drum
   c. channel
   d. instrument

4. Tricia has some beautiful _______ on her bedroom wall.
   a. rap
   b. singing
   c. operas
   d. paintings

5. If you’re a good _______, maybe you could join our band!
   a. recording
   b. pop
   c. singer
   d. stage
Live in Concert

Reporter: Good evening, I’m Fraser Barratt for Channel 12 TV news. I’m at City Stadium, where the boy band CPB is giving a concert tonight. Let’s talk to some of the fans. Excuse me, guys? What do you like about CPB?

Fan1: Well, I love Korean pop, and CPB is the best!

Fan2: It’s true. They’re great at both singing and rap. And they’re wonderful dancers, too.

Reporter: Tell me a little about them. How long have they been together?

Fan1: Since 2013. They recorded their first album in 2014. I have all their albums!

A. Answer the questions.

1. What is the reading mainly about?
   a. A new album  
   b. A popular boy band  
   c. An interesting song  
   d. A jazz singer

2. Which is NOT true about CPB, according to the reading?
   a. They made an album in 2014.  
   b. They are good dancers.  
   c. They write songs.  
   d. They can’t play instruments.

3. Fill in the blank with the word from the passage.
   a. Tonight, CPB is giving a __________________ .
   b. One of the fans thinks that Lucas is the __________________ .
**B.** Write **T** for true and **F** for false.

1. Fraser Barratt works for Channel 5 News.  ____
2. Fan 1 bought only one CPB album.  ____
3. CPB is not good at rap.  ____

**C.** Match the definition with the word in bold from the passage.

1. modern music that is popular, especially with young people  
2. a painted picture that you put on a wall for people to see  
3. the raised area in a theater on which actors or singers stand

---

**In Real Life**  Who is your favorite singer? Why?
actor [ˈæktər]
n. An actor is a man who performs in a play or movie. The actor is practicing.

actress [ˈæktrɪs]
n. An actress is a woman who performs in a play or movie. The actress is ready to begin.

advertisement [ˌædˈvɜːtaɪzmənt]
n. An advertisement is a picture, short movie, or song that says people should buy a product or service. There’s an advertisement on TV to sell cereal.

art [ɑːrt]
n. Art is paintings, drawings, and sculptures. She is taking an art class.

cartoon [kaːˈtʊn]
n. A cartoon is a funny, animated story that appears on TV, in the newspaper, in comic books, or on the internet. The baby is watching a cartoon.

chapter [ˈtʃæptər]
n. A chapter is one of the parts into which a book is divided. I’m reading the first chapter of the book.

cinema [ˈsɪnəma]
n. Cinema is the movies, or the art or business of making movies. Hollywood is the home of US cinema.

circus [ˈsɜːrkəs]
n. A circus is a show in which a group of people perform inside a large tent. A big circus is in town.

comic book [ˈkɒmɪk bʊk]
n. A comic book is a thin book with a story told in pictures. This store sells comic books.

fiction [ˈfɪkʃən]
n. Fiction is books and stories about people and events that are not real or based on fact. Many books for kids are fiction.
A. Choose the correct word for the given definition.

1. the art or business of making movies
   a. cinema        b. fiction        c. album        d. painting

2. a woman who performs in a play or movie
   a. singer        b. actress       c. instrument    d. advertisement

3. a thin book with a story told in pictures
   a. comic book    b. circus        c. channel      d. record

4. books and stories about people and events that are not real
   a. recording     b. advertisement c. fiction      d. video

5. a funny, animated story that appears on TV or on the internet
   a. circus        b. musical       c. stage        d. cartoon

B. Circle the correct word to complete each sentence.

1. Andy’s favorite **fiction / actor / opera** is Robert Downey Jr., who played the Iron Man.

2. How many **cinemas / actresses / chapters** have you read so far?

3. I hate it when there are **advertisements / channels / albums** during a movie.

4. Do you remember seeing jugglers at the **circus / recording / fiction**?

5. I don’t know much about **actress / cinema / art**, but I like this painting.
**film** [film]  
*n.* A film is a story that is told with sound and moving pictures.  
The actress is making a film.

**magazine** ['mæɡəzi:n]  
*n.* A magazine is a large thin paper book with articles and photos, that is sold weekly or monthly.  
Which magazine would you like?

**magic** ['mædʒɪk]  
*n.* Magic is a special ability that can seem to make impossible things happen.  
He can do magic.

**movie** ['muːvi]  
*n.* A movie is a film made to be shown at a theater or on television.  
They’re watching a movie.

**painter** ['peɪntə]  
*n.* A painter is someone who paints pictures.  
She’s a very good painter.

**photograph** ['fəutəɡræf]  
*n.* A photograph is a picture made by using a camera.  
They’re looking at photographs.

**picture** ['piktʃər]  
*n.* A picture is a drawing, painting, or photograph of something or someone.  
There are a lot of pictures on the wall.

**present** [ˈprɛzɛnt] presented - presented  
*v.* To present a play, film, or program is to introduce and show it.  
The students are presenting a play.

**program** [ˈprɔɡræm]  
*n.* A program is a show on television or the radio.  
This is a program about cooking.

**soul** [sɔːl]  
*n.* Soul is popular music that expresses deep feelings.  
He’s my favorite soul singer.
EXERCISE 2

A. Choose the correct definition for the given word.

1. soul
   a. the art or business of making movies
   b. a story that is told with sound and moving pictures
   c. a musical play in which all of the words are sung
   d. popular music that expresses deep feelings

2. present
   a. to store music and sound on a computer or tape
   b. the power to make impossible things happen
   c. to introduce and show a play, film, or program
   d. someone who paints pictures

3. picture
   a. a drawing, painting, or photograph
   b. a show on television
   c. a thin book with a story told in pictures
   d. the business of making movies

4. film
   a. a drawing, painting, or photograph
   b. to introduce and show a play, film, or program
   c. a story that is told with sound and moving pictures
   d. the special ability to make impossible things seem to happen

5. program
   a. a show on television or radio
   b. a story that is told with sound and moving pictures
   c. a man who performs in a play or movie
   d. a film made to be shown at a theater

B. Match the phrase to complete each sentence.

1. Lila can do magic tricks, such as
   • a. to become a painter.
   • b. pulling a rabbit out of a hat.
   • c. at the theater?
   • d. this magazine.
   • e. of the baby on my phone.

2. There are too many advertisements in

3. Jack is going to art school

4. I have some photographs

5. How often do you see movies
**Why Read Comic Books?**

I'm going to buy some new comic books. Do you want to come?

No, thanks. I never read those. They're just silly fiction stories about people with magic powers saving the world.

Wait a minute. Are you kidding me? Do you know that the movies you like are based on comic books? Last week, you binge-watched all the Avengers films with me!

Yeah, but cinema is different. That series has my favorite actors and actresses in them. They're not just some pictures in a magazine for kids.

---

**A. Answer the questions.**

1. What is the reading mainly about?
   a. Which comics to buy
   b. Why movies are better than comics
   c. Which comics are the best
   d. Whether people should read comics

2. Which does Mika think about comics?
   a. They are just pictures.
   b. They are for kids.
   c. They are art.
   d. They are silly fiction stories.

3. Fill in the blank with the word from the passage.
   a. The Avengers films have Joel's favorite ____________________.
   b. The title of the comic book that Mika shows Joel is ____________________.
Hey, comic books aren’t just that. They’re also art. Look at this drawing of Spider-Man. Comic book artists are very talented. A lot of them are good painters, too.

Well... I have to say, this drawing is pretty good. It could be an advertisement for the last Spider-Man movie...

That comic book is called Spider-Man: Chapter One. You can borrow it if you want.

B. Write T for true and F for false.

1. Mika is going out to buy movies.  
2. Joel doesn’t like cinema.  
3. Mika says many comic book artists are also good painters.

C. Match the definition with the word in bold from the passage.

1. the power to make impossible things seem to happen  
2. a large thin paper book with articles and photos  
3. someone who paints pictures

# In Real Life Do you like comic books? Why or why not?
below [bəˈlou]  
prep. Below means in a lower place or position than something else. Some parts of a plant are below the ground.

cave [keɪv]  
n. A cave is a large natural hole in a mountain or under the ground. The cave is very dark.

cloud [klaʊd]  
n. A cloud is a white or gray mass in the sky made of very small drops of water. That cloud looks like a little dog.

countryside ['kʌntrisaɪd]  
n. The countryside is land that is not in towns or cities and has farms and fields. He likes biking through the countryside.

dirt [dɜːrt]  
n. Dirt is anything that makes things not clean, such as earth or soil. They're playing in the dirt.

fog [fɔːɡ]  
n. Fog is a thick cloud just above the ground or sea, which is hard to see through. There's fog over the countryside.

gas [gæs]  
n. Gas is a substance such as air, which is neither solid nor liquid. Gas is coming out of a hole in the earth.

hike [hɪk] hiked - hiked  
v. To hike is to take a long walk, usually in the countryside. She's hiking in the mountains.

jungle ['dʒʌŋɡl]  
n. A jungle is a thick forest in a hot country, with many large plants growing close together. Some tigers live in the jungle.

lightning ['laɪtnɪŋ]  
n. Lightning is a sudden flash of light in the sky, caused by electricity, during a storm. Lightning hits the tree.
A. Choose the correct definition for the given word.

1. cloud
   a. land that is not in towns or cities and has farms and fields
   b. a substance such as air, which is neither solid nor liquid
   c. a white or gray mass in the sky made of very small drops of water
   d. in a lower place or position than something else

2. jungle
   a. a thick forest in a hot country, with many large plants
   b. anything that makes things dirty
   c. a sweet, sticky food that is made by bees
   d. land that is not in towns or cities and has farms and fields

3. cave
   a. a sudden flash of light in the sky during a storm
   b. a large natural hole in a mountain or under the ground
   c. a thick cloud just above the ground or sea
   d. a hot liquid food made from vegetables, meat, or fish

4. hike
   a. to take a long walk, usually in the countryside
   b. a thick cloud just above the ground or sea
   c. a substance such as air, which is neither solid nor liquid
   d. to store music and sound on a computer or tape

5. gas
   a. anything that makes things dirty
   b. a sudden flash of light in the sky during a storm
   c. in a lower place or position than something else
   d. a substance such as air, which is neither solid nor liquid

B. Fill in the blank with the correct word from the word bank.

below countryside dirt fog lightning

1. The air is cleaner in the __________________ than in the city.
2. I saw ________________ — I think it’s going to rain.
3. Please take your shoes off if there is ________________ on them.
4. Who lives in the apartment ________________ yours?
5. When there’s a lot of ________________, drivers can’t see the road well.
**place** [pleɪs]  
*n.* A place is a position, building, town, or area.  
Which places have you been to?

**seed** [si:d]  
*n.* A seed is a small, hard thing made by plants, from which a new plant grows.  
He’s planting seeds.

**snake** [snæk]  
*n.* A snake is an animal with a long, thin body and no legs, that can bite.  
That snake looks scary.

**snow** [snɔ:]  
*n.* Snow is made up of white pieces of frozen water that fall down from the sky.  
Snow covers the ground and the trees.

**steam** [sti:m]  
*n.* Steam is the hot mist that water produces when it is boiled.  
Hot water from the ground makes steam.

**sunset** [ˈsʌnst]  
*n.* A sunset is a time in the evening when you last see the sun in the sky.  
They are going for a walk at sunset.

**sunshine** [ˈsʌnʃain]  
*n.* Sunshine is the light and heat from the sun.  
I love summer sunshine.

**temperature** [ˈtempərətʃər]  
*n.* Temperature is how hot or cold a place or thing is.  
The temperature is low today.

**thunder** [ˈθʌndə]  
*n.* Thunder is the loud noise that you hear during a storm, usually after lightning.  
There was a big storm with thunder and lighting.

**wind** [wɪnd]  
*n.* Wind is moving air, especially when it moves strongly or quickly.  
There’s a strong wind today.
A. Choose the correct word for the given definition.

1. the hot mist that water produces when it is boiled
   a. wind  b. cloud  c. steam  d. snow

2. the light and heat that come from the sun
   a. sunset  b. fog  c. temperature  d. sunshine

3. an animal with a long, thin body and no legs that can bite
   a. snake  b. ring  c. jungle  d. seed

4. a small, hard thing made by plants, from which a new plant grows
   a. cave  b. seed  c. snow  d. dirt

5. the loud noise that you hear during a storm, usually after lightning
   a. gas  b. wind  c. fog  d. thunder

B. Describe the picture.

1. This p__________ is far in the countryside.
2. The time of day is s__________.
3. The t__________ outside is low.
4. The mountains are covered with s__________.
5. The w__________ blows hard on top of a mountain.
My dog is usually not afraid of rain, snow, or fog. But he seemed to be really afraid of the thunder. So, we decided to wait below a tree.

My dog was having fun digging in the dirt. But then a strong wind started blowing. Dark clouds came in, and we heard thunder.

I was hiking with my dog in the countryside. At first, there was sunshine, and the temperature felt like spring.

**A. Answer the questions.**

1. What is the reading mainly about?
   a. A bad storm
   b. A magical accident
   c. A long walk
   d. A Chinese teacher

2. What is the dog afraid of?
   a. Fog
   b. Wind
   c. Lightning
   d. Thunder

3. Fill in the blank with the word from the passage.
   a. The boy and his dog were hiking ____________________.
   b. After the ____________________, everything seemed settled.
B. Write T for true and F for false.

1. When they started hiking, there was sunshine.
   
   ____

2. The dog is afraid of rain and snow.
   
   ____

3. Lightning started the fire.
   
   ____

C. Match the definition with the word in bold from the passage.

1. how hot or cold a place or thing is
   
   __________

2. a white or gray mass in the sky
   
   __________

3. a position, building, town, or area
   
   __________

# In Real Life What kind of weather do you like or dislike?
### Prepositions

- on
- in
- next to (beside)
- in front of
- behind
- between
- under
- through
- around

### Types of Determiners

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ANTONYMS

short ↔ tall
cheap ↔ expensive
dry ↔ wet
low ↔ high
dangerous ↔ safe
empty ↔ full
clean ↔ dirty
FRUITS & VEGETABLES

- apricot
- cabbage
- celery
- cherry
- corn
- durian
- eggplant
- fig
- guava
- mango
- papaya
- pineapple
- pumpkin
- radish
- starfruit
COMMON ILLNESSES & INJURIES

- I have allergies.
- I have a backache.
- I have a cold.
- I have a cough.
- I have an earache.
- I have a fever.
- I have a rash.
- I have pink eye.
- I have a runny nose.
- I have a sore throat.
- I broke my arm.
- I burned my hand.
- I cut my finger.
- I twisted my ankle.
- I feel dizzy.
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Written by Peggy Anderson · Thomas Hong

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Project Coordinator: Flora Ko
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