# Reading Shelf

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**Answer Key \_ Student Book** 

#### **Unit 1: A Friend on the Bus**

## Warm-Up

- 1. Yes, I travel with friends on buses.
  - No, I don't travel with friends on buses.
- 2. No, I don't talk to other people on buses.
  - Yes, I talk to other people on buses.

#### New Words

- 1. d
- 2. e
- 3. c
- 4. a
- 5. b
- 6. f

### Checking

- 1. b
- 2. b
- 3. c
- 4. a
- 5. d

- 1. To a new school
- 2. Forgetting her stop
- 3. Amy
- 4. Has a new friend

- 1. c
- 2. c
- 3. b
- 4. c
- 5. a

- 1. so
- 2. steps
- 3. chatting
- 4. get off
- 5. already

#### **Unit 2: Are Buses Safe?**

## Warm-Up

- 1. I ride a bus every day/twice a week/once in a while.
- 2. I travel less than five kilometers/a few kilometers/over ten kilometers by bus each week.

#### New Words

- 1. c
- 2. e
- 3. b
- 4. f
- 5. a
- 6. d

### Checking

- 1. a
- 2. c
- 3. b
- 4. a
- 5. d

- 1. The School Bus Information Council
- 2. Deaths by traveler kilometers
- 3. Buses
- 4. 3 billion

- 1. Let's compare traveling by planes and trains.
- 2. There are ten people on the council.
- 3. We read about the king's death in the newspaper.
- 4. I never kill lizards when I find them in the yard.

- 1. compares
- 2. council
- 3. deaths
- 4. killed
- 5. billion

#### **Unit 3: Eric's History Cards**

#### Warm-Up

- 1. I think the boy is taking a test/doing his homework/sitting in class.
- 2. I prepare for a school test by reading books/working problems/studying with my friends/memorizing information.

#### New Words

- 1. b
- 2. f
- 3. d
- 4. c
- 5. e
- 6. a

## Checking

- 1. a
- 2. c
- 3. d
- 4. a
- 5. d

- 1. His teacher
- 2. His are the worst.
- 3. Everywhere
- ${\bf 4}.$  Because his grade is the best

- 1. grade
- 2. directions
- 3. memorize
- 4. everywhere
- 5. worst

- 1. worst
- 2. history
- 3. directions
- 4. everywhere
- 5. grade

#### **Unit 4: Word Webs**

## Warm-Up

- 1. The most important word I see is book.
- 2. Yes, the other words make me think of the important word.

#### New Words

- 1. a
- 2. d
- 3. e
- 4. b
- 5. f
- 6. c

### Checking

- 1. a
- 2. d
- 3. c
- 4. a
- 5. a

- 1. With word webs
- 2. A spider's web
- 3. In the center
- 4. Because it is highly effective

- 1. a
- 2. d
- 3. b
- 4. c

- 1. highly
- 2. center
- 3. effective
- 4. spider's
- 5. web

## **Unit 5: The Cupcake Basket**

#### Warm-Up

- 1. My mom/l/most people I know can make these.
- 2. I got some of these from a friend. / I gave some of these to my classmate.

#### New Words

- 1. f
- 2. d
- 3. e
- 4. c
- 5. a
- 6. b

### Checking

- 1. b
- 2. d
- 3. c
- 4. a
- 5. a

- 1. Cupcakes
- 2. To borrow some butter
- 3. By baking them
- 4. To her neighbor's house

- 1. d
- 2. b
- 3. d
- 4. c
- 5. d

- 1. butter
- 2. borrows
- 3. baking
- 4. returns
- 5. cupcakes

#### **Unit 6: Number Cakes**

## Warm-Up

- 1. These cakes are made of flour, eggs, milk, and sugar.
- 2. I sometimes/rarely/often eat these.

#### New Words

- 1. f
- 2. a
- 3. b
- 4. c
- 5. e
- 6. d

### Checking

- 1. a
- 2. a
- 3. c
- 4. d
- 5. c

- 1. To see when foods began
- 2. Around 1800
- 3. By the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 1 and 1
- 4. Baking soda

- 1. Can you tell me what this word means?
- 2. I borrowed some baking soda from my neighbor.
- 3. She began to learn the piano last year.
- 4. There are lots of good recipes in this cookbook.

- 1. began
- 2. cookbooks
- 3. recipes
- 4. meant
- 5. baking

#### Unit 7: Pop!

#### Warm-Up

- 1. Popcorn is a good snake because it is healthy/it is easy to make/it does not cost a lot of money.
- 2. The last time I ate it, people at the movie theater made it/my mother made it/I made it.

#### New Words

- 1. e
- 2. a
- 3. f
- 4. d
- 5. b
- 6. c

#### Checking

- 1. c
- 2. d
- 3. b
- 4. d
- 5. b

- 1. Julie and Max
- 2. In the living room
- 3. When Julie smells smoke
- 4. Because the popcorn is burned

- 1. lid
- 2. covered
- 3. cartoon
- 4. neither
- 5. burns

- 1. lid
- 2. stove
- 3. neither
- 4. cartoon
- 5. burned

## **Unit 8: Microwave Popcorn**

#### Warm-Up

- 1. This food was probably cooked in a microwave.
- 2. A bag like this costs \$1/\$1.50 at the store.

#### New Words

- 1. d
- 2. c
- 3. e
- 4. b
- 5. f
- 6. a

### Checking

- 1. a
- 2. c
- 3. d
- 4. d
- 5. a

- 1. Any plain brown bag
- 2. At any store
- 3. Two minutes
- 4. The popping sounds stop.

- 1. a
- 2. c
- 3. b
- 4. d

- 1. yourself
- 2. plain
- 3. Fold
- 4. microwave
- 5. sounds

#### **Unit 9: Oscar Shops**

## Warm-Up

- Yes, I bought potato chips/cookies/carrots recently.
   No, I didn't buy any of these recently.
- 2. Potato chips usually cost two dollars. Carrots usually cost one dollar. Milk usually costs \$2.50.

#### New Words

- 1. e
- 2. c
- 3. f
- 4. b
- 5. d
- 6. a

#### Checking

- 1. a
- 2. b
- 3. b
- 4. d
- 5. c

- 1. Oscar
- 2. Treats
- 3. All of it
- 4. The milk

- 1. c
- 2. b
- 3. d
- 4. b
- 5. a

- 1. grocery store
- 2. various
- 3. treats
- 4. checks out
- 5. item

## **Unit 10: The Toy Tour**

#### Warm-Up

- 1. Tour buses usually take people to famous places.
- 2. A famous toy store is Toys R Us/FAO Schwarz/etc.

#### New Words

- 1. e
- 2. c
- 3. b
- 4. a
- 5. d
- 6. f

### Checking

- 1. a
- 2. c
- 3. b
- 4. b
- 5. d

- 1. In New York City
- 2. The company guides them.
- 3. They can shop for toys.
- 4. To help sick children

- 1. A young woman guided us on the tour.
- 2. The hospital will have a special event for New Year's Day.
- 3. The book explains a lot about the history of Canada.
- 4. Many of the guests at the party were his relatives.

- 1. guided
- 2. explain
- 3. events
- 4. tours
- 5. hospital

#### **Unit 11: A Pet Hamster**

#### Warm-Up

- 1. My sister/neighbor/friend has this kind of pet.
- 2. Yes, I would want one of these for a pet. They are cute.

No, I would not want one of these for a pet. They do not live very long.

#### New Words

- 1. d
- 2. b
- 3. c
- 4. a
- 5. f
- 6. e

## Checking

- 1. c
- 2. a
- 3. b
- 4. c
- 5. c

- 1. Hamsters
- 2. In a pet store
- 3. His neighbor's
- 4. A cage

- 1. discuss
- 2. whenever
- 3. allow
- 4. lawn
- 5. spend

- 1. hamster
- 2. discusses
- 3. allow
- 4. lawn
- 5. spend

## **Unit 12: What We Spend on Pets**

#### Warm-Up

- 1. It is wearing clothes to look nice/to keep warm/to be cute.
- 2. They cost \$10/\$15/\$20.

#### New Words

- 1. c
- 2. f
- 3. a
- 4. b
- 5. d
- 6. e

### Checking

- 1. c
- 2. d
- 3. d
- 4. b
- 5. b

- 1. A credit card company
- 2. Twenty dollars
- 3. Clothes and sunglasses
- 4. In a pet store

- 1. b
- 2. c
- 3. d
- 4. a

- 1. credit
- 2. or
- 3. add
- 4. beauty
- 5. sunglasses

## **Unit 13: The Blind Men and the Elephant**

## Warm-Up

- 1. He can feel its trunk.
- 2. He might think elephants are big/not smooth/scary.

#### New Words

- 1. b
- 2. c
- 3. f
- 4. a
- 5. d
- 6. e

### Checking

- 1. c
- 2. c
- 3. d
- 4. a
- 5. d

- 1. In a village
- 2. An elephant
- 3. The elephant's ear
- 4. Another man

- 1. c
- 2. c
- 3. a
- 4. d
- 5. b

- 1. village
- 2. wall
- 3. positive
- 4. argued
- 5. wrong

#### **Unit 14: Braille**

## Warm-Up

- 1. I see dots/bumps on the sign.
- 2. Someone can read this by touching it/with their fingers/if they know the code.

#### New Words

- 1. a
- 2. c
- 3. d
- 4. b
- 5. f
- 6. e

### Checking

- 1. d
- 2. a
- 3. b
- 4. b
- 5. a

- 1. In 1825
- 2. Napoleon
- 3. To help blind children
- 4. Night writing

- 1. Owls have good sight in the dark.
- 2. As computers develop, they become faster and smaller.
- 3. The original jeans were made by Levi Strauss.
- 4. My school requires all students to study English.

- 1. sight
- 2. require
- 3. dots
- 4. developed
- 5. original

#### **Unit 15: Aniz and His Flute**

#### Warm-Up

- 1. He is playing a flute.
- 2. They are listening to him play.

They are listening to his beautiful music.

#### New Words

- 1. b
- 2. c
- 3. d
- 4. f
- 5. e
- 6. a

## Checking

- 1. d
- 2. a
- 3. a
- 4. c
- 5. c

- 1. Aniz's master
- 2. To his grandfather's house
- 3. Aniz played the flute so well.
- 4. To never hurt anyone

- 1. promised
- 2. flute
- 3. gather
- 4. grateful
- 5. attack

- 1. master
- 2. flute
- 3. gathered
- 4. attacking
- 5. grateful

#### **Unit 16: Snake Charmers**

## Warm-Up

- 1. I see a snake/cobra/dangerous animal in the picture.
- 2. When I see this, I should run/stay very still/be calm and not move.

#### New Words

- 1. a
- 2. e
- 3. f
- 4. d
- 5. c
- 6. b

### Checking

- 1. c
- 2. b
- 3. c
- 4. a
- 5. c

- 1. A basket
- 2. No, it doesn't.
- 3. So the snake will follow him
- 4. They think it is exciting.

- 1. d
- 2. c
- 3. b
- 4. a

- 1. snakes
- 2. charms
- 3. Actually
- 4. sways
- 5. movement

#### Unit 17: Go Get It, Boy!

#### Warm-Up

- 1. This dog can get things/carry things/guard a house.
- 2. Yes, this kind of dog is very strong.

#### New Words

- 1. e
- 2. c
- 3. b
- 4. d
- 5. a
- 6. f

### Checking

- 1. b
- 2. a
- 3. c
- 4. b
- 5. d

- 1. An old woman
- 2. Because his owner can't
- 3. To the grocery store
- 4. Items from the list

- 1. b
- 2. d
- 3. b
- 4. b
- 5. c

- 1. list
- 2. holds
- 3. counter
- 4. total
- 5. delivers

## **Unit 18: Casper Rides the Bus**

## Warm-Up

- 1. England has buses like this.
- 2. I might see service dogs/small dogs/very small pets that people carry on a bus.

#### New Words

- 1. c
- 2. b
- 3. d
- 4. e
- 5. a
- 6. f

### Checking

- 1. c
- 2. b
- 3. b
- 4. c
- 5. b

- 1. In southwest England
- 2. Ride buses
- 3. The bus drivers
- 4. Hit by a car

## Vocabulary Review

- 1. I like to explore small shops whenever I travel.
- 2. The driver worked for a total of sixty hours last week.
- 3. Unfortunately, we didn't get to see the other parts of the city.
- 4. We took the animals that we rescued to the shelter.

## Summary

- 1. southwest
- 2. shelter
- 3. explore
- 4. drivers
- 5. Unfortunately

## **Unit 19: Lost in the Woods**

## Warm-Up

- 1. Poodles live in homes with people. Wolves live in the forest/woods.
- 2. Poodles eat dog food. Wolves eat other animals.

## New Words

- 1. a
- 2. c
- 3. f
- 4. e
- 5. d
- 6. b

## Checking

- 1. a
- 2. a
- 3. d
- 4. b
- 5. b

## Mapping

- 1. In the woods
- 2. Some old bones
- 3. The wolf
- 4. To trick the wolf

## Vocabulary Review

- 1. appeared
- 2. trick
- 3. whole
- 4. woods
- 5. poodles

## Summary

- 1. appeared
- 2. poodle
- 3. pretending
- 4. whole
- 5. tricked

## Unit 20: Cat in the Box

## Warm-Up

- 1. It is in the box because it wants to sleep there/it is looking for food/it is playing.
- 2. They can go a few days/five days/about a week without food or water.

## New Words

- 1. a
- 2. f
- 3. c
- 4. e
- 5. d
- 6. b

## Checking

- 1. a
- 2. a
- 3. d
- 4. b
- 5. b

## Mapping

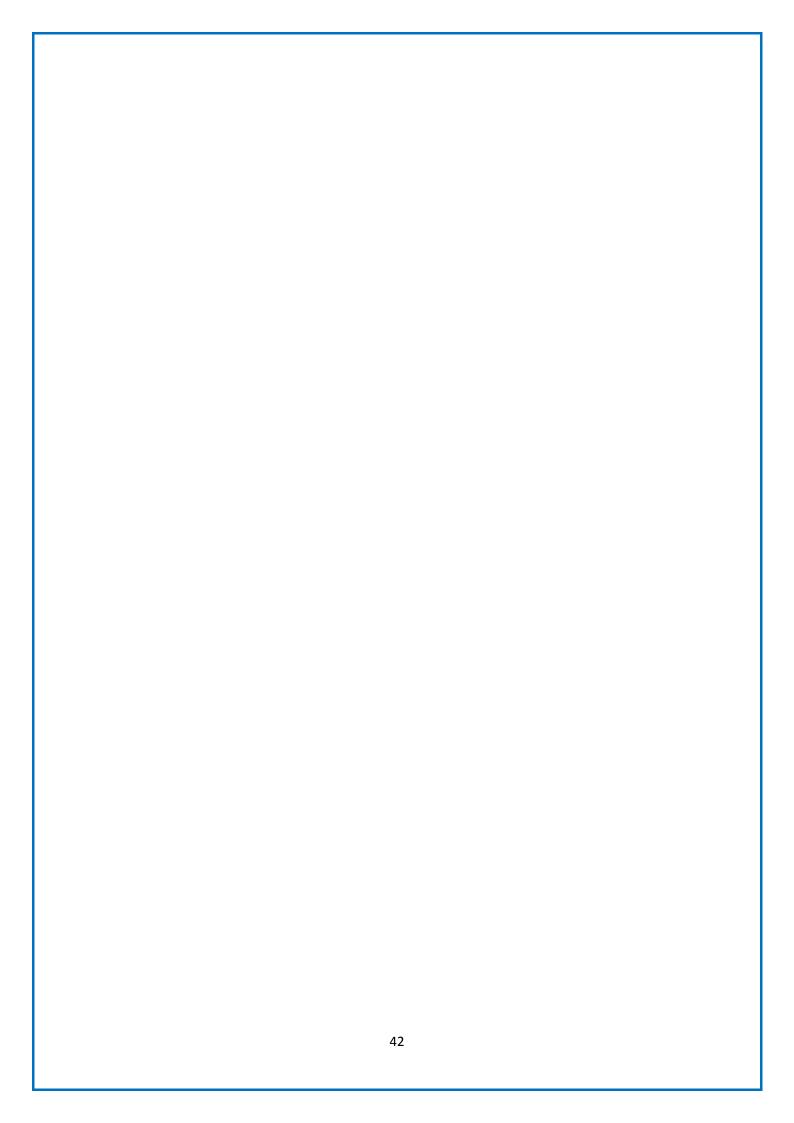
- 1. Israel
- 2. In a box
- 3. A man in a warehouse
- 4. Seventeen

# Vocabulary Review

- 1. b
- 2. a
- 3. d
- 4. c

## Summary

- 1. somehow
- 2. warehouse
- 3. survived
- 4. mystery
- 5. offered



# Reading Shelf

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**Answer Key \_ Workbook** 

## **Unit 1: A Friend on the Bus**

## Dictation

Linda is nervous as she <u>steps</u> onto the bus. It is her first time to <u>take</u> the bus to her new school. She hopes she remembers to get <u>off</u> at the right stop.

After Linda finds a seat, the girl <u>beside</u> her says, "Hi, I'm Amy. I think we go to the <u>same</u> school. I can tell from your <u>uniform</u>." Linda is not sure what to say, <u>so</u> she just smiles. Amy <u>chats</u> with Linda until they arrive at school. Then Amy says, "This is our <u>stop</u>. Come on."

Linda doesn't feel <u>nervous</u> anymore. Today, she will start <u>at</u> a new school, and she <u>already</u> has a new friend.

## Listening

- 1. a
- 2. c
- 3. b

#### Review Activities

- 1. T
- 2. F
- 3. F
- 4. T
- 5. c
- 6. c
- 7. d

- 1. Linda and Amy are getting off the bus.
- 2. The girls are going to school.
- 3. They are chatting with each other.

## Unit 2: Are Buses Safe?

#### Dictation

Are buses a safe way to <u>travel</u>? In the US, the School Bus Information <u>Council</u> (SBIC) says they are. Say 1,000 people travel 10,000 <u>kilometers</u> by car, plane, train, or bus. The SBIC uses that as 10,000,000 <u>traveler</u> kilometers. The SBIC can then <u>compare</u> deaths by traveler kilometers. Each <u>year</u>, six people in the US are <u>killed</u> in cars for every 1 billion traveler kilometers. That's not many. One <u>person</u> is killed in planes for every <u>2</u> billion traveler kilometers. That's even less! One person is killed in <u>trains</u> for every 3 billion traveler kilometers. Only <u>one</u> person is killed in buses for every 10 <u>billion</u> traveler kilometers!

## Listening

- 1. c
- 2. b
- 3. c

## Review Activities

- 1. F
- 2. F
- 3. T
- 4. T
- 5. deaths
- 6. billion
- 7. bus

## Writing

- 1. I like trains better (than buses).
- 2. Yes, I have travelled by plane before.
- 3. The closest bus stop is about 200 meters from my house.

## **Unit 3: Eric's History Cards**

## Dictation

Eric always gets bad grades on his <u>history</u> tests. In fact, Eric is the <u>worst</u> student in his class.

One day, Eric asks his <u>teacher</u> for help. She says, "Write names, places, and other <u>information</u> on small cards. Then, study those cards. Study the <u>cards</u> every day."

Eric follows the teacher's <u>directions</u>. He takes the cards <u>everywhere</u>. He takes them on the bus. He takes them to <u>lunch</u>. He also takes them to the park so he can <u>study</u> them after soccer practice. This is how Eric <u>memorizes</u> things for the next test.

On the test, Eric is <u>surprised</u>. He gets the best <u>grade</u> in his class!

## Listening

- 1. Yes
- 2. No
- 3. No

#### Review Activities

- 1. F
- 2. T
- 3. F
- 4. T
- 5. b
- 6. a
- 7. c

- 1. Write names, places, and other information on small cards.
- 2. Study those cards.
- 3. Read the cards every day.

## **Unit 4: Word Webs**

#### Dictation

Every day in school you learn new <u>words</u>. Do you want to know a <u>highly</u> effective way to learn and remember New words? <u>Make</u> a word web!

A <u>spider's</u> web has lots of <u>strings</u> going out from the center. A word web is <u>like</u> that. Write a new word to learn in the <u>center</u>. Then write any words that you think of when you <u>read</u> the center word. You can also draw <u>pictures</u> that you think of. Put words and pictures all <u>around</u> the center word. Then draw lines back to the center, like a <u>web</u>.

Is this exercise really effective for learning new words? Yes, it is. Try it!

## Listening

- 1. a
- 2. c
- 3. c

## Review Activities

- 1. F
- 2. F
- 3. T
- 4. T
- 5. spider
- 6. center
- 7. webs

- 1. He is making a word web.
- 2. He is learning a new word.
- 3. He is putting words and pictures on it.

## **Unit 5: The Cupcake Basket**

#### Dictation

Sally wants to <u>bake cupcakes</u>. She mixes some flour, <u>eggs</u>, and sugar together. Then she <u>stirs</u> in some milk. Now all she needs is <u>butter</u>. However, Sally does not have any at her house.

Sally <u>walks</u> to her neighbor's house and knocks on the front door. "May I <u>borrow</u> some butter?" Sally asks.

Her neighbor is <u>glad</u> to give her some butter. Sally <u>returns</u> home and finishes preparing the cupcakes. When the cupcakes are <u>done</u>, Sally puts a few of them in a <u>basket</u>. Then she goes to her neighbor's house.

"Here," Sally says. "These are for you!"

The neighbor is very happy. The <u>cupcakes</u> taste delicious.

## Listening

- 1. c
- 2. a
- 3. a

## Review Activities

- 1. T
- 2. F
- 3. T
- 4. F
- 5. d
- 6. a
- 7. c

## Writing

- 1. Yes, a neighbor gave my family food. (They gave use holiday treats.)
- 2. A food I made for a friend was cookies.
- 3. I would ask my neighbor Grace for eggs or butter (if I needed them).

## **Unit 6: Number Cakes**

#### Dictation

Old cookbooks show us when different foods <u>began</u>. In this way, we find that the <u>first</u> cupcakes were made around 1800.

Some <u>cookbooks</u> called these first cupcakes number cakes. That <u>name</u> came from the easy way to <u>remember</u> the recipe. A person just needed to remember the <u>numbers</u> 1, 2, 3, 4, 1, and 1.

The numbers in this receipe <u>meant</u> first use one cup of butter and two <u>cups</u> of sugar. Then, put in three cups of <u>flour</u> and four eggs. Finally, put in one cup of milk and one <u>spoon</u> of baking <u>soda</u>.

That was one of the first and easiest cupcake recipes.

## Listening

- 1. b
- 2. a
- 3. c

## Review Activities

- 1. T
- 2. T
- 3. F
- 4. T
- 5. began
- 6. recipe
- 7. baking soda

- 1. Some cookbooks called these cakes number cakes.
- 2. Those numbers meant first use one cup of butter and two cups of sugar.
- 3. That was one of the first and easiest recipes.

## Unit 7: Pop!

#### Dictation

Julie and Max want to make <u>popcorn</u>. They put the popcorn in a pan and <u>cover</u> the pan with a <u>lid</u>. Then they put the pan on the <u>stove</u> and turn it on.

"Let's go watch TV," says Max.

Max and Julie's favorite cartoon is on. <u>Neither</u> of the kids thinks about the popcorn in the <u>kitchen</u> while they watch.

Then <u>suddenly</u>, Julie gets up and says, "I smell smoke!"

"The TV was too <u>loud</u>, so we didn't hear the popcorn. We <u>forgot</u> about it!" says Max. The kids hurry into the kitchen. There is <u>smoke</u> everywhere. They turn off the stove. The popcorn is <u>burned</u>.

## Listening

- 1. No
- 2. Yes
- 3. Yes

## Review Activities

- 1. T
- 2. T
- 3. F
- 4. T
- 5. d
- 6. a
- 7. d

- 1. They tried to cook popcorn.
- 2. They smelled smoke.
- 3. They will throw it away.

## **Unit 8: Microwave Popcorn**

#### Dictation

Here is <u>what</u> you need to make microwave popcorn <u>yourself</u>. You need a paper bag. It does not need to be a <u>special</u> bag at all. A plain brown paper bag is <u>fine</u>. Then you need popcorn. It does not need to be special corn. <u>Plain</u> popcorn from any store is fine. That's it!

<u>Put</u> the popcorn in the bag with a little oil. <u>Fold</u> the top a few times. Then cook the bag in the <u>microwave</u> for two minutes. When the popping <u>sounds</u> stop, the popcorn is ready.

The next <u>time</u> you want to eat popcorn, try this. People who eat <u>popcorn</u> often can save a lot of <u>money</u> this way!

## Listening

- 1. c
- 2. c
- 3. b

## Review Activities

- 1. T
- 2. F
- 3. F
- 4. T
- 5. yourself
- 6. fine
- 7. sounds

## Writing

- 1. I ate popcorn at a movie theater two weeks ago.
- 2. Someone at the theater made it for me.
- 3. It had salt on it, but it did not have butter on it.

## **Unit 9: Oscar Shops**

## Dictation

Oscar's mother asks him to buy a <u>carton</u> of milk. She gives Oscar money. Oscar puts the money in his <u>pocket</u> and goes to the grocery <u>store</u>.

Oscar looks around the store. He sees various delicious <u>treats</u> on the shelves.

Oscar puts a <u>bag</u> of potato chips in his shopping basket. He also gets a <u>box</u> of cookies.

Finally, he gets a few chocolate <u>bars</u>. Then Oscar is ready to check <u>out</u>. He goes to pay for his <u>items</u>. He uses all the money, and he <u>returns</u> home.

"Where is the milk?" asks Oscar's mother.

Oh no! Oscar forgot to buy it.

## Listening

- 1. b
- 2. b
- 3. a

#### Review Activities

- 1. F
- 2. T
- 3. T
- 4. F
- 5. b
- 6. d
- 7. c

- 1. Oscar's mother asks him to buy a carton of milk.
- 2. Oscar puts a bag of potato chips in his shopping basket.
- 3. He also gets a box of cookies.

## **Unit 10: The Toy Tour**

#### Dictation

A tour company in New York City has a special <u>tour</u>. The tour shows people famous toy <u>stores</u> in the city. For this tour, the company <u>guides</u> people from toy store to toy store. They <u>explain</u> some of the history of each <u>place</u>. There are even special <u>events</u> for tour guests at some of the stores. Of course, <u>quests</u> also have some shopping time at each <u>stop</u>.

The tour is not just about <u>fun</u> and shopping, though. Part of the <u>money</u> that the company makes goes to a children's <u>hospital</u>. Fun and shopping go together with helping <u>sick</u> children!

## Listening

- 1. b
- 2. c
- 3. b

## Review Activities

- 1. T
- 2. F
- 3. T
- 4. F
- 5. guides
- 6. events
- 7. hospital

- 1. It gives tours in New York City.
- 2. People can see famous places in the city.
- 3. Yes, they have to pay for a tour like this.

## Unit 11: A Pet Hamster

#### Dictation

Whenever Fred walks by the pet store, he <u>stops</u> to look at the animals. Fred sees dogs, cats, and <u>birds</u> there. Fred also sees his favorite animal, <u>hamsters</u>. The hamsters are tiny and soft.

Fred <u>discusses</u> getting a hamster with his parents. They will <u>allow</u> him to buy one, but Fred must <u>pay</u> for it.

Fred works hard to earn <u>money</u> for his hamster. He does <u>extra</u> chores at home and mows the <u>lawn</u> for his neighbor. When he finally has enough, Fred goes to the <u>store</u> and gets a hamster. He also buys a cage for it. Fred <u>spends</u> all of his money, but he is happy.

## Listening

- 1. No
- 2. Yes
- 3. No

#### Review Activities

- 1. F
- 2. T
- 3. F
- 4. T
- 5. d
- 6. c
- 7. a

## Writing

- 1. You can buy this kind of pet at any store that sells pets.
- 2. One of these costs \$15.
- 3. Two other things you need for this kind of pet are a cage and a water bottle. (An exercise wheel / bedding / food, etc.)

## **Unit 12: What We Spend on Pets**

#### Dictation

Many pet owners pay for more than <u>food</u> and medicine for their pets. They also buy <u>toys</u>, clothes, and even special items for their pets. One <u>credit</u> card company studied this. They found that about <u>half</u> of dog owners buy new toys <u>or</u> treats for their dogs every month. Those toys and treats usually <u>add</u> up to about \$20 each <u>month</u>.

Some pet owners <u>buy</u> even more for their pets. The <u>next</u> time you visit a pet store, look at all the special <u>items</u> for dogs. You may find clothes, <u>sunglasses</u>, and shoes for dogs. There may even be a <u>beauty</u> shop for dogs in the pet store.

## Listening

- 1. b
- 2. b
- 3. a

## Review Activities

- 1. T
- 2. F
- 3. F
- 4. T
- 5. credit card
- 6. add
- 7. sunglasses

- 1. You may find clothes, sunglasses, and shoes for dogs.
- 2. There may even be a beauty shop for dogs in the pet store.
- 3. Your dog may enjoy a nice bath and shampoo.

## **Unit 13: The Blind Men and the Elephant**

## Dictation

An elephant walked into a <u>village</u> where four blind men lived. The first <u>blind</u> man touched the elephant's side and said, "An elephant is like a <u>wall</u>."

Another touched the elephant's tail. He was positive an elephant was like a rope.

The third <u>touched</u> the elephant's trunk. He said, "The elephant is like the <u>branch</u> of a tree."

The last felt the elephant's ear. "It is like a big fan."

The blind men began to <u>argue</u> about who was right. Another man <u>stopped</u> and said, "All of you are right, and all of you are <u>wrong</u>. The elephant is made up of all the parts not just the <u>part</u> each of you felt."

## Listening

- 1. b
- 2. c
- 3. a

## Review Activities

- 1. F
- 2. T
- 3. F
- 4. F
- 5. c
- 6. c
- 7. b

- 1. They are arguing with each other.
- 2. They touched different parts of it.
- 3. None of them touched its feet.

#### **Unit 14: Braille**

#### Dictation

Usually, we read by <u>sight</u>. We use our eyes to read letters on a page. However, not everybody does. Have you ever seen a page with <u>raised</u> dots? This is called Braille. These are <u>letters</u> that can be read by touch! Blind people can read Braille with their <u>fingers</u>.

Braille was <u>developed</u> in 1825 by Louis Braille. He wanted to help <u>blind</u> children. The <u>original</u> idea, though, first came from Napoleon. He wanted "<u>night</u> writing" for the <u>French</u> army. With this, his army could get <u>information</u> at night. They wouldn't require <u>sound</u> or light. In the end, the French <u>army</u> could not use this idea. However, Louis Braille could!

## Listening

- 1. a
- 2. c
- 3. a

#### Review Activities

- 1. F
- 2. T
- 3. F
- 4. F
- 5. sight
- 6. require
- 7. raised

## Writing

- 1. There are three rows of dots for each letter in Braille.
- 2. There are two columns of dots for each letter in Braille.
- 3. There is one dot in the letter a.

## **Unit 15: Aniz and His Flute**

#### Dictation

Aniz was a boy who could play the flute like <u>magic</u>. However, Aniz worked for a mean master. The <u>master</u> often hit him.

One day, the master <u>broke</u> Aniz's flute. After this, Aniz ran <u>away</u> to his grandfather's house. His <u>grandfather</u> made him a new flute. Aniz <u>loved</u> his new flute. Soon, he played even <u>more</u> beautifully than before. When Aniz played, the animals of the forest <u>gathered</u> near to listen.

Not long after that, Aniz <u>heard</u> a cry for help. It was his old master! Some animals were <u>attacking</u> him. Aniz saved him by playing his <u>flute</u>. Aniz's old master was so grateful that he <u>promised</u> to never hurt anyone again!

## Listening

- 1. Yes
- 2. Yes
- 3. No

## Review Activities

- 1. T
- 2. F
- 3. F
- 4. F
- 5. b
- 6. c
- 7. b

- 1. After his master broke the flute, Aniz ran away.
- 2. When Aniz played, the animals gathered near to listen.
- 3. After Aniz saved his master, the master promised to be nice.

## **Unit 16: Snake Charmers**

#### Dictation

Imagine there is a dangerous <u>snake</u> in front of you. It has big <u>fangs</u> and wants to bite you. However, you don't run away. You start playing a <u>flute!</u> Sound strange? That is what a snake <u>charmer</u> does.

When a snake pops out of a <u>basket</u>, the charmer starts to play his flute. This looks like it <u>stops</u> the snake. The snake does not <u>bite</u>, but only moves from side to side. What's happening? Does <u>music</u> really charm snakes?

<u>Actually</u>, snakes cannot hear music. The snake charmer <u>sways</u> while playing, and the snake just follows his <u>movement</u>. Most snakes do not like to attack. Still, it is <u>exciting</u> to watch!

## Listening

- 1. b
- 2. a
- 3. a

## Review Activities

- 1. F
- 2. T
- 3. F
- 4. F
- 5. snakes
- 6. sways
- 7. actually

- 1. A snake is in the basket.
- 2. He is playing a flute.
- 3. He sways to charm it.

## Unit 17: Go Get It, Boy!

#### Dictation

Ms. Richards is old and can't walk to the <u>grocery</u> store. Brutus goes to the store for her, <u>though</u>. Brutus is her dog.

First, Ms. Richards puts a shopping <u>list</u> into a bag with some money. Brutus <u>holds</u> the bag by its <u>handle</u> in his mouth. Ms. Richards says, "Go <u>get</u> it, boy!" Then Brutus runs to the grocery store.

At the store, Brutus <u>delivers</u> the bag to the man behind the <u>counter</u>. The man gets all the things on the list. Then he adds up the <u>total</u> and takes some of the money from the <u>bag</u>. After that, Brutus returns home with all the <u>items</u> for Ms. Richards.

Good boy, Brutus!

## Listening

- 1. a
- 2. b
- 3. c

## Review Activities

- 1. T
- 2. F
- 3. F
- 4. T
- 5. a
- 6. a
- 7. d

## Writing

- 1. No, I don't know anyone who has this kind of dog.
- 2. A special trick I have seen a dog do is catching a Frisbee in its mouth/doing a back flip/walking on its back legs only.
- 3. Yes, my parents have asked me to get things from the store.

## **Unit 18: Casper Rides the Bus**

#### Dictation

Casper was a twelve-year-old cat who lived in Plymouth, a city in <u>southwest</u> England. Casper's owner <u>rescued</u> him from an animal <u>shelter</u> in 2002. Casper loved to <u>ride</u> buses. He did not start riding <u>buses</u> until 2006. However, Casper's owner did not <u>worry</u>. She knew that he liked to <u>explore</u> and that he liked people.

Many of the bus <u>drivers</u> learned where Casper lived. They knew when to let him <u>off</u> so he could go home. Casper made the Plymouth bus line famous!

<u>Unfortunately</u>, Casper was killed by a car in 2010. The bus drivers <u>still</u> remember him, though. His picture is still <u>on</u> their buses.

## Listening

- 1. b
- 2. b
- 3. c

#### Review Activities

- 1. F
- 2. T
- 3. T
- 4. F
- 5. rescued
- 6. southwest
- 7. unfortunately

- 1. Casper was rescued (by Casper's owner) from a pet shelter in 2002.
- 2. Unfortunately, Casper was killed (by a car) in 2010.
- 3. Casper is still remembered (by the bus drivers), though.

#### **Unit 19: Lost in the Woods**

## Dictation

A poodle was lost in the woods. Suddenly, a wolf appeared!

The poodle saw some old bones on the ground. She <u>pretended</u> to chew on one. When the wolf was <u>close</u>, she said loudly, "Delicious! That was the best <u>wolf</u> I ever ate!"

The wolf was scared and <u>went</u> away. However, a squirrel saw the <u>whole</u> thing. He told the wolf that the poodle had <u>tricked</u> him.

The wolf said, "Come on. Watch me kill that dog."

However, the <u>poodle</u> heard the squirrel and the wolf. Thinking fast, she sat by the <u>bones</u> again. When they were close, she said loudly, "Where is that squirrel? I asked him to <u>bring</u> me another wolf."

## Listening

- 1. No
- 2. Yes
- 3. No

## Review Activities

- 1. F
- 2. T
- 3. F
- 4. T
- 5. b
- 6. d
- 7. d

- 1. The poodle tricked the wolf.
- 2. The wolf wanted to kill the poodle.
- 3. The squirrel tried to help the wolf.

## Unit 20: Cat in the Box

#### Dictation

A man in a <u>warehouse</u> in England got a surprise. He opened a <u>box</u> from Israel, and a cat jumped out!

People at the warehouse <u>caught</u> the cat and named it Ziggy. Then they looked into the <u>mystery</u> of the cat.

<u>Somehow</u>, Ziggy got into the box in Israel. For seventeen <u>days</u>, he traveled in the box. It was amazing that he <u>survived</u> that long without food or water!

Ziggy was <u>sent</u> to an animal shelter. The people who <u>rescued</u> him tried to find his owner in Israel. They didn't have any <u>luck</u>. However, Ziggy's story made the <u>news</u>, so lots of people in England <u>offered</u> to take him.

## Listening

- 1. a
- 2. c
- 3. c

## Review Activities

- 1. F
- 2. T
- 3. F
- 4. F
- 5. survived
- 6. mystery
- 7. offered

## Writing

- 1. Yes, I like cats.
- 2. Both cats and dogs like taking naps/chasing things/staying inside the house.
- 3. Cats can purr, but dogs can't purr. / Cats can climb trees, but dogs can't climb trees.