

Summarize

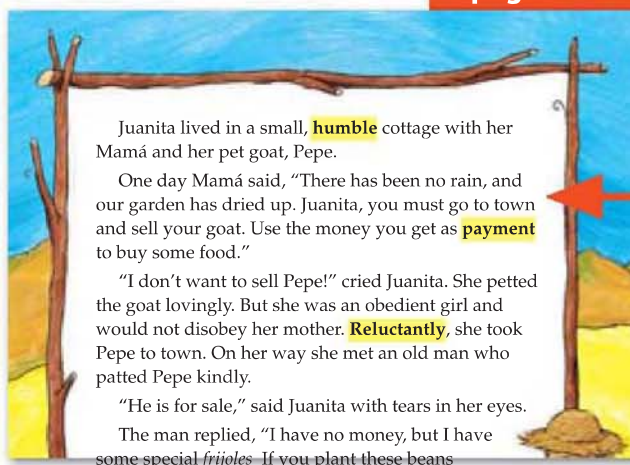
When you summarize, you retell the most important events in a story. Use details to help you summarize “Juanita and the Beanstalk”.



Find Text Evidence

Why does Juanita have to sell her pet goat? Identify important story events. Summarize them in your own words.

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I read that it hadn't rained and Mamá's garden dried up. They needed money for food. Mamá told Juanita to sell Pepe, her pet goat. These details help me summarize. Juanita had to sell her goat to get money for food.

Your Turn

COLLABORATE



Reread “Juanita and the Beanstalk.” Summarize the most important events that tell how Juanita found the giant’s palace.

Point of View

A character often has an opinion, or point of view, about other characters or events in a story. Look at actions and words to figure out the character's point of view.



Find Text Evidence

How does Juanita feel about Pepe? I can reread what she does and says. These details will help me figure out Juanita's point of view.

| Details |
|---|
| Juanita tells Mamá that she does not want to sell Pepe. |
| She pets the goat lovingly. |
| |

↓

| Point of View |
|---------------|
| |

Your Turn

COLLABORATE



Reread "Juanita and the Beanstalk." Write details about Juanita's feelings for Pepe in the graphic organizer. Figure out her point of view. Compare your point of view about Pepe with Juanita's.

Go Digital!

Use the interactive graphic organizer

Fairy Tale

“Juanita and the Beanstalk” is a fairy tale. A **fairy tale**:

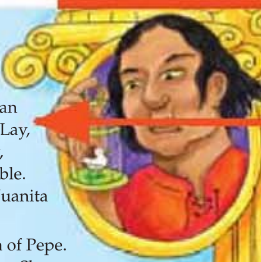
- Is a made-up story with events that could not really happen
- Usually has magical characters or settings
- Almost always has a happy ending with a message



Find Text Evidence

I can tell that “Juanita and the Beanstalk” is a fairy tale. A huge beanstalk could not grow overnight in real life. There are also magical characters, such as a giant and a hen that lays golden eggs. The story has a happy ending, too.


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The giant stomped in carrying an unhappy hen in a cage. He said, “Lay, hen, lay!” Juanita’s curiosity grew, and she peeked from under the table. Then she saw the hen’s **creation**. Juanita gasped. It was a golden egg!

The poor hen reminded Juanita of Pepe. She wanted to give it a better home. She ran between the giant’s legs and grabbed the cage. She raced to the beanstalk. The giant roared in anger and chased after her. Juanita was able to slide down the beanstalk, but the giant was too heavy. He caused the stalk to break and crash to the ground. The beanstalk was gone forever, and Juanita and the hen were safe.

The hen was happy to have a new home and laid many golden eggs. Mamá was happy to use the eggs to buy everything they needed. And Juanita was happy because she was able to trade a golden egg with the old man to get Pepe back!

Make Connections
 How does Juanita get what she needs? **ESSENTIAL QUESTION**
 What are some ways you can get what you need? **TEXT TO SELF**

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Important **events** in a fairy tale could not really happen.

Fairy tales usually have a happy ending with a message.

COLLABORATE

Your Turn

With a partner, find two details that show this is a fairy tale. How is it like other fairy tales you know?

Root Words

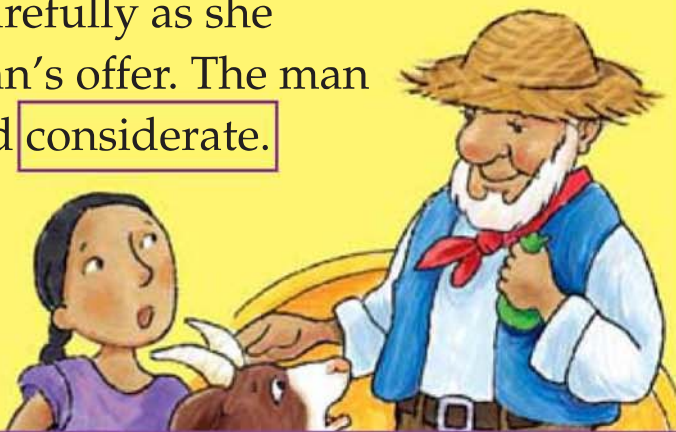
A root word is the simplest form of a word. When you read an unfamiliar word, look for the root word. Then use the root word to figure out what the word means.



Find Text Evidence

On page 336 of "Juanita and the Beanstalk," I see the word considerate. I think the root word of considerate is consider. I know that to consider something means "to think about it." Being considerate means "thoughtful of others' feelings."

Juanita thought carefully as she considered the man's offer. The man seemed caring and **considerate**.



Your Turn

COLLABORATE



Find the root words. Use them to figure out the meanings of the following words.

decision, page 336

curiosity, page 337



Readers to . . .

Writers use different kinds of sentences that make stories more interesting to read. Reread the passage from “Juanita and the Beanstalk.”

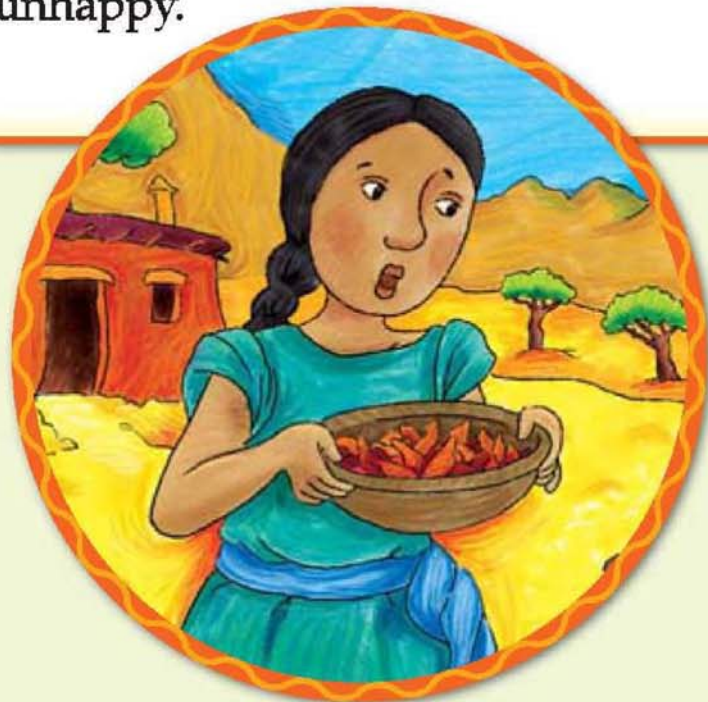
Expert Model

Vary Sentence Structures

Find different kinds of sentences. How do they make the story more interesting to read?

When Junaita got home, Mamá was upset at her decision. “You have returned home with no food and no money!” she exclaimed.

Juanita had to admit that Mamá was right. All she had were three beans, and she still missed Pepe. Worst of all, Mamá was unhappy.



Writers



Stephanie wrote a story about a trade she made. Read her revisions.

Student Model

A Perfect Trade

My friend Jimmy and I love animals [○] Jimmy ^{We} and [^] me [^] have many books about animals. Jimmy has an interesting book about giraffes. I have a ^{great} [^] book about sharks. One day, I ^{traded} [^] trading [^] my shark book for his giraffe book. ^{We} ~~He and I~~ both got to read new books. How do we feel about trading? We think it is great!



Editing Marks

- Make a capital letter.
- Make a small letter.
- Add a period.
- Add.
- Take out.

Grammar Handbook

Singular and Plural Pronouns

See page 487.

Your Turn

COLLABORATE



- Identify different kinds of sentences.
- Identify singular and plural pronouns.
- Tell how revisions improved the writing.

Go Digital!

Write online in Writer's Workspace