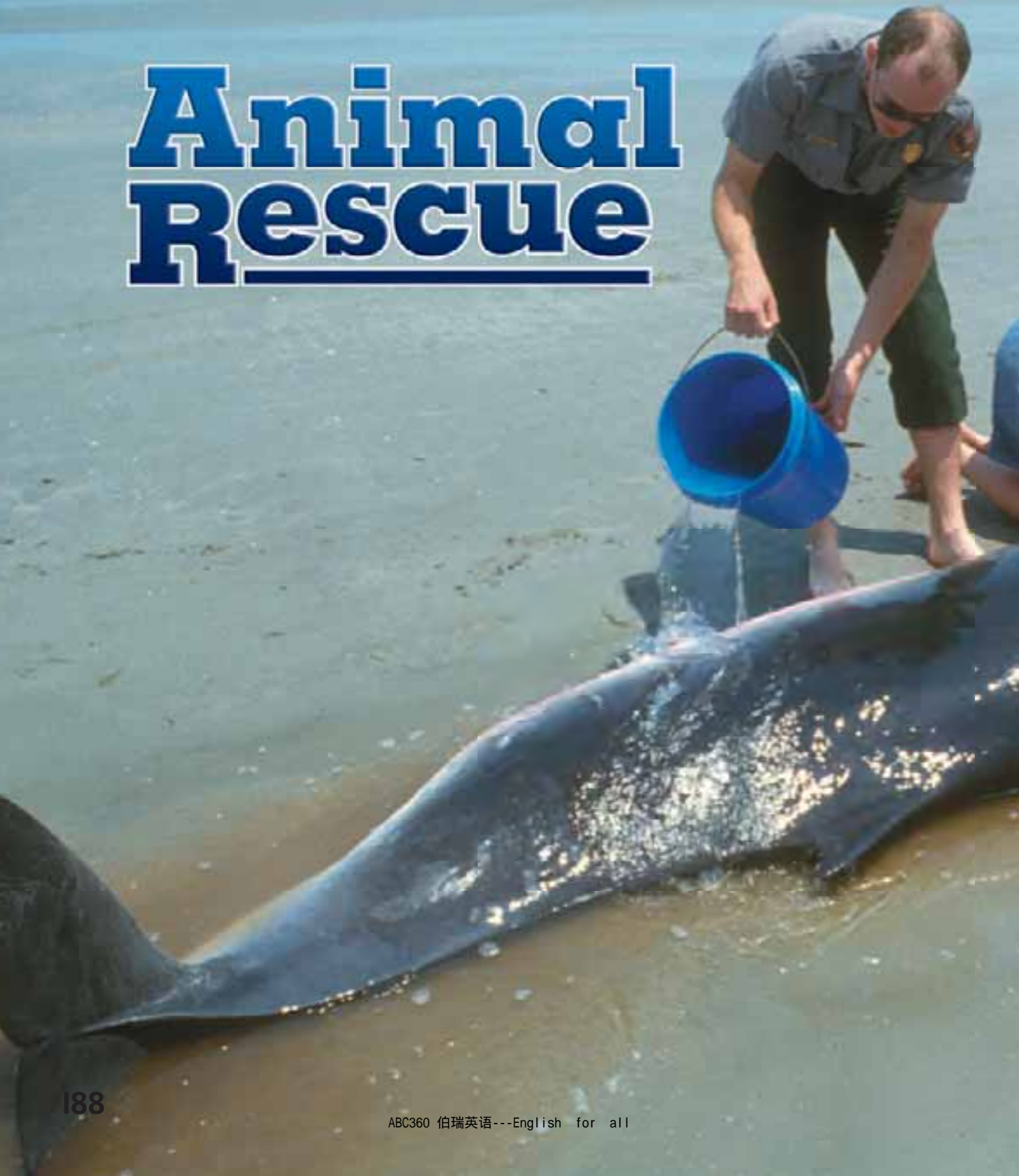


Animal Rescue





Talk About It

How do people help animals that are sick or injured?



Find out more about animal rescue at www.macmillanmh.com

Vocabulary

young
examines
mammal
normal
hunger
rescued



Context Clues

Antonyms are words that have opposite meanings.

Young and *old* are antonyms.

A WHALE IS SAVED!

by Elizabeth Baker

A **young** whale got stuck in Drew Harbor today. The whale was small and had been born recently. Some people saw the whale in trouble. They called the police.

Soon help was on the way. Jenny Litz arrived first. She is a scientist who **examines** whales.



Jenny looks at every part of an animal to see if it is healthy. A whale is a **mammal**. Mammals are warm-blooded animals that have hair and drink their mother's milk. Jenny checked the whale's heartbeat and breathing. She said the whale seemed **normal**. There were no signs of illness.

Next, Jenny checked to see if **hunger** was a problem. Going a long time without food can be dangerous for a whale. But this whale seemed healthy and well fed.

The helpers acted fast. They kept the animal wet. The tide slowly came in. The water got deeper. Soon the whale could swim again. At last, the whale was **rescued**! Its life was saved by Jenny and the other helpers.

Reread for Comprehension



Summarize Sequence

One way to summarize an article is to explain the sequence, or order, of the important events you read about. Reread the article and use the chart to understand what happens first, next, and last in the article.

