



Vocabulary

weekdays

apologize

cardboard

harmless

slithered

ambulance

genuine

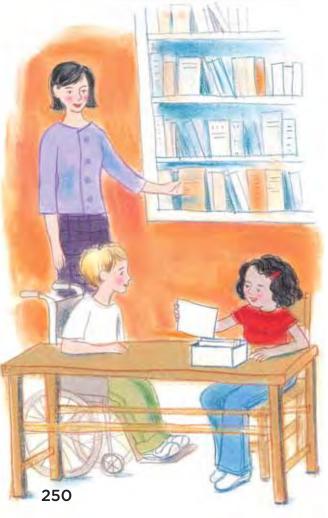


Word Parts

Base Words can help you figure out the meaning of a word.

harm = "hurt; injury"

harmless = "without hurt"



NAME THAT REPTILE

by Catherine Lutz

Narrator: Mark and Jean have been studying together weekdays after school for a big test on Friday. Jean takes a card from a cardboard box. The card has the name of a reptile on it. Now Mark will ask questions and try to name the reptile. Can you guess the answer before Mark?

Mark: Is it furry?

Jean: No. Remember, reptiles don't have fur.

Mark: That's right. Where does it live?

Jean: Mostly in the southwestern United States.

Mark: What does it eat?

Jean: It eats small birds, rabbits, mice, and

squirrels.

Mark: Is it a crocodile?

Jean: No. Crocodiles live near streams, and this

reptile lives where it's dry.

Mark: How big is it?

Jean: Some can be 7 feet long. Others are only

2 feet long.

Mark: It's probably not a turtle or a lizard. Is it

a snake?

Jean: Yes!

Vocabulary and Comprehension



Is it a crocodile?

Mark: Remember when my pet snake got loose and slithered across my mother's foot? I had to return it to the pet store.

Jean: What did the store say?

Mark: I think they were genuine when they offered to speak with my mom. I knew that wouldn't help, though.

Jean: Did you apologize to your mom and say you were sorry?

Mark: Of course, but she didn't

change her mind.

Jean: Okay, back to studying.

Mark: Does the snake crush its prey?

Jean: No.

Mark: So it's not a python. Is it

harmless?

Jean: No. It's dangerous. Its bite can

be fatal. If you get bitten, you'd

need an ambulance!

Mark: Yikes. Does it give a warning

before it attacks?

Jean: Its tail shakes and makes a

noise. Each time the snake sheds, its tail gets a new

segment in it.

Mark: I've got it! It's a rattlesnake!

Narrator: Did you guess the reptile before Mark did?



It's a rattlesnake!

Reread for Comprehension



Generate Questions

Make Inferences Generating questions as you read can help you make inferences. For example, ask yourself, "Why did the character just say that?" or "What are some clues to what might happen next?"

Reread the selection and make inferences. Write the clues in the Inferences Word Web.

