





Scan to review worksheet

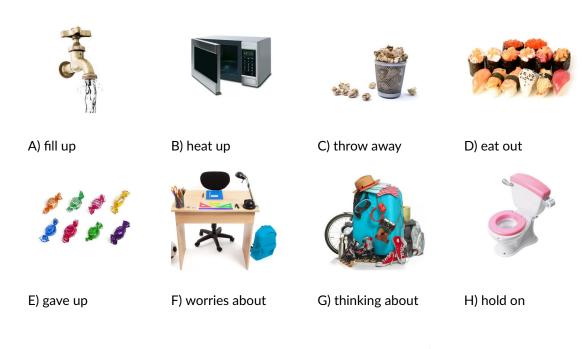
Expemo code: 15R7-V7J8-LQXV



1

Warm up

Read the mini dialogues 1-8. To find the missing words, match each one with a picture A-H.



- Happy birthday! Are you going to ______ tonight? / Yes, I'm going to that new Japanese restaurant with my family.
- 2. I'm so thirsty. Can I _____ my water bottle here? / Yes, that's fine. There's a tap at the back.
- 3. Would you like a sweet? / No, thanks. I _____ sugar. I never eat sweets now.
- 4. I have soup for lunch today. / Nice! Are you going to _____it____ in the microwave?





5.	Can we stop the car? I really n	eed the toilet! /	, we'll be there in a few minutes!
6.	You look so happy. What are y	ou? ,	/ My holiday tomorrow!
7.	I've finished my coffee. Where	can I	this paper cup? / There's a bin over there.
8.	My son often	school. He doesn't lik	e sports lessons. / I felt the same way when
	I was a child.		

There are lots of **verb + preposition** combinations in English. These are called **phrasal verbs**.

2

Reading

Read the text quickly and choose the best title:

A) How to stay healthy!	B) How to save money!	C) How to be happy!	
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Read the text again and add the missing prepositions.

Don't buy food or drinks when you're out of the house. Make coffee, s home and then take them to work. You can heat 1 your food if y college has a microwave.	
You should drink more water! Water is a healthy drink, but bottles of r expensive. Fill2 your water bottle at home and take it with you work or college.	
It's very expensive to eat 3 in restaurants. You should invite you house because it will be cheaper than going out to a restaurant. You can or watch a movie together.	·
Think carefully4 what you buy. When you see something that shouldn't buy it immediately. People often buy new things and then, la Could you wait 30 days before you buy something? If you still want to month, then it's a good idea.	ter, they feel bad.
Try to get a discount when you buy something. If you hold 5 unholiday like Christmas, the prices will be lower. Then buy everything you next holiday!	
If something is broken, you shouldn't throw it 6 and buy a new or repair it. There are lots of online videos that show you how to repair the	· ·
Give ⁷ your car. Petrol and parking are expensive. Use the bus, You could also use your bike or go on foot. It's cheaper and healthier at to worry ⁸ parking.	

Do you do any of these things? Do you want to start doing any of these things?







Language point

Study the sentences and answer the questions:

- You should drink more water!
- You should invite your friends to your house...
- When you see something that you like, you **shouldn't buy** it immediately.
- If something is broken, you **shouldn't throw** it **away** and buy a new one.

We use should and shouldn't to give people advice / explain rules and laws to people.

We use should + infinitive with to / infinitive without to.

Should has / doesn't have a silent letter which we write but don't pronounce.

Note: should takes the same form for every subject!

- You can eat, play games or watch a movie together.
- You can heat up your food if your office or college has a microwave.
- Could you wait 30 days before you buy something?
- You could also use your bike or go on foot.

We use can and could if we want to be more direct / less direct than should.

We use can and could + infinitive with to / infinitive without to.

Could has / doesn't have a silent letter which we write but don't pronounce.

Note: for giving advice, use only the positive forms of *can* and *could*. The negative forms have a different meaning.

- **Don't buy** snacks or drinks when you're out of the house.
- Make coffee, snacks or lunch at home and then take them to work.

We can also use these imperative structures if we want to be more direct / less direct than should.

We need / don't need a subject in these forms.

We use an auxiliary verb in the negative form only / in both the positive and negative forms.







Practice

Put these words in order to make sentences.

about / at work. / Don't / problems / worry / your /			
1			
chocolate. / He / give / really / should / up /			
2			
before / Hold / you buy / those / on / new trainers!			
3			
as it's / could / eat / her birthday. / out tonight, / She /			
4			
away / old clothes. / shouldn't / They / those / throw /			
5			
can / heat / in the kitchen. / up / You / your lunch /			
6			
before we / fill / leave the house. / up / You should / your water bottle /			
7			
about / at night. / scary movies / shouldn't / think / You			
8			

Which sentences are imperatives? Change these to should/shouldn't forms.







Speaking

Work in A/B pairs. Take turns to explain a problem to your partner. Listen to the problem and give advice. You should use the language in the boxes in your advice.

You can have one point for each item from the box that you use. Who will get the highest score?

should	shouldn't	can	could	positive imperatives	negative imperatives (don't)	throw away
fill up	heat up	give up	eat out	think about	hold on	worry about

Student A	
I spend 50 euros a week on coffee and drinks at work.	At home, I have lots of broken things in my closet and I have no room for my clothes.
I am worried about the cost of Christmas.	Your own idea?

Student B	
All my friends have lots of money and they want me to eat out at expensive restaurants with them. But I can't pay.	I have a car but it's very expensive to drive and difficult to park.
At home, I have so many clothes that I never wear. Why does this happen?	Your own idea?





Extra practice/homework

Match the problems and advice.

- 1. I spend too much money on coffee at work.
- 2. I spend too much money on clothes.
- 3. I want to save money at Christmas time.
- 4. I always break things at home and it costs a lot of money to repair them.
- 5. The cost of driving a car is very high in my country.
- 6. I love going out with my friends, but sometimes I worry about paying my rent.
- 7. I want to spend less money on mineral water.
- 8. I want to have healthy teeth.
- a. Could you give up sugar? You will save money on the dentist too.
- b. Don't buy new things immediately think carefully about what you buy for a few weeks.
- c. If you don't have a lot of money, you shouldn't eat out more than once a month.
- d. If you hold on until after the holiday, you can buy cheap things for next year.
- e. Make coffee at home and heat it up at work.
- f. You should fill up your own water bottle at home and take it with you when you go out.
- g. You should give up driving and use the bus or train.
- h. You shouldn't throw broken things away watch free videos to see how to repair them.

7 Optional extension

Read the text and underline the six verbs that go with the word money. Then match them with their meanings.

I don't earn very much money at my job but it's enough. When I receive my salary every month, I always save some money in a special account at the bank. This is for my holidays. Then I pay my rent and bills. I can spend the rest of the money on clothes and going out. When I was younger, I sometimes borrowed money from my parents. They said they were happy to lend me the money but I'm not going to ask them for help again. In the future, I want to get a job where I make more money.

- 1. Give money to another person for a little while:
- 2. Keep money to pay for something later:
- 3. Receive money from working (formal):





- 4. Receive money from working (informal):
- 5. Take money from another person and then return it to them later:
- 6. Use money to pay for something:



These two words are often confusing: borrow and lend.

Complete the sentences with one of these verbs:

- 1. The person on the left in the picture says: I can _____ you some money.
- 2. The person on the right in the picture says: Can I _____ some money?

